

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS BOULDER COUNTY AGENDA

Thursday, March 28, 2024, 9:00 a.m. Thursday, March 28, 2024, 1:30 p.m. Third Floor Hearing Room County Court House 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder

This agenda is subject to change. Please call ahead to confirm an item of interest (303-441-3500). In-person meetings are held in the Third Floor Hearing Room, County Courthouse, 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder. Public comments are taken at meetings designated as Public Hearings. Meetings and hearings on this agenda are open to the public.

For special assistance, contact our ADA Coordinator (303-441-3525) at least 72 hours in advance.

To view a two-week forecast agenda of the commissioners' schedule, visit the Commissioners' <u>Advance</u> <u>Agenda.</u>

All commissioners' public hearings and meetings will now be offered in a hybrid format where attendees can join through Zoom or in-person at the Boulder County Courthouse, 3rd Floor, 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder. To sign up for in-person public comment, please use the link in this agenda for each respective hearing. There will also be a kiosk located in the lobby of the 3rd Floor to sign up for in-person public comment. For questions regarding in-person hearings call 303-441-3500.

Pages

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. 9:00 a.m. Public Hearing
 - <u>Virtual Attendee Link</u>
 - Registration Required
 - Call-in information: 1-833-568-8864, Webinar ID: 161 111 0415
 - In-Person Comment Registration Form
 - 2.a East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan for Prairie Run Open Space The plan outlines the department's land management strategies for 1,377 acres

of public land that will be Prairie Run Open Space when open to the public. The plan embodies the department's multifaceted mission of conservation and public use that reflects the community's values. With respect to conservation and stewardship components, the plan includes the protection of wildlife habitat, the continuation of sustainable agriculture, and the restoration of wetlands and stream corridors associated with both Boulder and Coal Creeks. Addressing community requests for access and recreation, the department's plan proposes a variety of recreational opportunities while also respecting the important natural features of the site. The Parks & Open Space Advisory Committee unanimously recommended conditional approval to the Board of County Commissioner's at the December 14, 2023, meeting. As directed by the BOCC at the Jan. 25, 2024, hearing, staff took Commissioner Levy out to the site one more time before this hearing.

- Action Requested: Decision
- **Presenter(s):** Heidi Wagner (In Person)
- Location: Hybrid (Hearing Room and Zoom Webinar)

Opportunity for live virtual and in-person public comment will be available, and written comments can be submitted at <u>the project's written comment submission</u> <u>webpage</u>. Please Note: This hearing will address the entire East Boulder Creek management plan. More information is available at <u>the project's webpage</u>.

3. 1:30 p.m. Public Hearings

- <u>Virtual Attendee Link</u>
- Call-in information: 1-833-568-8864, Webinar ID: 160 169 0418
- Registration Required
- In-Person Comment Registration Form

3.a Community Planning & Permitting Department Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration

Limited Impact Special Review request for approximately 12,000 cubic yards of earthwork/grading related to ecological restoration of the Old St. Vrain Road Reach at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, and 0 and 31074 S St. Vrain Road. The application is submitted by The Watershed Center, c/o Yana Sorokin (applicant) and Biohabitats, c/o Mike Lighthiser (agent). The subject property is in the Agricultural (A) zoning district at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road, located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1 mile south and west of the intersection of State Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain Road, in Section 24 and 25, Township 3N, Range 71W, and Section 19, Township 3N, Range 70W.

• Action Requested: Decision

- **Presenter(s):** Pete L'Orange (In Person)
- Location: Hybrid (Hearing Room and Zoom Webinar)

Opportunity for live virtual and in-person public comment will be available, and written comments can be emailed to <u>the planners' email</u>. Information regarding how to participate will be available on <u>the docket webpage</u>.

3.b Community Planning & Permitting Department: City of Longmont - Boulder County Comprehensive Development Plan Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) Adoption of a comprehensive development plan intergovernmental agreement to plan for and regulate land uses, to minimize the negative impacts on the surrounding areas and protect the environment, and to cooperate and contract with each other for the purposes of planning and regulating the development of land by means of a "comprehensive development plan".

- Action Requested: Decision
- **Presenter(s):** Hannah Hippely
- Location: Hybrid (Hearing Room and Zoom Webinar)

Opportunity for live virtual and in-person public comment will be available, and written comments can be emailed to <u>the planners' email</u>. Information regarding how to participate will be available on <u>the docket webpage</u>.



Parks & Open Space

5201 St. Vrain Road • Longmont, CO 80503 303-678-6200 • POSinfo@bouldercounty.org www.BoulderCountyOpenSpace.org

BOCC PUBLIC HEARING

TO:	Board of County Commissioners
FROM:	Heidi Wagner, Resource Planning Manager
	Jeff Moline, Senior Planner
	Whitney May Taylor, Planner II
FOR:	BOCC Public Hearing, 9:30 a.m., Thursday, January 25, 2024
RE:	East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan
MEMO DATE:	1/22/2024

<u>Summary</u>

Boulder County Parks & Open Space (BCPOS) is excited to present the East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan for Prairie Run Open Space. Over the past 140 years, this site has been mined for gravel, overgrazed by previous owners, and the creek straightened for human use. Boulder County purchased the land and began restoring it over 25 years ago. BCPOS is now looking forward to enhancing this site for more wildlife, healthier creeks and wetlands, and a valuable place for our community to connect with nature. This plan outlines the department's land management strategies for the 1,377-acre site and proposes facilities to open the site to the public.

BCPOS conducted comprehensive public outreach with a focus on equity and tested new ways of obtaining public feedback as detailed below. The plan embodies the department's multifaceted mission of conservation and public use that reflects the community's values as manifested in the survey results.

The plan establishes that most of the site will restrict public use to on-trail activities only, aiming to protect crucial natural resources and agricultural uses on the property. The plan frequently references the southwest and northeast portions of the property due to its geography and boundaries.

In the northeast section, located north of Kenosha Road, the plan designates areas for environmental protection and restoration, continuation of agriculture, a loop trail, a trail accessing ponds with recreational potential, and restoring segments of Boulder Creek and Coal Creek. A proposed trailhead and parking lot off Kenosha Road will serve this area. The southwest portion is situated north of Jasper Road and primarily between US HWY 287 and 119th Street. With significant restoration along Boulder Creek already complete, this area will feature considerable areas for environmental and agricultural preservation.

A proposed trail through the site will provide almost 5 miles of scenic and accessible trails for the community, with connections to Erie's open space and trails to the east. Potential trail connections to the south include the Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT) and Erie open space south of Jasper Road.

Since the release of the draft EBC Site Management Plan in October 2023, we've received over

1500 survey responses from the public. POSAC, the Town of Erie, and staff have also commented on the plan. BCPOS listened and incorporated public feedback to reach this final plan.

To clarify decision-making and respond to public comment, staff provided to POSAC at its December meeting an in-depth trail analysis with wildlife considerations that the planning team used to ensure the least impact on wildlife from public infrastructure. Through careful planning, 76% of riparian areas are preserved from trails, and raptor buffers and critical wildlife habitat are also preserved. Additionally, staff provided a comprehensive trailhead analysis for nine different locations considered before proposing the two locations in the plan.

During its December 14, 2023, meeting, POSAC unanimously recommended approval to the Board of County Commissioners, contingent on staff preparing an additional analysis of other trailhead options proposed by neighbors of the proposed 109th Street trailhead.

In response to POSAC's direction, staff conducted further analysis on four additional trailhead locations and surveyed 357 neighbors within 1500 ft of the EBC boundary. With this thorough analyses, the 109th Street location proposed in the plan is the most appropriate location due to multiple factors including impact to the surrounding area, safety of visitors and neighbors, neighbor feedback, and cost. However, to respond to concerned neighbors, staff made modifications to the plan modifying the trailhead size and ensuring appropriate access road modifications if warranted.

Staff is requesting BOCC approval of the plan. The department anticipates that design and permitting work for implementing the plan will begin this year, with the goal of opening the southwest portion of the site to the public in 2025 to coincide the 50th Anniversary of Boulder County Parks & Open Space.

East Boulder Creek Overview

East Boulder Creek is a 1,377-acre site is composed of five properties that contain a dozen ponds and five miles of perennial stream along Boulder and Coal Creeks. The department purchased or acquired most of the properties (Alexander Dawson, Bailey-Kenosha Ponds, Doniphan, Wheeler Ranch, and Wise) in the late 1990s and has been managing them since, although Wise is owned jointly with the Town of Erie and Wheeler Ranch was acquired in 2017. The site is in East-Central Boulder County and shares a border with Weld County at East County Line Road. The area is also bounded by State Highway 52 on the north, US 287 generally on the west, and Jasper and Kenosha Roads on the south. The site includes a number of Boulder County Comprehensive Plan designations including a proposed county trail corridor, riparian habitat connectors, wetland occurrences, critical wildlife habitat, a zone for restoring Preble's Meadow Jumping Mice, and a portion of the East County Environmental Conservation Area.

The site presents many opportunities to expand conservation and for our community to gather with family, friend and groups and experience nature. This portion of the Boulder Valley has been an important part of the region for its streamside riparian habitats, irrigated farmlands, open water bodies, scenic vistas, and agricultural community. Due to its relatively level topography and position on the western Great Plains, this site offers expansive views of the Front Range and Indian Peaks. However, the area is not without constraints; it has been and remains a source of oil and gas operations and, coupled with aggregate mining, these extractive industries have left an impact of disturbed topsoil and weedy uplands. An additional challenge is the current lack of adequate water for pond augmentation along with Clean Water Act impairment ratings for the streams.

Since acquiring the properties, the county has been working to restore the area. The department started by developing the Lower Boulder Creek and Coal Creek Open Space Master Plan which was approved in 1998. Efforts to implement that plan began shortly thereafter with the development of a reclamation plan for the county's Kenosha gravel pit that ceased production in 2005. The department successfully met the state's reclamation standards in 2019 and continues to monitor and revegetate areas of the site. Due to the extent of past aggregate mining, the site continues to provide ongoing opportunities for restoration. In another example of restoration following the 1998 plan, the county partnered with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to fully restore a one-mile segment of the Boulder Creek floodplain east of US 287 before the 2013 flood. Following the flood, the partners were able to fund and complete the project, broadening the channel to build resilience into the landscape and offer a larger riparian habitat footprint. A more recent example of restoration includes a partnership with the Mile High Flood District and the City of Boulder to design a resilient repair and replacement of the Howell Ditch diversion on the Doniphan property, scheduled to start construction in 2024.

Site Management Planning Process and Equity Considerations

The East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan process kicked off in November of 2022. Prior to starting EBC, the department had not completed a planning process to open a new property in over a decade. As such, EBC presented an opportunity to leverage the objectives in the Examining Outdoor Recreation Barriers, Amenity Preferences, and Communication and Outreach Needs of the Latino/Hispanic Community in and around the Denver Metro Region, Colorado, 2020 Cultural Responsiveness & Inclusion Strategic Plan (CRISP), feedback from Five Year Visitor Study, 2021, feedback from Use Preferences And Visitor Experiences Of People With Disabilities On Parks & Open Space 2020, and the Latino and Hispanic Perceptions of Open Space in Boulder County study.

Two primary ways staff attempted to increase equity were through the public outreach and in the proposed management actions.

To generate new ideas for more equitable public outreach, the planning team collaborated internally with Education & Outreach, Rangers, and the Public Information and Engagement team to craft outreach and communication based on the CRISP objectives of 1) Understand the Latinx community, 2) Develop Partnerships, 3) Targeted Communications to Specific Latinx audiences, 4) Transcreate messages; 5) Gather Latinx community feedback.

This collaboration and focus resulted in the following notable changes in outreach from past processes including:

- 1. Translating all planning materials into Spanish, including the project website, surveys, flyers, postcards, press releases, videos, and the draft planning product.
- 2. Sending customized emails from staff to equity-focused community groups.

Claire Levy County Commissioner

- 3. Conducting one of two community open houses on EBC in Spanish language first, with English translation available.
- 4. Attempting to enhance the appeal of participating in the Spanish language Open House through a raffle, offering free tacos, and hosting children's activities.
- 5. Employing an alternative method of survey collection, including a physical voting dot board and recording in-person feedback.
- 6. The Bilingual Partnerships Specialist initiated discussions with specific equity-focused community groups, invited their participation, and recorded their feedback from visualization exercises (Longmont Youth Center) and verbally. Specific outreach was made to Thorne Nature Experience, Centro Amistad, I Have a Dream Foundation, and Environment for the Americas.

While staff feel positive about the overall public involvement, the department continues to acknowledge the need for improving outreach and engagement with the Spanish-speaking community. However, staff attempted to incorporate the feedback received, as well as that from prior surveys and research, to formulate management actions that could lead to EBC being an open space providing an equitable experience for all.

Specifically, the draft plan includes management actions that facilitate opportunities for those who identify as Latinx, individuals with disabilities, the elderly, and children. The site will feature approximately 1 mile of accessible trail, granting access to a restored portion of East Boulder Creek. Individuals with mobility limitations will be able to reach the water's edge for fishing or enjoying the flowing water. A designated accessible fishing pier will be situated next to the stacked ponds, conveniently located a short distance from the Kenosha (northeast) trailhead and ADA parking. This trailhead will also leverage the availability of a water tap, piloting drinking water to visitors—a consistent top-five request in BCPOS visitor surveys. A large shelter house, accompanied by a nature play area, will be strategically placed near East Boulder Creek, offering opportunities for large gatherings and unstructured play, and key request of the Latinx community.

The southwest trailhead on 109th Street will provide nearby access to an RTD route and a potential future connection to BERT. Recognizing parking as a top-three consideration for those with disabilities when visiting a site, the southwest trailhead will offer an additional opportunity for ADA parking, granting individuals with mobility limitations access to the previously restored Lower Boulder Creek. Shade and resting spots will be dispersed throughout the site at various locations along the trail. EBC presents an opportunity to offer a diverse range of options for everyone to enjoy while still prioritizing and safeguarding conservation values.

Before the kick-off of EBC, BCPOS established an internal committee with a focus on creating a Land Commitment that prioritizes the inclusion of Indigenous and Native peoples' perspectives in land management. This committee has educated Parks staff on lessons learned throughout this process, and its influence is evident in the EBC plan in two primary ways: 1) If Native and Indigenous communities express interest, the department will collaborate with them to develop approaches for narrating the history and co-creating stewardship, use for cultural activities, and interpretive opportunities for the site; and 2) Upon opening, EBC will be named Prairie Run Open Space, an acknowledgment that honors the natural features of the site and deviates from

the tradition of naming an open space after the last landowner. Additional details can be found in Appendix 1.

Outreach Methods

To raise awareness of the planning process and encourage public participation, the department implemented various outreach strategies, including:

- 1. Conducted two community surveys.
- 2. Created two YouTube videos.
- 3. Shared multiple social media posts, issued several press releases, displayed fliers on kiosks, placed fliers at community locations (Longmont Youth Center, Carniceria Cerrito in Longmont, Longmont Packing #, Erie Community Center, and the Erie Public Library), and published two ads (digital and paper).
- 4. Volunteers staffed informational tables at trailheads and 31 attended a "behind the scenes" hike.
- 5. Staffed informational tables at two community festivals and three Longmont Farmer's Markets.
- 6. Town of Erie partners promoted the survey and open house through their email and social media channels.
- 7. Sent approximately 200 customized emails to community groups and personally contacted the school district.
- 8. Hosted two community open houses on EBC and served tacos.
- 9. Sent four different mailings to neighbors within 1500 feet of the EBC property boundary. This is the standard buffer distance for BCPOS notifications and Boulder County land use applications which uses the County Assessor's office information to identify the landowner of record and their mailing address. Number of mailings will vary depending on the time the data was pulled from the Assessor.
 - a. 328 postcards mailed in January 2023.
 - b. 371 postcards mailed on May 25 and 19 trailhead kiosks had flyers posted regarding the second project survey.
 - c. 371 postcards mailed on June 15 regarding the new site visit dates.
 - d. 364 postcards mailed on October 23 regarding the final project survey and release of the draft plan.

As noted above, all outreach was conducted in English and Spanish.

Parks also invited more people to visit the site as the plan was developing. This initiative had the public, volunteers, POSAC, and elected officials out on the property. All those who attended a site visit provided widespread positive feedback. The department is committed to ensuring that both staff and the public continue to meet on the site as much as possible, prioritizing the landscape itself in discussions and deliberations about its management.

Lastly, additional outreach was conducted by the department in response to the concerns of the neighbors of the 109th St trailhead and is described in the section below "Neighbor Feedback Regarding the Location of the Proposed 109th St Trailhead and Parks Response."

Community Survey 1 & 2 Results, and Parks Response

Community engagement for this plan was robust. The website had 4,916 views, 60 views of the Spanish page. Video 1 had 1,400 views and Video 2 had 953 views. Respondents for the surveys totaled 1,041 for Phase I and 446 for Phase II surveys. In-person outreach netted a total of 187 attendees for both on-site open houses and 1097 contacts at markets and events.

The first survey focused on determining the public's priorities for conservation and visitor experiences, ideas for site names, and any other feedback respondents wanted to provide. Survey participants said their top conservation values for the site were conserving wildlife habitat, protecting land from development, preserving ponds and flowing water, and protecting native trees, wildflowers, and grasses. Most survey participants said the top visitor experiences they'd seek out are the opportunity for exercise, finding respite and quiet reflection, and easy access to water.

After using the results of Survey #1 to inform preliminary development of management priorities, the department released Survey #2 to gather public feedback on these priorities. Survey participants indicated a high level of support for closing certain areas to protect critical wildlife habitat and agricultural operations. Sixty (60) % of respondents strongly agreed with the potential closures. When asked about outdoor experiences, the desired recreational activities identified by respondents included hiking, appreciating wildlife, walking, biking, and water activities. Several open-ended responses were also submitted and analyzed by staff.

In the plan, an \bigstar symbol next to the management actions show where public input shaped the plan and reflected the voice of the community. For further information, see Appendix 1, Community Engagement Reports.

East Boulder Creek Management Actions and Plan Product

The plan embodies the department's multifaceted mission of conservation and public use that reflects the community's values. With respect to conservation and stewardship, the plan includes protecting wildlife habitat, promoting sustainable agriculture, and restoring wetlands and portions of the Boulder and Coal Creeks' stream corridors. The planning team intentionally discarded several trail iterations that were adjacent to Boulder Creek to preserve the riparian corridor and reduce the stress on wildlife that depend on that ecosystem. There are roughly 5.5 miles of creek within EBC; approximately 1.2 miles of trail is proposed within 200 feet of a creek, keeping 76% of the creeks preserved.

Addressing community requests for access and recreation, the department's plan proposes a variety of recreational opportunities while also respecting the important natural features of the site. The public facilities will include water access, an accessible trail to Boulder Creek, two trailheads with restrooms and parking lots, and over five miles of trails that will connect to the existing network in Erie including the Coal Creek Regional Trail. Facilitating connectivity to neighborhoods and the future BERT was also a high priority of the planning team, and the proposed alignment reflects staff's attempt to provide access while prioritizing wildlife, habitat, and agricultural preservation. The Town of Erie Parks and Recreation Department supports the plan and will collaborate with the department to finalize these critical trail connections, integrating EBC into the regional trail network. See Appendix 1 for more information.

To increase accessibility and readability of the planning document, the department organized the plan to contain high interest content presented through images, maps, and pictures. It highlights the baseline conditions of the site, the vision for the future, and the management actions needed to reach those goals. The plan has several appendices, one of which contains all of the background information available for the site including its current conditions and the status of resources. Another appendix holds the summaries and data of the two online surveys.

Public Comments on Draft Plan and Parks Response

During October, the department posted the draft plan on the EBC website and asked people to take a final survey which focused on the document itself. The survey received 229 total responses and it included questions using both a satisfaction scale as well as an open-ended format. Additionally, the department received letters from stakeholder groups and emails from residents with feedback. This feedback echoed earlier major themes. The online survey results showed that over half the respondents felt the plan reflected their open space values (54% agreed or strongly agreed). People that agreed with the plan stated their enthusiasm for the site to be open, thought it provided an appropriate balance of wildlife protection and recreation, and supported the trails and trail connections. Of the respondents that disagreed or strongly disagreed (31%) the major reasons were the perceived lack of wildlife protections, the impact of trails on wildlife, a preference that the property remain closed to the public, and concerns about the location of the trailhead on N. 109th Street. Fifteen % of respondents were neutral.

The plan document itself scored high in terms of its clarity for management actions (72% agreed or strongly agreed, while only 11% disagreed or strongly disagreed and 17% were neutral). Of those that agreed, most expressed that actions were well written and understandable. Of those that disagreed, the majority of the open-ended responses objected to the plan content itself (reflecting the disagreements above) rather than how the management actions were explained.

Lastly, respondents felt the look of the plan was effective (62% agreed or strongly agreed and 27% were neutral). Only 11% disagreed or strongly disagreed. Supporters thought the new document layout was effective, easy to read, and appreciated the use of pictures and graphics. Those that disagreed found some parts of the layout redundant or confusing, or restated their opposition to certain management actions.

Overall, the results show a mixed but overall supportive response for the plan itself, better support for the clarity of the management actions, and a positive reaction for the new look of the plan document.

Support

In addition to the major themes described above, staff heard many other voices in support of the plan. People appreciated that the plan is going to allow them to visit this publicly owned site and its beautiful features and views. They are excited that the trail alignments course through the properties and provide connections to Erie's system. In particular, some mentioned that they will appreciate visiting the area safely via trails instead of driving, walking, or biking on roads to reach it. They liked that trails will be along streams in places as well and that open water will be accessible and that the area will preserve the environmental features. There were respondents

who supported the plan because it balanced the variety of values and others who like the opportunity for exercise and chances to be outdoors for mental and physical wellness. People also liked that the plan supported agricultural producers.

Do Not Support

Respondents to public comment and at the October and November 2023 POSAC meetings detailed three primary areas of concern that warranted detailed discussion and explanation: 1) the trailhead location on N. 109th Street; 2) non-motorized use of the stacked ponds; 3) the trail north of Kenosha Wetlands (Critical Wildlife Habitat #65); and 4) BCPOS approach to addressing aquatic nuisance species.

In response to public comment and POSAC questions, staff made numerous updates and clarifications to the plan. See Appendix 2 for changes that were made in response.

Additionally, staff provided analysis to POSAC regarding the trail alignment and wildlife considerations and the nine options originally considered for trailhead locations (two of which were proposed in the plan: Kenosha Rd and 109th Street). See Appendix 3 for this information and analysis.

<u>Neighbor Feedback Regarding the Location of the Proposed 109th Street Trailhead and</u> <u>Parks Response</u>

Neighbors provided extensive comment on the East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan after it was posted on the web in October regarding the location of the 109th Street trailhead. Residents worry that the trailhead will add traffic to their public street and compromise their sense of community and safety. Additionally, residents feel the parking lot will bring added visitor and visual impacts to the neighborhood. Input from emails and POSAC testimony have questioned the siting of the trailhead and parking lot and suggested alternatives. POSAC echoed those concerns and requested at its November 2023 meeting that staff provide an explanation of the analysis performed for recommending the current proposal.

In response, staff hosted a December site visit for all those interested in the southwest trailhead location. Approximately 41 people attended and gave both verbal and written comment regarding the location. Attendees were given the opportunity to walk a portion of the site and observe the proposed location of the 109th Street trailhead. Neighbors had requested staff collaboration in determining the trailhead location, prompting staff to ask attendees to mark suggested locations with dots. In addition to the 109th Street location, attendees identified four additional locations they considered appropriate.

At the December 14, 2023, POSAC meeting, staff presented the results of the trailhead site visit along with the original analysis conducted to identify the trailhead locations proposed in the plan. Satisfied with the additional analysis and the results of the trailhead site visit, POSAC unanimously recommended approval of the plan to the BOCC with the following condition:

Staff will research the alternative locations suggested by attendees at the 12/13/2023 Neighborhood meeting for the 109th St. Trailhead. Staff will present the results of that analysis at the BOCC hearing on 1/25/2024. The locations are:

• Wise Alfalfa Field

- Wise Open Space (Town of Erie)
- Off Hwy 287 (FEMA 100-year floodplain)
- West side of 119th St

See Appendix 3 and 4.

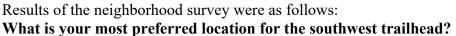
Recognizing that a shift in the proposed trailhead location in the plan could raise concerns among other neighbors in the EBC area, staff initiated an additional survey of the neighbors. Staff priority-mailed 357 surveys to households within 1500 feet of EBC. Each survey included a unique code for every household to respond, starting on January 8, 2024. Households had the flexibility to modify their answers using their unique code until the survey concluded at 11:59 p.m. on January 21, 2024. The survey was promoted through a press release, updates to the EBC project page, real estate signs positioned around the perimeter of the property, and the placement of a variable message board along eastbound Jasper Road off HWY 287. The survey generated 105 responses, representing approximately 30% of neighbors.

Additionally, staff hosted an open house regarding the alternative locations for the southwest trailhead on January 18, 2024, at the Town of Erie Community Center. Approximately 60 people attended to ask questions about the trailhead options and learn more about the plan. Staff was available to help neighbors with the survey and non-neighbors were encouraged to email their comments to the email address given in the notice for the BOCC January 25, 2025, hearing for the plan.

Neighbor Survey Questions and Results

The survey detailed basic information regarding the southwest trailhead options as suggested by the attendees of the December 13, 2023, site visit, provided a map, and asked two questions: 1) What is you preferred location for the southwest EBC trailhead? 2) What is your least preferred location for the southwest EBC trailhead? For those wanting the detailed analysis of the alternative locations staff posted the information on the EBC project page on January 18, 2024, and provided copies to attendees of the open house. See Appendix 5.

Results





Claire Levy County Commissioner

Marta Loachamin County Commissioner

Ashley Stolzmann County Commissioner



What is your least preferred location for the southwest trailhead?

Additional Trailhead Analysis

The broader neighbors' engagement revealed that no matter where you site a trailhead, there will be neighbors opposed to it. Cost, safety, and accessibility are all values the community respects. The additional southwest trailhead analysis and neighbor survey results confirmed that the proposed 109th Street location is the most appropriate. See Appendix 6. The 109th Street location is:

- 1) Safest for visitors.
- 2) Safest for the surrounding neighborhood and traffic management.
- 3) Best for those with disabilities and mobility limitations to access the site.
- 4) Accessible to RTD and the future BERT.
- 5) The most cost-effective (\$276K).
- 6) Requires the least infrastructure.
- 7) Low impact on agriculture.

However, due to the many concerns expressed by neighbors, staff is proposing alternations to the trailhead as originally proposed in the draft plan by limiting the size to 30 cars, 2 ADA spaces, and 2 trailer spaces (see Staff Modification) which will reduce the 164 Average Daily Traffic (ADT) projected at the 50 car build out to approximately 115 ADT.

Although the three other alternative locations share some positive aspects, the associated negatives diminish their feasibility. For instance, the location off HWY 287 would require major road construction costing approximately \$1.6 million to address major safety concerns and would still place visitors next to a major highway. It is also unknown if CDOT would permit another egress cut on the highway in this area. The Wise Alfalfa field location, due to its highwater table and soils, could cost between \$767K-857K or \$1.84M – 1.94M (increased cost if the Town of Erie requires road widening) and would require the Town of Erie to support changing the conservation easement they hold designating the area as a historically important agricultural area that prohibits construction of a trailhead. In response, the Town of Erie has stated "*The Town of Erie is not in support of a recent conceptual parking lot proposal that has the lot placed immediately north of Jasper Road near the Wise Museum. This parcel maintains a shared conservation easement between the Town of Erie and Boulder County and is currently zoned as Agricultural/Open Space. The Town of Erie does not support amending this conservation*

easement or altering the zoning." (See Appendix 7) Lastly, the West side of 119th Street location would affect more residents than the other locations and cost 744K-794K or \$1.81M-1.86M (increased cost if the Town of Erie requires road widening).

Finally, the Town of Erie's Wise Homestead Open Space on the south side of Jasper Road was not subject to the same analysis as the other locations. Because BCPOS does not own the property, it was inappropriate to incorporate the location into the neighbor survey, and staff did not have access to the same level of property information. Nevertheless, to fulfil the POSAC condition, staff engaged with the Town of Erie to discuss the feasibility of siting the trailhead on their property. They state they are not ready to plan for Wise Homestead until BERT is developed and do not support sitting a trailhead there at this time.

Although staff analysis supports that 109th Street is the most appropriate and safest location for the trailhead (for visitors and the neighborhood), some neighbors of this area still expressed extreme concern for their safety and that of their children at the January 18, 2024, Open House when using 109th Street as pedestrians or equestrians. Staff conducted additional research in response to neighbor insistence that the intersection of Jasper Road and 109th Street is unsafe with a history of crashes. In the past 22 years, there have been 5 crashes in the area. According to Public Works, they find no significance in the crash history that indicates that the intersection is unsafe. See Appendix 6. However, since the trailhead, even at a reduced size, will increase traffic on 109th Street compared to current volumes, staff made additional modifications to the plan in response.

Staff Modifications to Plan

Due to POSAC and public feedback, staff has modified the plan since the December POSAC meeting (PG 35, Provide Visitor Amenities) with the following:

- Limiting the maximum size of the 109th Street (southwest) trailhead to 30 parking spots 2 ADA parking spots, and 2 trailer spaces. If staff wishes to increase parking capacity in the future, an amendment to the management plan will be required.
- Added language to the plan that commits Parks to improving access road conditions if needed, stated as follows "Parks will improve access road conditions, including potential signs or other modifications if warranted based on an in-depth traffic study."

Conclusion

BCPOS has appreciated the involvement of partners, stakeholders, and the community in the process of creating the site management plan and hopes that the document reflects the mission of the department and input from the community. In an effort to hear and co-create the EBC plan with the community, the department conducted three rounds of public feedback and provided multiple opportunities for the public to visit EBC and share their ideas. Upon hearing the concerns of the neighbors, staff offered two additional opportunities for engagement and conducted extensive additional analysis to explore all other options for the southwest trailhead location. Additionally, staff made changes to the plan based on comments received during the draft release and has clarified reasoning and justification for complex management actions that are not universally supported by community members. BCPOS believes the plan reflects a balance of values expressed by the community, and the proposed management actions in the plan successfully meet each goal in the department's mission.

BOCC Action Requested

Staff recommends approval of the East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan for Prairie Run Open Space.

<u>Appendix</u>

Attachments and Links

- 1. (Link) <u>EBC Project Page</u>: This page includes links to the draft East Boulder Creek Management Plan, the Appendix of Baseline Conditions, Community Survey 1, and Community Survey 2.
- 2. (Link) <u>November 16, 2023, POSAC Memo and Attachment</u>: This memo details the results of public feedback to the draft plan, themes identified, and Parks changes and/or response.
- 3. (Link) <u>December 14, 2023 POSAC Staff Memo and Attachment</u>: This memo and attachment details the trail alignment and wildlife considerations that was analyzed by staff to craft the trail alignment proposed in the plan; and the analysis of the nine original trailhead locations considered for the entire site (2 were selected, Kenosha Road and 109th Street).
- 4. (Attachment) December 14, 2023, DRAFT POSAC Meeting Minutes
- 5. (Attachment) January Neighbor Survey for southwest trailhead options and results.
- 6. (Attachment) Southwest Trailhead Analysis (POSAC condition of approval to the BOCC)
- 7. (Attachment) Town of Erie's Letter of Position on the East Boulder Creek plan.



MEETING OF THE PARKS & OPEN SPACE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

Regular Meeting Minutes

December 14, 2023, 6:30 p.m. Third Floor Hearing Room County Court House 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder

Members Present:	Janet George
	Tony Lewis
	Trace Baker
	Paula Fitzgerald
	Drew Adams
	Jackson Moller
	Kristine Johnson
	Derek Turner
	Carol Byerly

1. <u>Call to Order</u>

2. <u>Roll Call</u>

3. Public Comment Period for Items Not on Agenda

Erin Meschke, Boulder. She pooled her time with others. She spoke about what she sees as problems with the proposed draft Integrated Weed Management Plan, including herbicide assessment protocol, and the continuation of aerial spraying. She does not trust the pesticide safety ratings, and she would like to see a different approach that has the county stepping away from using chemicals.

Michael Moss, Unincorporated Boulder County. He stated the the county's farmers are faced with multiple challenges, including a lack of affordable housing and a limited workforce.

Christel Markevich, Unincorporated Boulder County. She spoke against using chemicals to control cheatgrass.

Mike Smith, Red Fox Hills subdivision. He stated that the area around Red Fox Hills hasn't been mowed, even though a grass fire burned there in 2022. There is also a large pile of stacked hay bales on a neighboring agriculture property that he believes is a fire risk. He would like to have a 50-ft buffer around his neighborhood.

Nick Jancewicz, Red Fox Hills subdivision. He would like a 50-ft buffer around his neighborhood to reduce the fire risk. He stated that hay bales can pose a fire hazard by spontaneous combustion.

Alex Markevich, Unincorporated Boulder County. He stated that chemical use of weed control doesn't belong on county open space land. He would like to see a new county plan and a new team working on weed control.

Staff Response: Stefan Reinold, Resource Management Division Manager, addressed the comments related to mowing the Red Fox Hills subdivision to say that on Nov. 9 Joe Swanson's crew mowed the area that could be mowed. Mowing is limited when the grass is wet, which was the case earlier this year. The department has a map that identifies high fire risk areas that mowing crews use. The County's Agricultural Resources staff are working with the tenant farmer to find a solution to the stacked bales.

4. POSAC Members Comment Period for Items Not on Agenda

Kristine Johnson spoke about the Integrated Weed Management Plan that was presented on Dec. 5. She thinks the plan is too narrow and lacks creativity. She would like to see a more collaborative process. She would also like to hear more ideas from those who oppose using chemicals to control weeds.

Tony Lewis agreed with Michael Moss regarding a lack of affordable housing for farm workers which is related to a lack of affordable housing. He would like Boulder County to think about ways to provide more housing for small production farm workers.

5. <u>Presentations</u>

5.1 2023 Real Estate Division Annual Report

Staff Presenter: Janis Whisman, Real Estate Division Manager

Action Requested: Information Only

5.2 East Boulder Creek Site (Prairie Run) Management Plan

No additional public comments will be taken for this item.

Staff Presenters: Whitney May Taylor and Jeff Moline, Resource Planners and Heidi Wagner, Resource Planning Division Manager

Action Requested: Recommendation to BOCC

POSAC questions and deliberation begins at 2:02 of the video.

Q: What is the timeline for new research options?

Staff Response: POSAC may move the plan ahead at tonight's meeting. On Jan. 25, the BOCC will decide the final location for the trailhead based on staff's preferred recommendation. The commissioners may also approve additional funding as needed. Staff would amend the plan according to the BOCC's decision.

Q: Can staff address the concerns voiced about allowing dog access?

Response: Our compliance rates for dogs on leash have improved over the last few years, and we will do our best to enforce. One reason we decided to allow dogs is because of the close proximity of neighbors and their requests to be allowed to walk their dogs in that area. If we find it's not working we can change the dog policy on this property.

Q: Is there a formal process and timeline for revising the plan?

Staff Response: Normally we revisit the plan when there is a new situation or we have new information. We did that with the Walker Ranch management plan. Adaptive management is something we can do without a formal process, by making a change to our Rules & Regulations, such as removing dog access on a property.

Q: Has there ever been a time when dog access was taken away?

Staff Response: I can't remember a time when we have completely taken away dog access, but we can make those changes internally if we see a need.

Tony Lewis moved to recommend approval the East Boulder Creek Management Plan with the following conditions:

Staff will research the alternative locations suggested by attendees at the 12/13/2023 Neighborhood meeting for the 109th St. Trailhead. Staff will present the results of that analysis at the BOCC hearing on 1/25/2024.

Derek seconded the motion. The motion was carried unanimously.

6. <u>Director's Update</u>

The POSAC Retreat is scheduled for Sat., Feb. 24. For the agenda, staff will look into adding Tony's suggestion of a discussion to look into adding housing for agricultural workers. There is still time for POSAC members to send in additional topic suggestions.

7. <u>Adjournment</u>

9:04



East Boulder Creek Site *Prairie Run Open Space* Western Trailhead Location Survey

Neighbors are invited to provide feedback about the location for the western trailhead of the proposed East Boulder Creek (EBC) Site / Prairie Run Open Space. The deadline to take the survey is Sunday, Jan. 21, at 11:59 p.m.

If you have already taken your survey, you can make edits to your responses at any time prior to the deadline.

Unique Code

Each household within 1,500 feet of the EBC site was mailed a unique code that must be entered below to take the survey. Only one survey can be submitted per household. If you live outside the 1,500 foot boundary, you are not eligible to take the survey. View the <u>EBC site boundary map</u>.

If you did not receive a letter and live within 1,500 feet of the area, please email Whitney May Taylor at <u>wmay@bouldercounty.gov</u> to obtain your survey code.

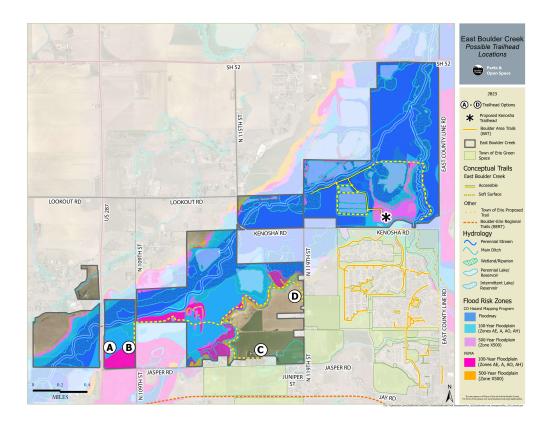
Open House

More information was provided at an information-only open house on Jan. 18. Please see the <u>Open House Handout</u>.

Feedback Requested

Boulder County Parks & Open Space is actively seeking your insights on the western trailhead. After the Parks & Open Space Advisory Committee recommended approval with conditions for the <u>EBC Site Management</u> <u>Plan</u> to the Board of County Commissioners, staff is currently evaluating three additional locations for the western trailhead, designated as A through D in the map. The proposed location in the plan was Location B.

Each of these trailhead alternatives are located on lands majority-owned by Boulder County. Attendees of the most recent public site visit Page 20 of 156 requested an alternative on a nearby Town of Erie open space property. This location is not included in this survey. However, staff is working with the Town of Erie to understand the feasibility of this location and will report the results at the upcoming Board of County Commissioners public hearing.



Trailhead Details

The trailhead will include an initial parking lot for 25 cars, ADA parking, horse trailer parking, a restroom, and a kiosk. If needed, the plan allows for the potential to expand to a 50-car parking lot maximum capacity with an approximate 300 feet x 600 feet footprint. The expected average daily trips are estimated around 164 if constructed to the maximum capacity. The trailhead is unpaved, will include cameras for parking and safety, an automatic gate that closes after park hours, and no lighting.

Preliminary information about each individual trailhead alternative is below. Staff provided additional information at the Jan. 18 open house. Please see the <u>Open House Handout</u> for further analysis.

Location A: US Highway 287 Location

Location B: 109th Street Location (originally proposed Trailhead Access: Location A would be accessed from the east side of US Highway 287. Due to high traffic speeds and volumes on this road, a trailhead in this location will require major road construction (including road widening to construct a north/south deceleration lane) and extensive coordination and permitting through Colorado Department of Transportation.

Visitor Safety: Visitor safety due to high traffic speeds could be an issue with a trailhead located next to Highway 287.

Access Road Conditions:

Highway 287 has a 60 mph speed limit and the highest traffic volume of roads in this area at approximately 27,000 average daily trips. The road surfacing is asphalt.

Cost and Permitting:

Selecting this location will necessitate extensive permitting and major road construction, significantly increasing the project costs and extending the project timeline by a minimum of 1-2 years.

location in EBC Site Management Plan)

Trailhead Access: Location B would be accessed from the west side of 109th Street. Alterations (widening, paving) would not be required.

Visitor Safety: Due to lowspeed limit, this location would facilitate safe access to the trail system and is away from major highways and collector streets.

Access Road Conditions:

109th Street is a gravel road, has a speed limit of 30 mph and the lowest traffic volume of roads in the area at 90-110 average daily trips.

Trailhead Connectivity: This location facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT).

Floodplain Considerations:

Construction would likely impact the 100-year floodplain and result in additional permitting needs.

Wildlife Considerations:

This location does not fall within any raptor nest buffers or sensitive wildlife habitats.

Other Considerations: There are three residential

Trailhead Connectivity: This location facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT).

Floodplain Considerations:

Construction would likely impact the 100-year floodplain and result in additional permitting needs.

Wildlife Considerations:

This location falls within a raptor nest buffer and could potentially require consultation with U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.

Other Considerations: This location has the fewest immediate residential properties adjacent. Access to the existing oil and gas facility must be maintained.

Location C: Near Jasper Road and the Wise Homestead Museum

Trailhead Access: Location C would be accessed from the north side of Jasper Rd. Widening the road for a turn lane could be required.

Access Road Conditions:

Jasper Road is a paved and has a 35 mph speed limit.

properties located across the street from this location. If selected, the trailhead will be sited as carefully as possible to minimize impacts to the neighbors' direct viewsheds.

Location D: N 119th Street

Trailhead Access: Location D would be accessed from the west side of 119th Street, roughly 3/4 mile north of Jasper Road. This location is approximately 1 mile away from the proposed Kenosha Trailhead that serves the northeast section of the property. Widening the road **Ownership:** Staff is currently researching the joint ownership and conservation easements of this property with the Town of Erie.

Floodplain Considerations:

This location is out of the 100-year and 500-year floodplains. Soil conditions vary widely throughout this site, including some areas of wet conditions (high water table) that will increase construction costs.

Trailhead Connectivity: This location facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT).

Agriculture Considerations:

This location would significantly impact the highest-producing alfalfa field in Boulder County. Due to the unique nature of the irrigation and water rights in this area, the ability to continue farming is being researched.

Other Considerations: This location is adjacent to the backyards of two residential properties and the Wise Homestead Museum (owned by the Erie Historical Society). for a turn lane could be required.

Trailhead Connectivity: This location does not facilitate access to the Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT).

Access Road Conditions:

119th Street is an asphalt road with a speed limit of 40 mph and a traffic volume of 1,720 average daily trips.

Floodplain Considerations:

This location is out of the 100-year and 500-year floodplains.

Other Considerations: This location is immediately adjacent to one residential property and across the street from six residential properties.

Take the Survey

Use your unique survey code to take the survey.

Unique Code

XXXXX

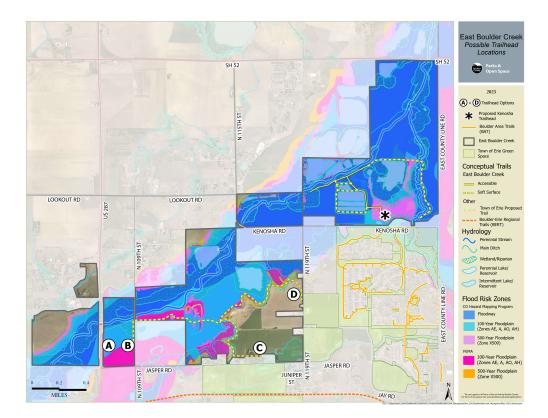
Take The Survey

Your privacy is important to us. Survey results will be anonymized and aggregated to prevent the identification of individual households.



East Boulder Creek Site *Prairie Run Open Space* Trailhead Location Survey

<u>← Back</u>



What is your **preferred** trailhead location?

- 🔾 A US 287
- 🔘 B N 109th St
- C Jasper Rd / Wise Homestead Museum
- 🔘 D N 119th St

What is your least preferred trailhead location?

- 🔵 A US 287
- 🔘 B N 109th St
- \bigcirc C Jasper Rd / Wise Homestead Museum
- 🔘 D N 119th St

Submit

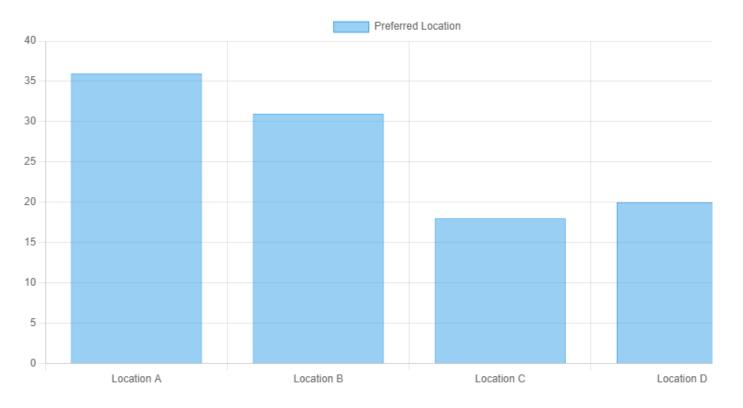
Your privacy is important to us. Survey results will be anonymized and aggregated to prevent the identification of individual households.



East Boulder Creek Site *Prairie Run Open Space* Trailhead Location Survey RESULTS

Preferred Location (n = 105)

- A: 36 (34.3%)
- B: 31 (29.5%)
- C: 18 (17.1%)
- D: 20 (19%)



Least Preferred Location (n = 105)

- A: 31 (29.5%)
- B: 29 (27.6%)
- C: 17 (16.2%)
- D: 28 (26.7%)



Appendix 6: Southwest Trailhead Analysis (POSAC condition of approval to the BOCC)					
	Location A: US Highway 287	 not be required. Jasper Rd. was requested by members of the public as an alternative access route. If selected, utilities will need to be relocated and a ditch crossing must be constructed, increasing permitting/approval time and 		 Location C: Near Jasper Road and the Wise Homestead Museum Location C would require an elevated access road (approx. 650 linear feet in length) heading north from Jasper Rd. This road would need to be designed around the existing oil and gas infrastructure, above the sub-irrigated agricultural field, and require elevation due to the high water table. Widening the road for a turn lane could be required per Town of Erie Public Works. 	Location D: N 119th Street
Trailhead Access	 Accessed from east side of US Hwy 287. High traffic speeds and volumes on Hwy 287 will require major road construction to accommodate a trailhead. Construction includes widening to construct a north/south deceleration lane. Extensive coordination and permitting will be necessary through CDOT. 				 Accessed from the west side of 119th Street, roughly 3/4 mile north of Jasper Road. Widening the road for a turn lane could be required per Town of Erie Public Works
Public Access Road Conditions	 Highway 287: 60-mph speed limit ~27,000 average annual daily trips² (highest traffic volume of roads in this area) Asphalt road surfacing 	 Access off 109th St: 30-mph speed limit ~90-110 average annual daily trips² (lowest traffic volume of roads in the area) Gravel road Low history of crashes⁵ 	 Access off Jasper Rd: 50-mph speed limit ~1,700 average annual daily trips² Asphalt road surfacing 	 Jasper Road: 35-mph speed limit Average annual daily trips is unknown Asphalt road surfacing 	 119th Street: 40-mph speed limit Average annual daily trips is unknown Asphalt road surfacing
Visitor & Neighborhood Safety	 Proximity to Hwy 287 makes ranger patrols quick and easy to fit into their daily schedules. Unlikely location for unwelcome activity due to visibility from Hwy 287. Rangers and visitors will have clear views of the trailhead from the road. High traffic speeds on Hwy 287 could risk visitor safety. This potential trailhead has not been considered in the US 287 	Proximity to Hwy 287 makes ranger		 Trailhead location is set back behind the Wise Homestead Museum and does not allow observation of the trailhead from the roadway. Rangers and visitors could potentially not have a clear view of trailhead from the road. Speed limit of 35 mph Reduced potential for conflict associated with active oil & gas 	 Rangers and visitors will have clear views of the trailhead from the road. Adjacent homes are very close to the proposed parking area. Location provides a trailhead far from significant daily travel routes. Patrols of the area maybe reduced/limited by rangers due to location. Reduced potential for conflict associated with active oil & gas wells

	Location A: US Highway 287		3: 109th Street ocation in Plan)	Location C: Near Jasper Road and the Wise Homestead <u>Museum</u> wells on the property (no wells are adjacent)	adjacent)
Cost, Permitting,	travels along Hwy 287.	 system and is away from major highways and collector streets. Reduced potential for conflict associated with the active oil and gas wells nearer to US Hwy 287. 			
& Maintenance ⁴	 Permitting required with CDOT, FEMA, CPP, and State of CO. This location will necessitate extensive permitting and major road construction, significantly increasing the project costs and extending the project timeline by a minimum of 1-4 years. Approx. Cost: \$1.6M Maintenance: \$\$\$\$ 	 Access off 109th St: Permitting required through CPP, PW, and State of CO. Permitting timeframe: 12-18 months Approx. Cost: \$279K Maintenance: \$ 	 Access off Jasper Rd: Permitting required through CPP, PW, State of CO, and possibly FEMA. Ditch company review/ approval of ditch crossing Permits/ approvals of utility relocations Permitting 	 Permitting required through CPP, State of CO, and Town of Erie Public Works Permitting timeframe: 12-18 months Approx. Cost: \$767K-857K or \$1.84M-1.94M (increased cost if Town of Erie requires road widening) Maintenance: \$\$ 	 Permitting required through CPP, State of CO, and Town of Erie Public Works Permitting timeframe: 12-18 months Approx. Cost: \$ \$744K-794K or \$1.81M-1.86M (increased cost if Town of Erie requires road widening) Maintenance: \$\$
Trailhead Connectivity	 Facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT) and future trails designated in the US 287 Vision Zero Safety & Mobility Study³. Transit Connections: Existing bus stop at Jasper and Hwy 287 on south side of the road. 	 Facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT)and future trails designated in the US 287 Vision Zero Safety & Mobility Study³ Transit Connections: Existing bus stop at Jasper and Hwy 287 on south side of the road. 		 Facilitates a future connection to the planned Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT). Transit Connections: Nearest bus stop is approx. 1 mile away at Jasper and Hwy 287. 	 This location does not facilitate acces to the Boulder to Erie Regional Trail (BERT). Transit Connections: Nearest bus stop is approx. 2 miles away at Jasper and Hwy 287.
Floodplain Considerations	• Construction of the trailhead would likely impact the 100-	• Construction would likely impact the 100-year floodplain and result in additional permitting rease. 31 of 1		 Not within 100-year and 500- year floodplains. 	 Not within 100-year and 500-year floodplains.

Location A: US Highway 287		Location B: 109th Street (Proposed Location in Plan)	Location C: Near Jasper Road and the Wise Homestead Museum	Location D: N 119th Street	
	 year floodplain and result in additional permitting needs. Deceleration lane could affect the floodway, which would require additional permitting and costs (estimated in Cost, Permitting & Maintenance row above) 		 Soil conditions vary widely throughout this site, including some areas of wet conditions (high water table) that will increase construction and maintenance costs. Trailhead would need to be elevated off ground levels to mitigate for high ground water and surrounding flood irrigation. 	 Located within irrigated agricultural land, requiring elevation of the trailhead and access road. 	
Wildlife Considerations	• Located within a raptor nest buffer and could potentially require consultation with U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.	 Does not fall within any raptor nest buffers or sensitive wildlife habitats. 	Does not fall within any raptor nest buffers or sensitive wildlife habitats.	Does not fall within any raptor nest buffers or sensitive wildlife habitats.	
Agriculture Considerations	Impacts to agriculture operations are limited as the trailhead and trail are along the perimeter of the pasture	 Impacts to agriculture operations are limited as the trailhead and trail are along the perimeter of the pasture. 	 Considered an agriculturally historic agricultural important area. This location would significantly impact the highest-producing alfalfa field in Boulder County. Agricultural tenant has concerns about vandalism and trespassing on their operations. The current method of flood irrigation would need to be changed to a pump system. Approx. cost \$250K-350K (included in totals above). 	 Located in the middle of irrigated agricultural land, requiring elevation of the trailhead and access road. Irrigation of the field would need to be changed to a pump system. Approx. cost: \$250K-300K (included in totals above). 	
Neighbor Proximity	 This location does not have immediate residential properties adjacent. 	 Three residential properties located across the street from this location. If selected, the trailhead will be sited as carefully as possible to minimize impacts to the neighbors' direct viewsheds. 	 Adjacent to the backyards of two residential properties and the Wise Homestead Museum (owned by the Erie Historical Society). 	 Immediately adjacent to one residential property and across the street from six residential properties Due to the density of the homes across the street, it would be more challenging to locate the lot out of neighbors direct viewsheds. 	
Ownership	Boulder County Parks & Open Space	Boulder County Parks & Open Space Page 32 of 1	Boulder County Parks & Open Space and Town of Erie • Town of Erie would have to 56 support a modification to the	Boulder County Parks & Open Space	

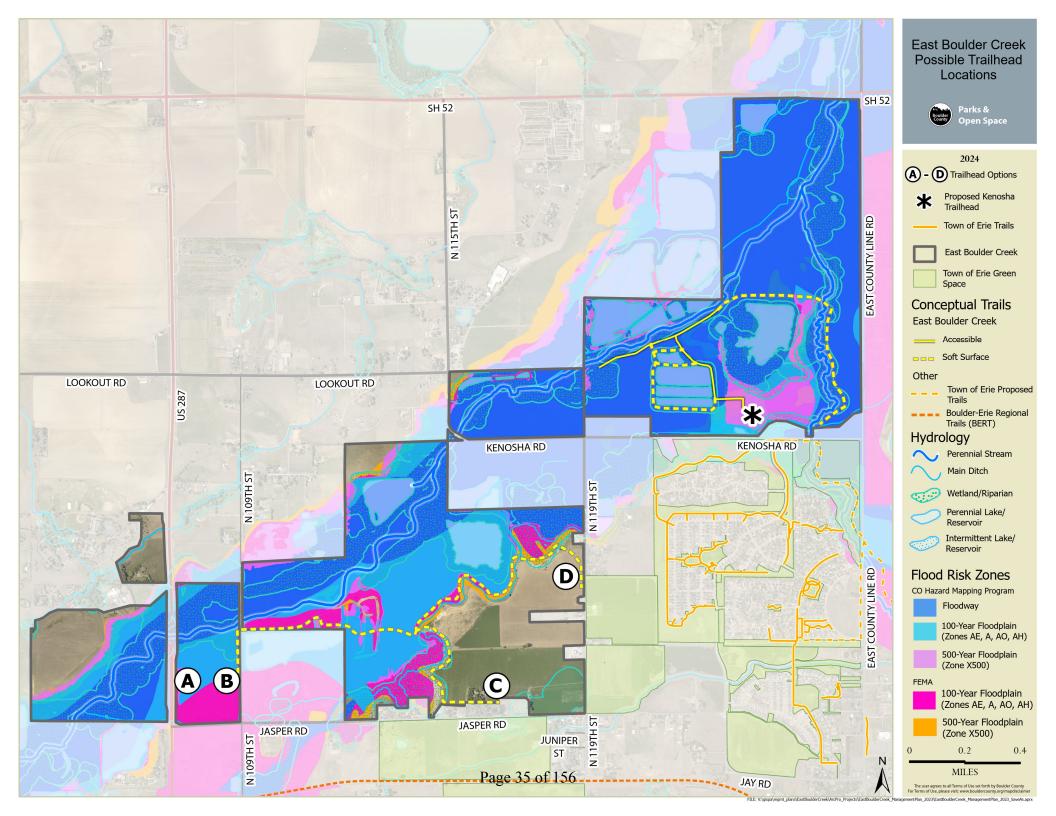
Appendix 6: Southwest Trailhead Analysis (POSAC condition of approval to the BOCC)

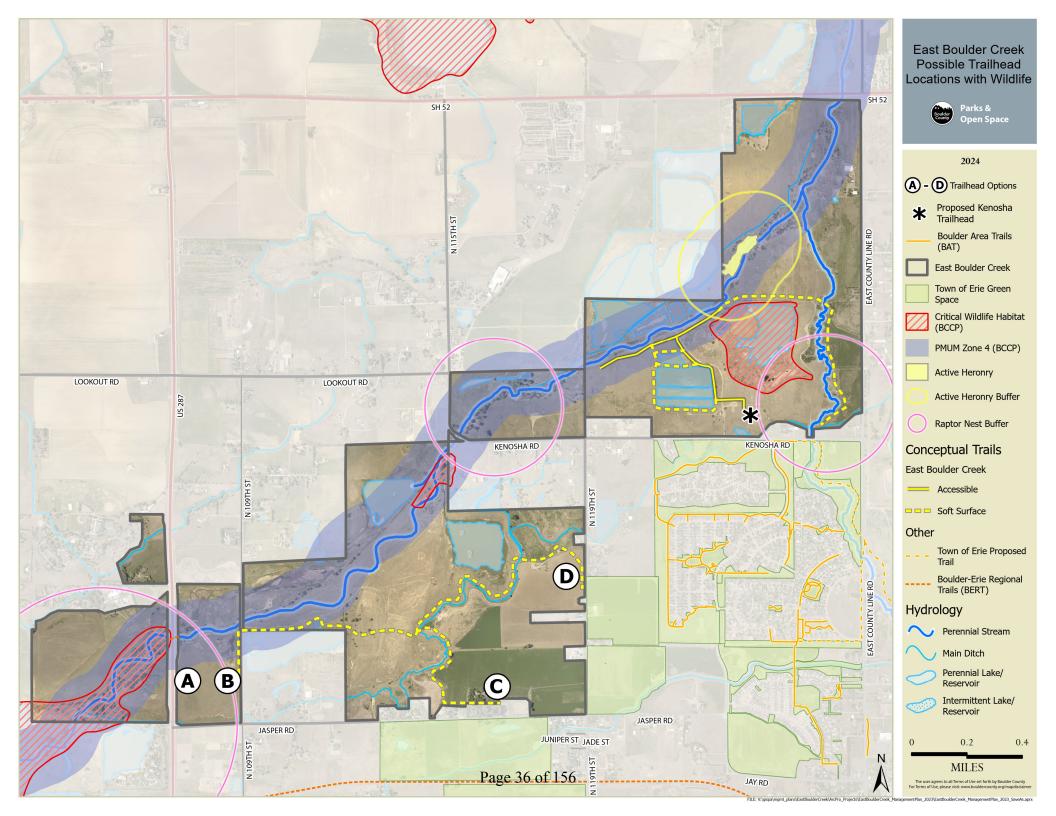
		Museum	Location D: N 119th Street
		conservation easement and the join Wise Open Space Management plan (2007) on this property to allow for the trailhead.	
 Access to the existing oil and gas facility must be maintained. Off-street parking would not be available in cases of parking reaching full capacity or the parking area being closed. Location offers a trail experience to members of the community that may not travel off of significant/familiar roadways. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. 	 Provides a western termination point to the EBC site and proposed trails. Without a trailhead here, people would likely park along the sides of the road on 109th St. As a public road, street parking cannot be prohibited. 109th Street provides ample, safe offroad parking should the parking area reach capacity or should the parking area be closed. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. 	 Comp plan designation: Open Space/Agricultural Preservation & Urban Buffer is referenced in the conservation easement (CE) held by Erie and prohibits the development of a trailhead (see above). Location provides a scenic and remote-feeling trailhead experience that can be enjoyable for visitors. Jasper Rd is narrow and does not provide off-street parking for trailhead closures and overflow parking with capacity is reached. Proximity to the Wise homestead museum would likely mean that BCPOS rangers become defacto security for property where they do not have jurisdiction. 	 Approx. 1 mile away from the proposed Kenosha Rd. trailhead that serves the northeast section of the property. This would result in two trailhead with extensive infrastructure in relatively close proximity, which is not a best practice of BCPOS. Near an existing, active oil and gas road; use of this road for trailhead purposes is unknown. It's possible we'll need to build our own entry and trailhead access road, creating two parallel roads. Proposed trails heading directly west of this location would dead end on th west side of 109th St., resulting in public on street parking at 109th. As a public road, street parking cannot be prohibited. 119th Street is narrow and does not provide off street parking for trailhead closures and overflow parking when capacity is reached.
vn of Erie to understand the feasibili y Traffic counts acquired from Bould ty.maps.arcgis.com/apps/Compare/i	ty of this location and will report the resuler County's Vehicle Traffic Counts online ndex.html?appid=820cc2109948489285e	Its at the upcoming Board of County (mapping service: <u>d45a95b925af6</u>	Commissioners public hearing.
	 gas facility must be maintained. Off-street parking would not be available in cases of parking reaching full capacity or the parking area being closed. Location offers a trail experience to members of the community that may not travel off of significant/familiar roadways. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. 	 gas facility must be maintained. Off-street parking would not be available in cases of parking reaching full capacity or the parking area being closed. Location offers a trail experience to members of the community that may not travel off of significant/familiar roadways. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provides subler county. Provides subler county. Provides subler county. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder county. Provides subler county. Provides subler county. Provides a location of First responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provides subler county. 	 Access to the existing oil and gas facility must be maintained. Off-street parking would not be available in cases of parking reaching full capacity or the parking area being closed. Location offers a trail experience to members of the comunity that may not travel off of significant/familiar roadways. Provides a location for first responders to complete paperwork that provides quick and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provides a location specific and safe access to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provides a location for first responders to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provides a location for first responders to calls along Hwy 287 and east Boulder County. Provimation the table community to the Wise homestead museum would likely mean that BCPOS rangers become defacto security for property where

109th & Jasper Rd Crash History since 2002 (22 years)

- 3/3/2002 PDO (Property Damage Only); north of intersection; icy conditions; single vehicle run off road
- 7/18/2004 Injury; daytime, clear; 2 vehicles broadside at intersection
- 2/8/2011 PDO; west of intersection snowy, non-intersection; single vehicle run off road
- 5/4/2017 Injury; west of intersection; daytime, clear; 2 vehicles, sideswipe at driveway
- 11/13/2017 PDO; east of intersection, single vehicle







Appendix 7: Town of Erie Letter of Position



Parks and Recreation

January 19, 2024

Records Team Boulder County Commissioners' Office 1325 Pearl Street Boulder, CO 80302

To the Board of County Commissioners,

I am writing to express the Town of Erie's continued support for the East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan. The Town of Erie and the members of our Open Space & Trails Advisory Board (OSTAB) deeply appreciate the collaborative effort with the Boulder County Parks & Open Space staff over the past year as these plans have taken shape.

Specifically, the Town of Erie and the members of the OSTAB support:

- 1. The development of recreational uses and trail opportunities north of Kenosha Road and west of County Line Road.
- 2. The development of soft-surface trails within Boulder County between North 109th Street and North 119th with future trail connection to the Town of Erie's trail network east of North 119th Street.
- 3. The future development of a southern trail spur connecting the proposed Boulder County trail network to the future Town of Erie trail network planned for Wise Open Space and further connection to the Boulder to Erie Regional Trail.

The Town of Erie is not in support of a recent conceptual parking lot proposal that has the lot placed immediately north of Jasper Road near the Wise Museum. This parcel maintains a shared conservation easement between the Town of Erie and Boulder County and is currently zoned as Agricultural/Open Space. The Town of Erie does not support amending this conservation easement or altering the zoning.

The East Boulder Creek Site Management Plan remains an opportunity to create a benefit for generations to come. Thank you for your attention to this matter, and please do not hesitate to reach out should you require any further information or clarification on our position with this project.

Sincerely,

Patrick Hammer Director of Parks and Recreation **Town of Erie**

OSTAB Members:
Ken Martin, Chair
Phil Brink
Christine Felz

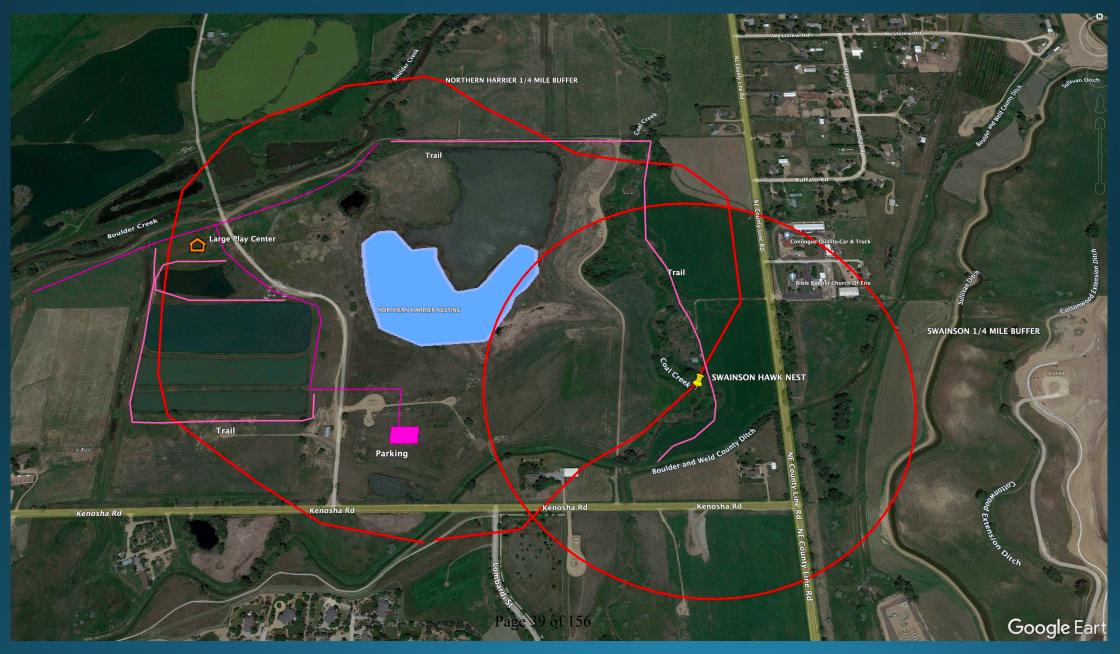
Tim Payne Joe Swanson Dave Tazik

645 Holbrook • P.O. Box 750 • Erie, Colorado 80516 • Phone 303-926-2700 • Website www.erieco.gov

Goal 2-Environmental Element Boulder County Comp Plan (ER 1.01)

Boulder County shall Sustain & Protect our Natural resources. As defined in the Comp Plan, those natural resources include native species, <u>species of special concern</u>, wetlands, rare plants, and Critical Wildlife Habitat.

Eastern Portion of EBC Area



Boulder Creek Bald Eagle Territory-4.5km2



EBC Theoretical Bald Eagle Territory-4.5km2



Female Territorial Bald Eagle—Territorial Presence Dawn to Dusk 26 days—75% Presence (350 hours)

Page 40 of 156

Boulder Creek Bald Eagle Territory-4.5km2 <u>Resource Rich Territory</u>

<u>Resource Limited</u> Bald Eagle Territory- Territory-4.5km2

Female Territorial Bald Eagle— Territorial Presence Dawn to Dusk 26 days—75% Presence (350 hours)

Female Territorial Bald Eagle— Territorial Presence Dawn to Dusk 26 days—23% Presence (350 hours) First of all I want to say Thank You to all the POSAC people who have worked so very hard, and provided so much information on the EBC trail system. We realize that it's not easy to go into a historical neighborhood where the neighbors have chosen to live there because they are adjacent to Open Space, that they feel will never be developed. However I realize this open space is public land that has every right, to be shared with the the public. We have dreamed of this land going through restoration, as it certainly needs it. And are thrilled that this is one of the goals of creating this trail system. But a parking lot in any of the locations mentioned would be a serious detriment to neighbors enjoyment of their own land. I would very much like to see Erie convinced that now is the time to put the parking lot on Jasper where many, including adjacent neighbors, have suggested. Erie would already have a parking lot in place when it was time to connect to BERT.

Also while there is much talk about where the parking lot should go Mike & I don't want it to go unnoticed that if the last portion of the trail heading east and ending on 119th remains on the north of the silo as proposed, then instead of us enjoying the very reason we bought this as our forever home we would now be waking up to people with a view of us. As our bedroom and bathroom would be in full view from the trail. We understand this is public land, and Boulder County can do what they want, but it would serve the public much better because of the way the land is used by lessee and the fact that there is irrigation overflow in this area, and the land slopes downhill which would make a trail north of the silo a very, wet, high maintenance, and more expensive project, without offering any more enjoyment to the trail users than moving this small section of the trail south a little bit. We would ask that the respect to the neighbors that POSAC has shown would take this matter in hand.

Tana Matzuk hadto leave. So is forstting her time. Thank You for this opportunit.



Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 • Tel: 303.441.3930 • Fax: 303.441.4856 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 • www.bouldercounty.gov

BOULDER COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS PUBLIC HEARING

March 28, 2024 at 1:30 p.m.

Boulder County Courthouse, 3rd Floor, 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder Virtual and in-person

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

STAFF PLANNER: Pete L'Orange, Planner II

DATE ISSUED: March 21, 2024

Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration

Request:	Limited Impact Special Review request for approximately 12,000 cubic yards of
-	earthwork/grading related to ecological restoration of the Old St. Vrain Road Reach
	at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, and 0 and 31074 S St. Vrain Road.
Location:	530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road,
	located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1 mile south and west of the
	intersection of State Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain Road, in Section 24 and 25,
	Township 3N, Range 71W, and Section 19, Township 3N, Range 70W.
Zoning:	Agricultural (A) Zoning District
Applicant:	The Watershed Center, c/o Yana Sorokin
Applicant:	Biohabitats, c/o Mike Lighthiser

PACKET CONTENTS

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SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATION

The applicant requests Limited Impact Special Use review for earthwork and grading in excess of 500 cubic yards related to the removal of excessive floodplain deposition that occurred during the 2013 flood, providing multiple elevational zones to support various riparian communities, and to create additional complexity for improved habitat. Limited Impact Special Use Review is required because the proposed non-foundational earthwork exceeds 500 cubic yards, and this earthwork is analyzed pursuant to the Special Use Standards outlined in Boulder County Land Use Code (Code) Art. 4-601.

With the recommended conditions, staff finds the proposal can meet the Limited Impact Special Review Criteria in Article 4-601 of the Boulder County Land Use Code (the Code) and recommends conditional approval of docket <u>LU-22-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration</u>.

DISCUSSION

The Old St. Vrain Road Reach area is located along South St. Vrain Creek, roughly between State Highway 7 (S. St. Vrain Drive) and Old St. Vrain Road, southwest of the Town of Lyons. The proposed work is located on four parcels, in two general locations: the up-stream area at 0 Old St. Vrain Road (parcels 120125000011 and 120124000005) and 31074 S St. Vrain Road (parcel 120125000010); and the down-stream area at 530 Old St. Vrain Road (see Figures 1 through 3 below). The project areas are generally accessed from either State Highway 7 (for work on the north side of South St. Vrain Creek) or Old St. Vrain Road (for work on the south side of South St. Vrain Creek). The subject parcels are mostly open space, with residential development on 31074 S St. Vrain Road (in the US area).

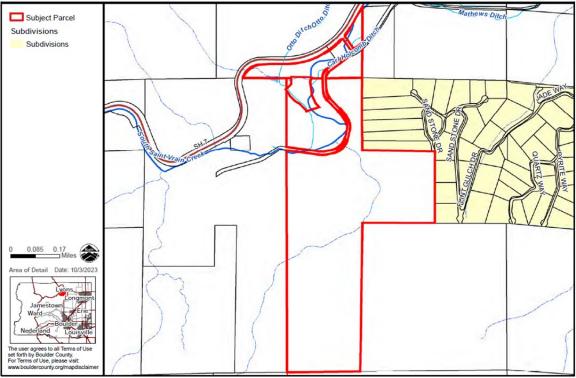


Figure 1. Location map, with US parcels indicated in red.

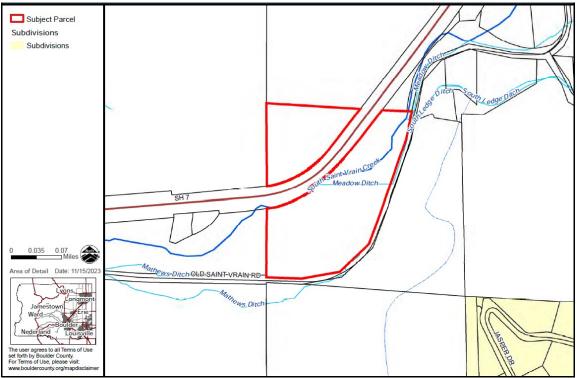


Figure 2. Location map, with DS parcel indicated in red.

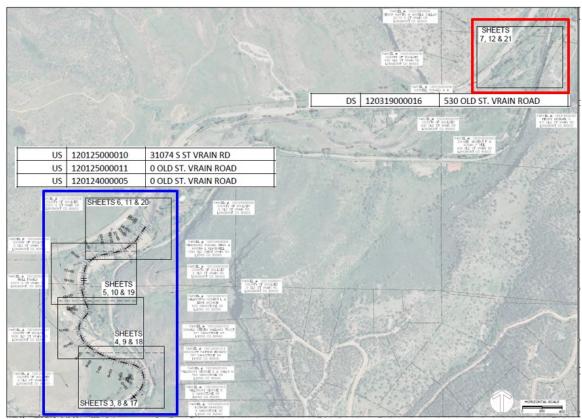


Figure 3. Project map, with US area indicated in blue and DS area indicated in red.

The work proposed for the up-stream area includes the removal of excess accumulated sediment from the 2013 flood down to elevations that promote channel connectivity and natural floodplain processes. Per the application materials, "the material to be excavated is a mixture of sand, gravel,

and cobble material and has a relatively sparse vegetative cover. It will be cut down to create a riparian floodplain that integrates with existing lower vegetated areas and creates additional low areas that allow for varying hydrologic regimes and habitat types." Once the materials are removed, simple wooden structures will be installed to help slow flows that overtop the channel bank; additionally, log jams will be placed in several locations along the edge of the creek to help promote interaction between the creek and floodplain and creation of additional pool habitat in the creek.

The proposed work in the down-stream area will include grading around an existing outflow channel to promote any flows above bankfull, so that the area will be better able to handle any flooding which may occur. This will allow for more frequent interaction of the channel and floodplain, as well as natural processes such as deposition, infiltration, and support of a riparian plant community. Finally, random boulders, sourced from the project area, will be placed in the channel to facilitate increased habitat complexity that is lacking in this reach, as well as additional channel roughness.

The Boulder County Comprehensive Plan (see Figures 4 and 5 below) identifies a several resources within the project area, including:

- Archaeologically Sensitive Areas and Travel Routes
- Critical Wildlife Habitats
- Environmental Conservation Areas
- High Biodiversity Areas
- Natural Landmark/Natural Area (Red Hill)
- Riparian Areas
- Riparian Habitat Connectors
- Rare Plant Areas
- Significant Agricultural Areas
- Significant Natural Communities
- Wetlands

Potential impacts to these identified resources are addressed under Criteria 3 and 4 below.

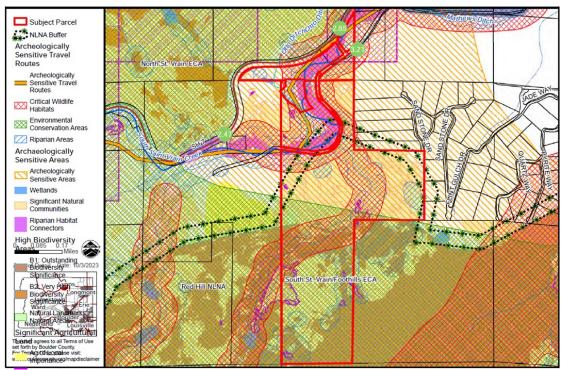


Figure 4. Comprehensive Plan map for US area.

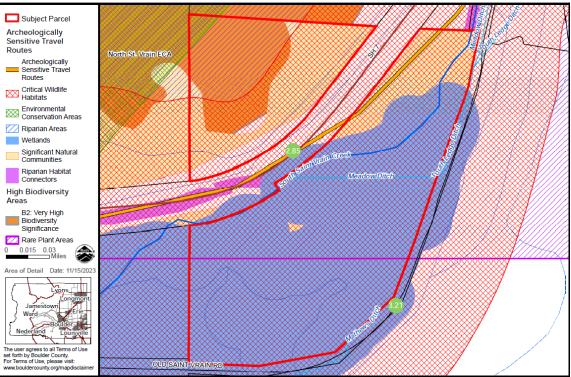


Figure 5. Comprehensive Plan map for DS area.

Additionally, there are identified Zone 1 and Zone 3 Preble's Mountain Jumping Mouse management areas along the South St. Vrain Creek within the project areas (see Figure 6 below)

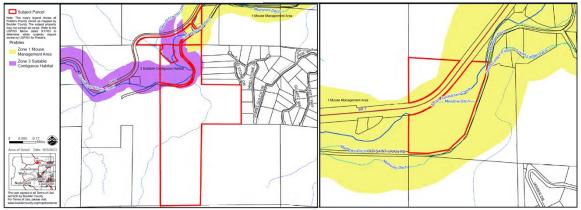


Figure 6. Preble's Priority Zone maps, with Zone 1 indicated in yellow and Zone 3 indicated in purple; the US area is on the left and the DS area on the right.

Finally, the subject parcels are located within the Floodplain Overlay District (see Figure 7 below). The project area is located within the 100-year and 500-year floodplain areas. The South St. Vrain Creek is located within the designated floodway. The potential impacts related to the designated floodplain are discussed under Criterion 12 below.



Figure 7. Floodplain Map, with the US area on the left and the DS area on the right.

The proposed work and improvements will require a significant amount of non-foundational earthwork and grading. Per the application materials, the project will require approximately 6,000 cubic yards of cut and 6,000 cubic yards of fill, for a total of approximately 12,000 cubic yards of earthwork. As the project will exceed 500 cubic yards of earthwork and grading, Limit Impact Special Review is required.

As detailed in the criteria review below, staff finds that the proposed non-foundational earthwork can meet the Special Review Criteria in Article 4-601 of the Code, with the recommended conditions of approval.

REFERRALS

This application was referred to the typical agencies, departments, and adjacent property owners. All responses received are attached and summarized below.

Boulder County Building Safety & Inspection Services Team: The Building team referral response indicated that building and grading permits, plan review, and an observation report would be required for the implementation of trail restoration and construction efforts.

Boulder County Development Review Team – Access & Engineering: This team reviewed the proposal and determined that legal access to the subject parcels has been demonstrated. Additionally, this team provided recommendation conditions of approval to ensure the project will not have any adverse impacts on the county's multimodal transportation system.

Boulder County Parks & Open Space – Natural Resource Planner: The Natural Resource Planner reviewed the application materials and identified a number of natural resources on the subject parcels. The Natural Resources Planner also provided comment on the proposed construction methods, fueling practices, and cleaning methods; they provided recommended conditions of approval related to the proposed work.

Boulder County Floodplain Program Team: This team reviewed the proposal and noted that the project area is located within the Floodplain Overlay District and that a Floodplain Development Permit is required. They also noted that the project must be covered under either a USACE Nationwide or Individual 404 permit.

Lumen Communication: This agency reviewed the application materials and noted that they have facilities within the proposed construction area. The plans are under review by LUMEN Field Engineer(s).

Adjacent Property Owners: Notices were sent to all property owners within a 1,500-foot radius of the proposed trail route. To date, staff have not received any public comments.

Agencies that responded with no conflict: Boulder County Public Health; Boulder County Conservation Easement Team; Boulder County Historic Preservation Team; Xcel Energy; and Lyons Fire Protection District.

Agencies that did not submit a response: Boulder County Long Range Planning; Carl Holcome Ditch Company; City of Boulder Planning & Development Services; and Boulder Valley & Longmont Conservation District.

LIMITED IMPACT SPECIAL REVIEW CRITERIA

The Community Planning & Permitting staff has reviewed the proposal of grading in excess of 500 cubic yards related to the improvements seeking to improve visitor experience and infrastructure sustainability pursuant to the Limited Impact Special Use Review criteria per Section 4-601.A of the Code, and finds the following:

(1) Complies with the minimum zoning requirements of the zoning district in which the use is to be established, and will also comply with all other applicable requirements;

The proposed improvements are located within the Agricultural (A) zoning district. Per Article 4-516.Q.1.b of the Code, grading in excess of 50 cubic yards is exempted from Limited Impact Special Use Review if it is normal grading activity associated with trail or road construction by a governmental entity on publicly acquired open space land in accordance with an open space management plan approved by the Board of County Commissioners. As confirmed by the Boulder County Parks & Open Space Department, this project has been developed and plan in coordination with Parks & Opens Space.

In accordance with the additional provisions for grading of more than 50 cubic yards as set forth in Section 4-515.Q.5.b, any grading which impacts a floodplain is not exempt from applying for and receiving a Floodplain Development Permit. Therefore, staff recommends a condition of approval that the applicant must apply for and receive a Floodplain Development Permit in accordance with the provisions in Article 4-400.

The referral response provided by the Building Safety & Inspection Services team noted permitting requirements for the proposed non-foundational earthwork.

Per the application materials, there are several additional permits and approvals which will, or may, be required as part of the proposed project. These permits and approvals include:

- United States Army Corps of Engineers the Army Corps of Engineers will determine whether the proposed work falls under a federal regulatory process. A federal regulatory process would include compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, with concurrence from Colorado Parks and Wildlife, and compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, with concurrence from History Colorado (Colorado State Historic Preservation Office).
- Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) a CDPHE Stormwater General Permit for Construction Activities will be required for the proposed project. The applicant stated that they do not anticipate dewatering will be necessary.
- **Boulder County Stormwater Management Plan** the applicant has stated they will work with county staff to develop a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) and will coordinate monitoring of the project area to ensure adherence to the SWMP.

• **Boulder County Permits** – the applicant will acquire required Boulder County building and grading permits prior to work commencing.

To ensure that these additional permits and approvals are obtained, staff recommends the following conditions of approval: the applicant must provide documentation of clearance to proceed (approval or documentation that there is no federal nexus) from the Army Corps of Engineers prior to the issuance of any county grading permit; the applicant must provide a copy of the CDPHE Stormwater General Permit to the county at grading permit application; prior to the submission of a grading permit application, the applicant must submit a Stormwater Management Plan for review and approval by Boulder County Public Works Department; the applicant must will work with county staff to coordinate monitoring of stormwater management measures; and the applicant must obtain a Boulder County Grading Permit prior to commencement of work.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(2) Will be compatible with the surrounding area. In determining compatibility, the Board should consider the location of structures and other improvements on the site; the size, height and massing of the structures; the number and arrangement of structures; the design of structures and other site features; the proposed removal or addition of vegetation; the extent of site disturbance, including, but not limited to, any grading and changes to natural topography; and the nature and intensity of the activities that will take place on the site. In determining the surrounding area, the Board should consider the unique location and environment of the proposed use; assess the relevant area that the use is expected to impact; and take note of important features in the area including, but not limited to, scenic vistas, historic townsites and rural communities, mountainous terrain, agricultural lands and activities, sensitive environmental areas, and the characteristics of nearby development and neighborhoods;

For the purposes of this Limited Impact Special Use Review, staff considered the surrounding neighborhood to be the properties within 1,500 feet of the subject parcels. The area surrounding the subject parcels is characterized by open space, with a few residential properties. As all of the proposed work will be done at ground level, staff finds the proposed work will not have any increased visual impact over existing conditions.

Staff does not anticipate the proposed project to result in any impacts which would be out of character with the defined neighborhood. While the proposal does involve significant amounts of earthwork and grading on-site, staff does not find the proposed earthwork will change the existing character of the area.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(3) Will be in accordance with the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan;

The Boulder County Comprehensive Plan identifies many resources of note on the subject parcels and within the project area, including: Archaeologically Sensitive Areas and Travel Routes; Critical Wildlife Habitats; Environmental Conservation Areas; High Biodiversity Areas; Natural Landmark/Natural Area (Red Hill); Riparian Areas; Riparian Habitat Connectors; Rare Plant Areas; Significant Agricultural Areas; Significant Natural Communities; and Wetlands.

Staff has identified several goals, policies, and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan which are pertinent to the proposed project.

<u>Natural Hazards Element Policy NH 1.04: Risk Reduction</u>. This policy states: "*The level of risk from natural hazards should be reduced through positive county action such as guiding development away from areas prone to natural disturbances, mitigating existing development from hazards, and considering the impact on ability to provide emergency services.*"

Staff finds the proposed project is consistent with this policy as one of the stated goals of the work is to help mitigate and manage potential future flooding, which will serve to project existing development downstream from the project area.

<u>Environmental Resources Element Goal 5: Enhance Environmental Health</u>. This goal states, in part: "Boulder County shall continue to protect air, water and soil resources and quality, as well as restore resources in a degraded condition to enhance overall environmental health."

Staff finds the proposal is consistent with this goal as another intended outcome of the project is help restore and enhance the overall environmental health of the South St. Vrain Creek area by addressing negative environmental impacts which resulted from the 2013 flood.

The Comprehensive Plan also indicates a View Protection Corridor associated with State Highway 7 (with scores ranging from 2.47 to 2.85 out of 5) and Old St. Vrain Road (with a score of 3.21 out of 5); visual impacts are discussed in Criterion 9 below.

Staff has not identified any goals or policies of the Comprehensive Plan with which the proposed project is in conflict.

Therefore, staff finds this criterion is met.

(4) Will not result in an over-intensive use of land or excessive depletion of natural resources. In evaluating the intensity of the use, the Board should consider the extent of the proposed development in relation to parcel size and the natural landscape/topography; the area of impermeable surface; the amount of blasting, grading or other alteration of the natural topography; the elimination or disruption of agricultural lands; the effect on significant natural areas and environmental resources; the disturbance of plant and animal habitat, and wildlife migration corridors; the relationship of the proposed development to natural hazards; and available mitigation measures such as the preservation of open lands, the addition or restoration of natural features and screening, the reduction or arrangement of structures and land disturbance, and the use of sustainable construction techniques, resource use, and transportation management.

Staff anticipates the proposed work will not result in an over-intensive use of land or an excessive depletion of natural resources. The proposed work will not change or alter the existing use (open space) or the intensity of that use on the subject parcels. Additionally, while the proposed project does involve a substantial amount of earthwork and grading, staff finds the scale of the proposed earthwork is necessary to address some of the lingering impacts from the 2013 flood and to improve the ecological health of the South St. Vrain Creek. In order to minimize impacts to the surrounding landscape, staff recommend a condition requiring the installation of clear limits to disturbance areas during construction. Limits to areas of disturbance must be included on the Revegetation and Erosion Control Plan submitted to the Community Planning & Permitting Department for permitting.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(5) Will not have a material adverse effect on community capital improvement programs;

There is no indication the proposal will have an adverse effect on community capital improvement programs, and no referral agency has responded with such a concern.

Therefore, staff finds this criterion is met.

(6) *Will not require a level of community facilities and services greater than that which is available;*

Staff does not anticipate the proposal will have an adverse effect on community facilities and services, and no agencies submitted a response voicing any concerns about community facilities or services. The referral response from the Town of Lyons Fire Protection District stated they have no concerns about the proposed project Staff recommends as a condition of approval that the applicant work with the Fire Protection District to ensure compliance with their requirements.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion is met.

(7) Will support a multimodal transportation system and not result in significant negative impacts to the transportation system or traffic hazards;

Legal access to the open space is demonstrated via adjacency Old St. Vrain Road. Per the referral response from the Access & Engineering team, Old St. Vrain Road is a paved Boulder County owned and maintained right-of-way (ROW) with a Functional Classification of Local.

The submitted site plans show a proposed access to the project area from State Highway 7. Per the Access & Engineering Team referral response, an access permit or other authorization from the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) must be provided for all accesses occurring at the highway. Staff recommends as a condition of approval that such permit or authorization must be provided to the county as part of the permitting process. Additionally, the submitted site plans indicate the applicant intends to also access the construction areas from Old St. Vrain Road; however, the site plans submitted as part of the application do not include the specific locations of these access points. Staff recommends as a condition of approval that this information be provided at permitting.

Finally, as Old St. Vrain Road is a narrower road, staff finds it is appropriate to limit the hours of construction traffic to between 8:00 am and 3:30 pm, Monday through Friday. This will help to mitigate the impact of construction traffic using Old St. Vrain Road, especially during peak commuter periods. Additionally, to ensure that traffic on Old St. Vrain Road is not restricted, all construction vehicles and materials must be staged on the subject parcels and not on Old St. Vrain Road. As such, staff recommends these be included as conditions of approval.

As conditioned, staff does not anticipate any changes or long-term negative impacts to the existing transportation system.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(8) Will not cause significant air, odor, water, or noise pollution;

Staff does not anticipate that the proposed project will cause any significant long-term air, odor, water, or noise pollution. The potential of air, odor, water, or noise pollution is limited to the period when construction is actually occurring.

Due to the fact that there are environmentally sensitive areas within the project area, however, staff have identified some potential impacts which must be minimized and mitigated under this criterion. As discussed above, the project is an environmentally important area and care must be taken to ensure that construction activities, equipment, and vehicles do not inadvertently cause pollution. To prevent the fueling of construction vehicles from resulting in pollution from fuel spills, staff recommends as a condition of approval that the applicant must verify the fueling practices that will be used during construction. If employing temporary above-ground storage tanks, a spill containment plan will be required at building permit and plans must identify sizes and locations of the tanks. If refueling from mobile trucks, spill kits must be kept in vehicles or on site. Biodegradable hydraulic fluids must be used in all equipment and machinery operating in surface waters. Finally, all equipment must be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with state Division of Parks and Wildlife protocols to prevent aquatic invasive species and noxious weeds before entering the construction site.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(9) Will be adequately buffered or screened to mitigate any undue visual impacts of the use;

Although the proposed project areas will be visible from adjacent properties and the public rights of way, staff finds the proposed earthwork for the ecological restoration will have very minimal visual impacts. The Comprehensive Plan also indicates a View Protection Corridor associated with State Highway 7 (with scores ranging from 2.47 to 2.85 out of 5) and Old St. Vrain Road (with a score of 3.21 out of 5). These view protection scores are associated with the geological formations in the area. Given that all of the work is proposed to be at ground level, staff does not have concerns that the proposed earthwork will result in any undue visual impacts.

Revegetation of the area as required under Criterion 4 above will ensure there are no longterm undue visual impacts, and staff do not have concerns that the proposed improvements will change the existing visual character of the area.

Therefore, as conditioned in Criterion 4 above, staff finds this criterion can be met.

(10) Will not otherwise be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the present or future inhabitants of Boulder County;

Staff do not anticipate that the proposed restoration will be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of present or future inhabitants of Boulder County. No departments or agencies have responded with any comments or concerns related to this criterion.

Therefore, staff finds this criterion is met.

(11) Will establish an appropriate balance between current and future economic, environmental, and societal needs by minimizing the consumption and inefficient use of energy, materials, minerals, water, land, and other finite resources;

While the proposed work involves a significant amount of earthwork, all of the proposed cut and fill are on the subject parcels (e.g. – no materials imported or exported). Additionally,

staff have not identified any excessive consumption and inefficient use of energy, materials, minerals, water, land, and other finite resources; no referral agencies have responded with any such concerns.

Therefore, staff finds this criterion is met.

(12) Will not result in unreasonable risk of harm to people or property – both onsite and in the surrounding area – from natural hazards. Development or activity associated with the use must avoid natural hazards, including those on the subject property and those originating off-site with a reasonable likelihood of affecting the subject property. Natural hazards include, without limitation, expansive soils or claystone, subsiding soils, soil creep areas, or questionable soils where the safe-sustaining power of the soils is in doubt; landslides, mudslides, mudfalls, debris fans, unstable slopes, and rockfalls; flash flooding corridors, alluvial fans, floodways, floodplains, and flood-prone areas; and avalanche corridors; all as identified in the Comprehensive Plan Geologic Hazard and Constraint Areas Map or through the Special Review or Limited Impact Special Review process using the best available information. Best available information includes, without limitation, updated topographic or geologic data, Colorado Geologic Survey landslide or earth/debris flow data, interim floodplain mapping data, and creek planning studies.

Significant portions of the subject parcels are located in identified geological hazard areas (see Figure 8 below). However, all of the proposed work locations fall outside of these areas. As such, staff do not anticipate any unreasonable risk of harm to people or property – both onsite and in the surrounding area – from natural hazards as a result of this proposal.

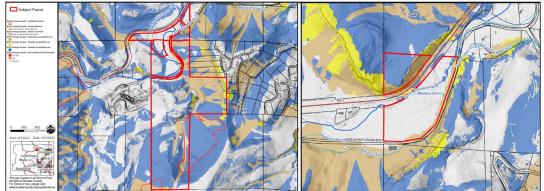


Figure 8. Geological Hazards map, with US area is on the left and the DS area on the right. Areas indicated in blue are Landslide Susceptibility Areas; areas indicated in tan are Debris Flow Susceptibility Areas; and areas in yellow are Rockfall Susceptibility Areas.

As discussed above, the subject parcels are located within the Floodplain Overlay District and, as conditioned in Criterion 1 above, must obtain a Floodplain Development Permit (FDP). The FDP process will help to ensure that the work being carried out does not result in any unreasonable risk of harm to people or property.

Therefore, as conditioned in Criterion 1 above, staff find that this criterion is met.

(13) The proposed use shall not alter historic drainage patterns and/or flow rates unless the associated development includes acceptable mitigation measures to compensate for anticipated drainage impacts. The best available information should be used to evaluate these impacts, including without limitation the Boulder County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, hydrologic evaluations to determine peak flows, floodplain mapping studies, updated topographic data, Colorado Geologic Survey landslide, earth/debris flow data, and

creek planning studies, all as applicable given the context of the subject property and the application.

The proposed project will alter the existing drainage patterns on the subject parcels; however, as discussed above, the changes are anticipated to be very minimal in nature and are intended to improve existing drainage patterns. Per the referral response from the Access & Engineering team, due to the project involving more than one acre of disturbance and the location of the construction activity to in relation to watercourses, the project will require a Stormwater Quality Permit (SWQP). Additionally, construction in watercourses require a high standard of care and must comply with Section 1302.1 of the Boulder County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (SDCM). As such, staff recommends as a condition of approval that the applicants obtain the required SWQP prior to any work commencing and that the work comply with the SDCM.

Therefore, as conditioned, staff finds this criterion is met.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff has determined that the proposal can meet all the applicable criteria of the Boulder County Land Use Code for Limited Impact Special Use Review. Therefore, staff recommends that the Board of County Commissioners *conditionally approve* <u>Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach</u> <u>Restoration</u> with the following conditions:

- 1. The development is subject to the requirements of the Boulder County Building Safety and Inspection Services Team and adopted County Building Codes including but not limited to, building and grading permits, design wind and snow loads, ignition-resistant construction and defensible space, observation reports, and plan review.
- 2. **During construction,** the design professional responsible for the design or a similarly qualified Colorado-licensed design professional must observe the grading and submit a stamped report to Building Safety & Inspection Services for review and approval. The final report must state that the work has been completed in substantial conformance with the approved engineered plans.
- 3. The proposed earthwork and grading related to the ecological restoration is located in the Floodplain Overlay (FO) District. A Floodplain Development Permit (FDP) is required.
 - a. *Prior to Building/Grading Permit application submittal*, the applicant's engineer must contact FloodplainAdmin@bouldercounty.gov to obtain the effective model for South Saint Vrain Creek. The FDP application will require one of the following, which must be supported by a hydraulic model and report certified by a Colorado licensed Professional Engineer (P.E.) in accordance with Article 4-404.2.E of the Boulder county Land Use Code:
 - i. A letter certified by a Colorado registered Professional Engineer stating that the project will not cause any rise in regulatory 100-year water surface elevations;
 - ii. An approved Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) from FEMA; or
 - iii. An approved Boulder County Floodway Review.
 - b. *At the time of Building/Grading Permit application submittal*, the applicant must email a Floodplain Development Permit (FDP) application to FloodplainAdmin@bouldercounty.gov. The FDP application must contain the following:
 - i. A Signed FDP application form;

- ii. A Site Plan showing the proposed building and all staging/storage areas in relation to regulatory floodplain and property boundaries;
- iii. Construction design, stamped, signed, and dated by a Colorado-licensed Professional Engineer (P.E.)
- iv. A hydraulic model and P.E.-stamped report demonstrating floodplain impacts, as described above.
- c. *Prior to issuance of any Floodplain Development Permit,* the applicant must submit to Boulder County documentation demonstrating coverage under a USACE Nationwide or Individual 404 permit.
- d. *Prior to issuance of any Floodplain Development Permit,* the applicant must obtain a Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Dewatering Permit, if required.
- e. *Prior to issuance of any Floodplain Development Permit,* the Community Planning & Permitting Department Floodplain Management Program must review and approve the location of all construction staging and/or stockpiling areas. All staging and stockpiling areas must avoid the regulatory floodplain unless it is demonstrated that doing so is unavoidable. Construction staging and/or stockpiling in the regulatory floodway will not be permitted without an alternatives evaluation and an emergency evacuation plan approved by the Community Planning & Permitting Department Floodplain Management Program.
- 4. *At the time of Grading Permit application submittal,* the applicant must provide a copy of the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Stormwater General Permit to Community Planning & Permitting.
- 5. The applicant shall work with county staff to coordinate monitoring of stormwater management measures.
- 6. *Prior to the issuance of any Grading Permit,* the applicant must provide documentation of clearance to proceed (approval or documentation that there is no federal nexus) from the Army Corps of Engineers.
- 7. *Prior to the submission of a Grading Permit application,* the applicant shall submit a Stormwater Management Plan for review and approval by Boulder County Public Works Department. The SWMP will include, but not be limited to, erosion and sediment control measures, stockpile and staging management practices, and general pollution prevention practices.
- 8. *Prior to earthwork commencing,* limits of disturbance must be clearly identified in the field. Areas of existing vegetation that are to be protected should be delineated in the field so that heavy machinery is prevented from entering the areas and disturbance is avoided. This is often accomplished with orange construction fencing, rather than silt fencing. The former is less expensive, easier to install, and reusable. If on-the-ground delineation is too extensive, a suitable alternative may be proposed for county approval. If individual mature trees are to be protected, the field technique to be used must be included in the final construction notes.
- 9. *At building or grading permit submittal,* a Revegetation and Erosion Control Plan must be submitted for approval. This plan must include native species to be used, an explanation of how topsoils will be stockpiled, mapped delineation of all disturbance areas (including all construction staging areas), locations of erosion control measures around disturbed areas,

procedures for monitoring and maintenance revegetation, weed control measures, and matting requirements, if necessary. If straw mulch or straw bale barriers are used, all straw must be certified weed-free. Hay may not be used as it contains aggressive pasture grass seed.

Prior to the final inspection, the full installation of the approved Revegetation and Erosion Control plan must be inspected and approved by the Community Planning & Permitting Department. If weather is not conducive to seeding or if adequate revegetation efforts have not occurred and vegetation is not adequately established at the time of final inspection request, an irrevocable letter of credit or monies deposited into a County Treasurer account will be required to assure the success of revegetation. You should consider the following well in advance of your revegetation inspection:

- a. Whether you are applying for a Certificate of Occupancy, final inspection, or the return of funds held in escrow for completion of revegetation, some level of germination and growth of grass seed is required.
- b. Keep in mind that the steeper the slopes and dryer the soil, the greater the attention needed to establish a level of germination adequate to obtain revegetation approval.
- c. Areas of disturbance found at inspection not included on the revegetation plan are still subject to reseeding and matting.
- 10. *At building permit,* submit revised plans that indicate the location of all construction accesses from Old St. Vrain Road.
- 11. *At building permit,* submit proof of authorization from Colorado Department of Transportation for all accesses from State Highway 7.
- 12. *During construction*, all construction equipment, materials, machinery, dumpsters, and other items must be staged on the subject property; no items are permitted to be stored or staged on State Highway 7 or Old St. Vrain Road.
- 13. *During construction,* construction traffic to and from the subject parcels is limited to between 8:30 am and 4:00 pm, Monday through Friday, to avoid conflicting with peak travel times on State Highway 7 or Old St. Vrain Road.
- 14. *At building or grading permit submittal,* the applicant must verify the fueling practices that will be used during construction. If employing temporary above-ground storage tanks, a spill containment plan will be required at building permit and plans must identify sizes and locations of the tanks. If refueling from mobile trucks, spill kits must be kept in vehicles or on site.
- 15. Biodegradable hydraulic fluids must be used in all equipment and machinery operating in surface waters.
- 16. All equipment must be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with state Division of Parks and Wildlife protocols to prevent aquatic invasive species and noxious weeds before entering the construction site.
- 17. *Prior to building permit*, the applicant must obtain a Boulder County Stormwater Quality Permit (SMQP). Please visit the county's stormwater website https://bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-quality-permit/ or contact tdstormwater@bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-quality-permit/ or contact tdstormwater@bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-quality-permit/ or contact tdstormwater@bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-quality-permit/ or contact tdstormwater@bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-quality-permit/ or contact

- 18. <u>At building permit</u>, plans submitted for permitting must demonstrate compliance with Section 1302.1 of the Boulder County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual.
- 19. The applicants are subject to the terms, conditions, and commitments of record and in the file for docket *LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration*.



Boulder County Land Use Department

Courthouse Annex Building 2045 13th Street • PO Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80302 Phone: 303-441-3930 Email: planner@bouldercounty.org Web: www.bouldercounty.org/lu Office Hours: Mon., Wed., Thurs., Fri. 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Tuesday 10 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Shaded Areas for Staff Use Only Intake Stamp

Planning Application Form

The Land Use Department maintains a submittal schedule for accepting applications. Planning applications are accepted on Mondays, by appointment only. Please call 303-441-3930 to schedule a submittal appointment.

Project Number				Project Name				
 Appeal Correction Plat Exemption Plat Final Plat Limited Impact Special Use Limited Impact Special Use Waiver Location and Extent 		 Modification of Site Plan Review Modification of Special Use Preliminary Plan Resubdivision (Replat) Rezoning 		 Road Name Change Road/Easement Vacation Site Plan Review Site Plan Review Waiver Sketch Plan Special Use/SSDP 		ver	Special Use (Oil & Gas development) State Interest Review (104 Subdivision Exemption Variance Other:	¥1)
Location(s)/Street Address(es)	31074 S. St. Vr	ain Road, 0 Old S	St. Vrain Road,	0 Old St. Vrain R	load			
5	30 Old St. Vra	ain Road						
Subdivision Name TR, NBR 962	2 Lyons Area							
Lot(s) na	Block(s) na		Section(s) 24 19	, 25	Township(s)	3N 3N	Range(s) 71 70	
Area in Acres 15.5	Existing Zoning	A-Agricultural	Existing Use of F	Property Open S	Space, Famil	y Retreat	Number of Proposed Lots	na
Proposed Water Supply na	•		Proposed Sewag	ge Disposal Methoo	na na		·	

Applicants:

Applicant/Property Owner Yana Sorokin / The Watershed Center				ysorokin@watershed.center		
Mailing Address P.O. Box 1074						
^{City} Niwot	State CO	Zip Code 80544-1074	Phone	303.621.5780		
Applicant/Property Owner/Agent/Consultant not applicable			Email			
Mailing Address			-			
City	State	Zip Code	Phone			
Agent/Consultant Mike Lighthiser / Biohabitats			Email	mlighthiser@biohabitats.com		
Mailing Address 383 Corona Street, Suite 580						
^{City} Denver	^{State} CO	Zip Code 80218	Phone	720.907.6558		

Certification (Please refer to the Regulations and Application Submittal Package for complete application requirements.)

I certify that I am signing this Application Form as an owner of record of the property included in the Application. I certify that the information and exhibits I have submitted are true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that all materials required by Boulder County must be submitted prior to having this matter processed. I understand that public hearings or meetings may be required. I understand that I must sign an Agreement of Payment for Application processing fees, and that additional fees or materials may be required as a result of considerations which may arise in the processing of this docket. I understand that the road, school, and park dedications may be required as a condition of approval.

I understand that I am consenting to allow the County Staff involved in this application or their designees to enter onto and inspect the subject property at any reasonable time, without obtaining any prior consent.

All landowners are required to sign application. If additional space is needed, attach additional sheet signed and dated.

Signature of Property Owner Yana Sub Cahi	Printed Name Yana Sorokin	Date 1-4-2024
Signature of Property Owner ℓ	Printed Name	Date

The Land Use Director may waive the landowner signature requirement for good cause, under the applicable provisions of the Land Use Code.

Form: P/01 • Rev. 07.23.18 • g:/publications/planning/p01-planning_paperigatipn-form.pdf

Boulder

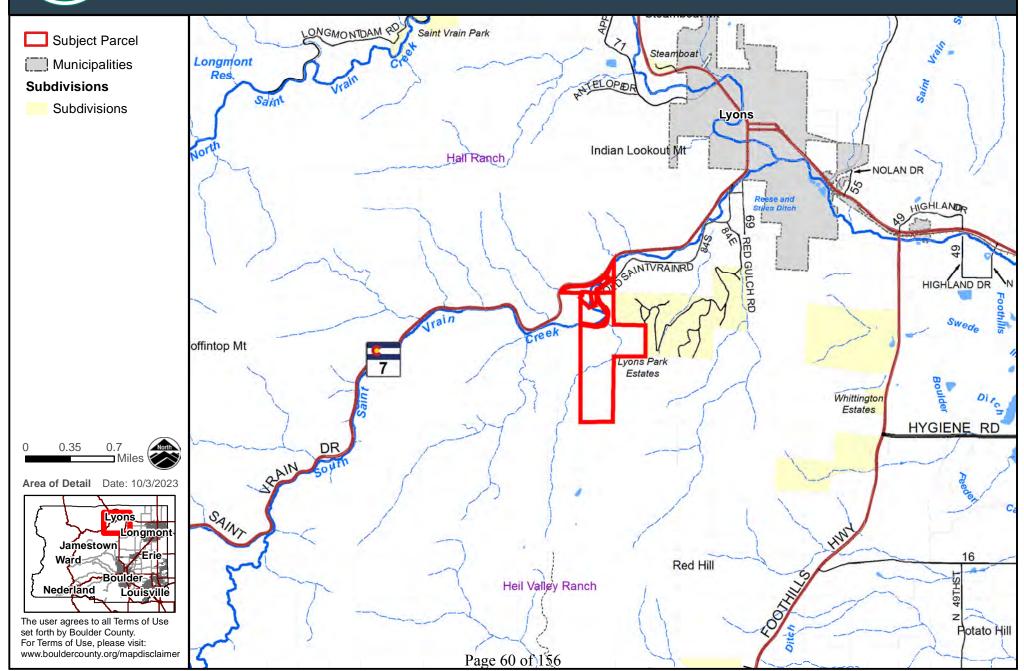
County

Community Planning & Permitting

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Vicinity

31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN



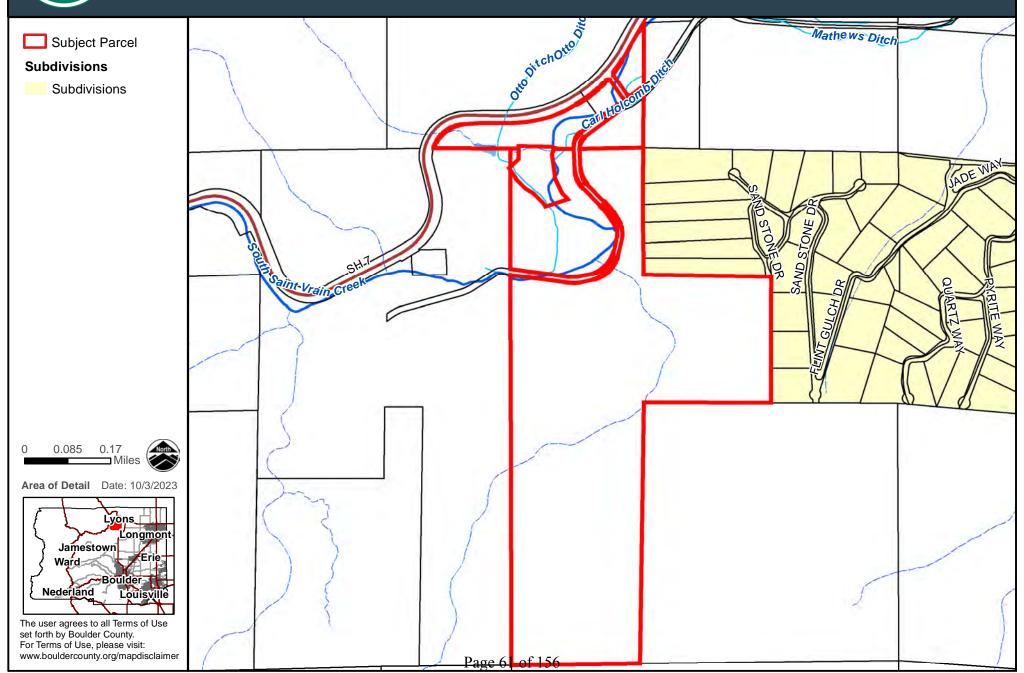
Boulder County

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Location

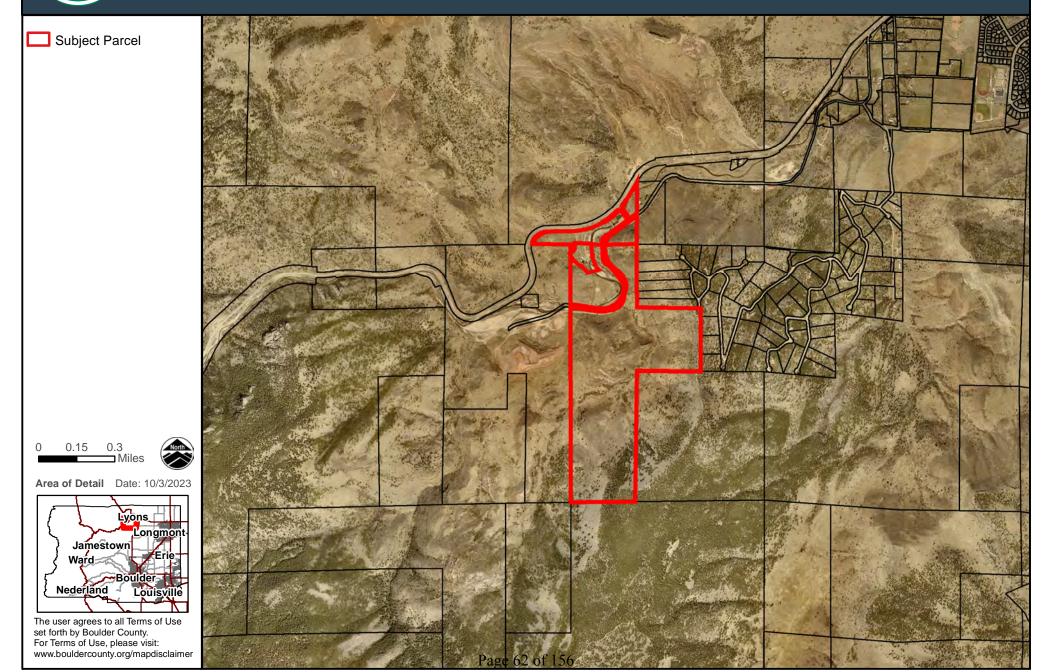
31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN



Community Planning & Permitting 2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.boulder.county.org

Aerial

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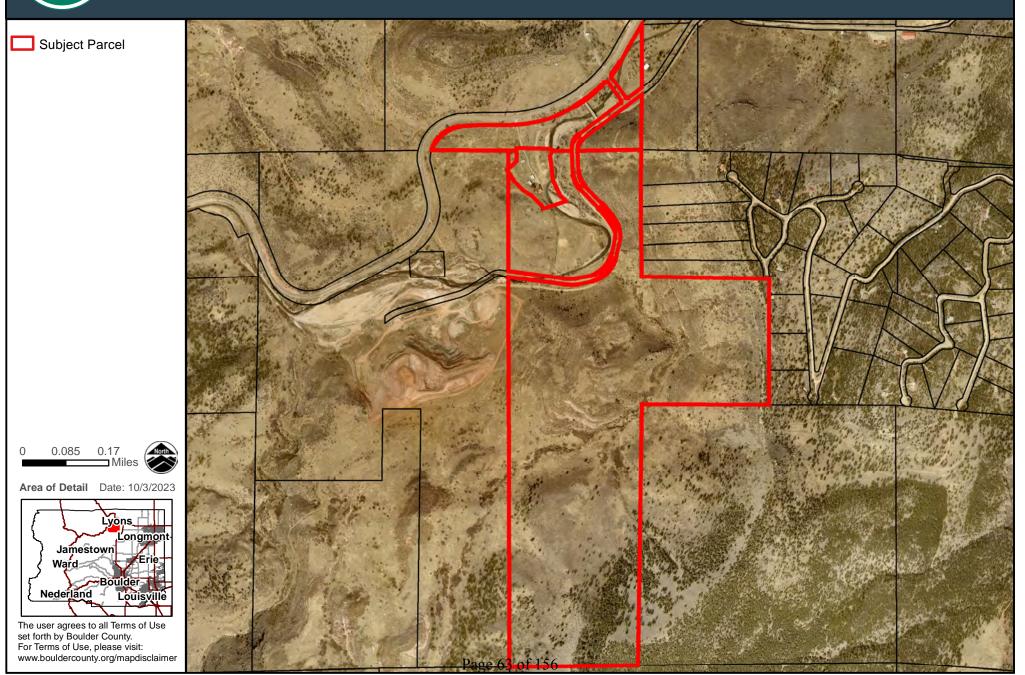




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Aerial

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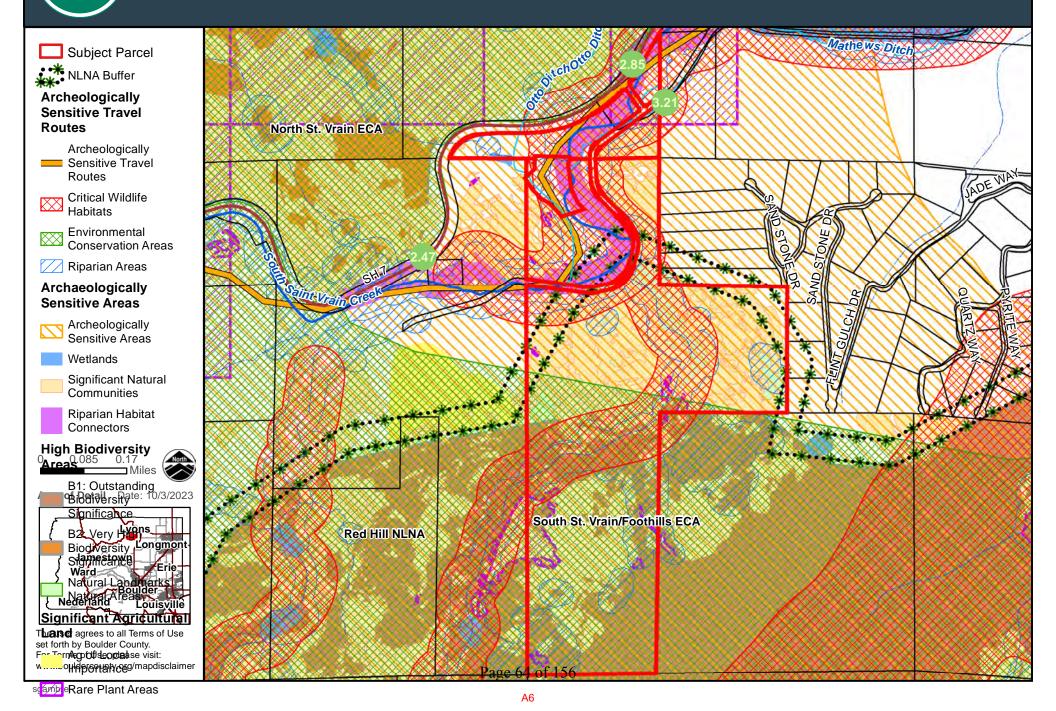


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Comprehensive Plan

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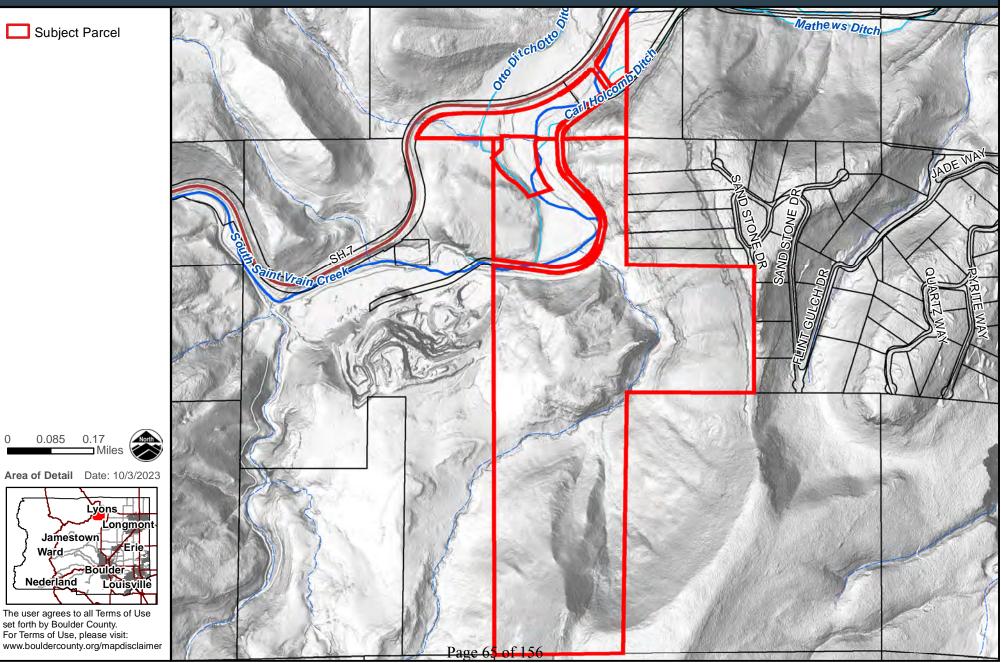


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Elevation Contours

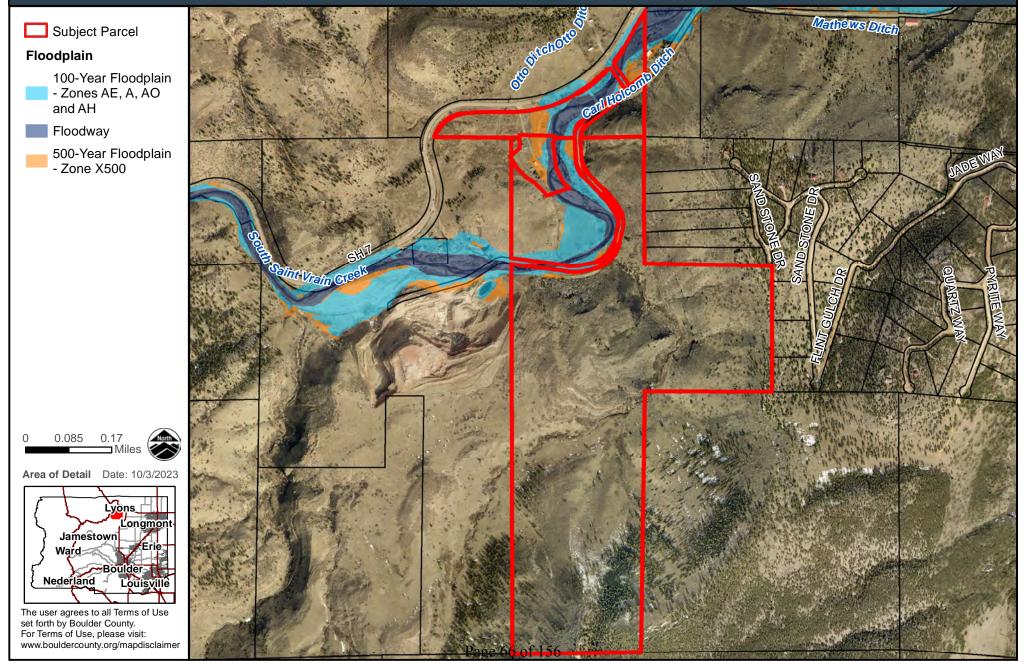
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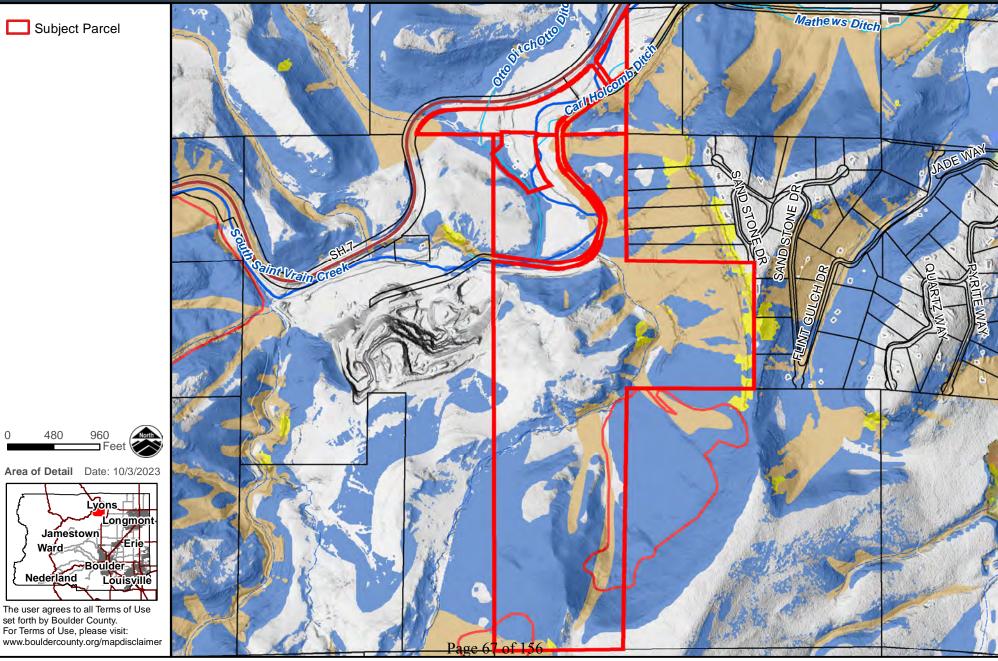
Floodplain 31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN



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Geologic Hazards 31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN

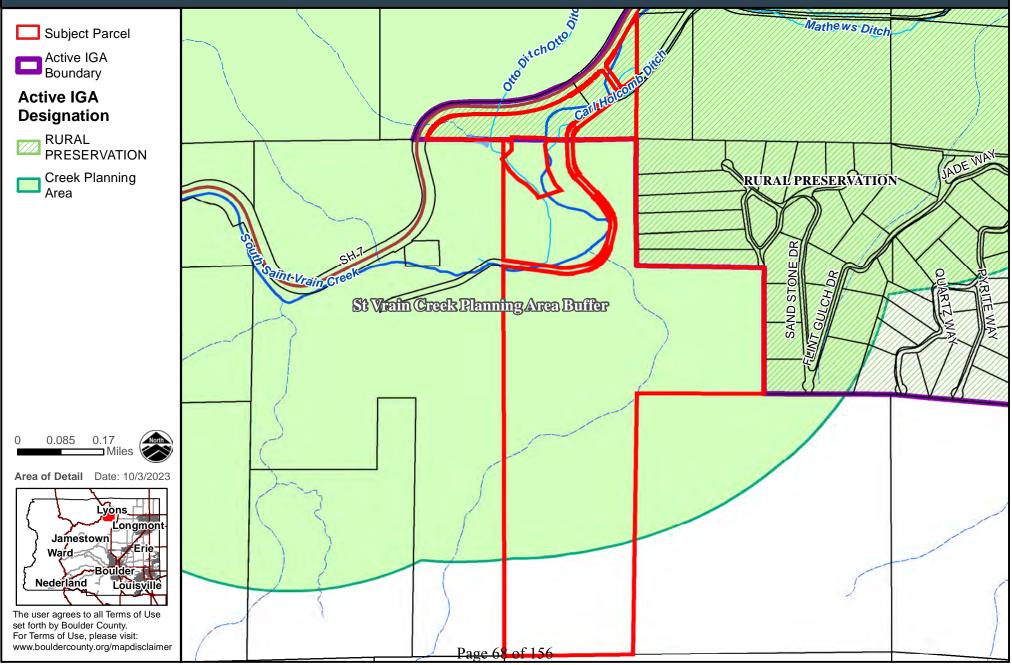


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Planning Areas

31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN



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Boulder County

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Prebles

31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN

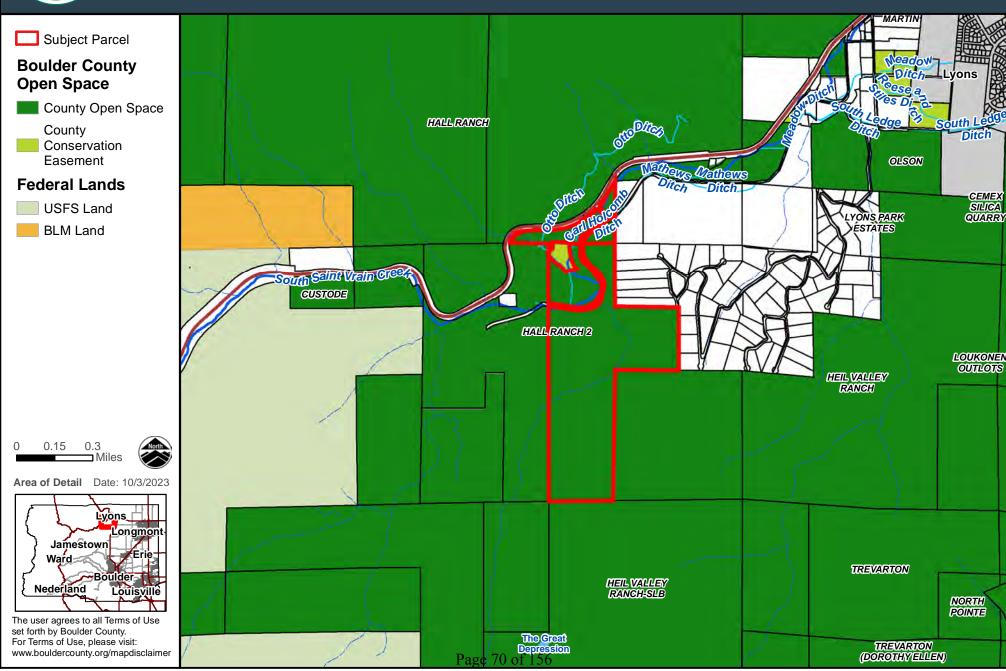
6^{to}0^{itchOtto0^b} Mathews Ditch Subject Parcel 1 Mouse Management Area Note: This map's legend shows all Preble's Priority Zones as mapped by Boulder County. The subject property may not contain all zones. Refer to the USFWS Memo dated 9/17/03 to determine when projects require 60 review by USFWS for Preble's. Prebles Zone 1 Mouse ADE WAN Management Area Zone 3 Suitable **Contiguous Habitat** 510 ONE 3 Suitable Contiguous Habitat South SH7 AND R aint-Vrain Cree Q ARTZ S 0.085 0.17 Ω ⊐Miles Area of Detail Date: 10/3/2023 Lyons Longmon Jamestown Ward: Boulder Nederland 4 Louisville The user agrees to all Terms of Use set forth by Boulder County. For Terms of Use, please visit: www.bouldercounty.org/mapdisclaimer Page 6

Attachment A - Application Materials

Community Planning & Permitting Boulder County

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Public Lands & CEs 31074 ST VRAIN & 0 OLD ST VRAIN



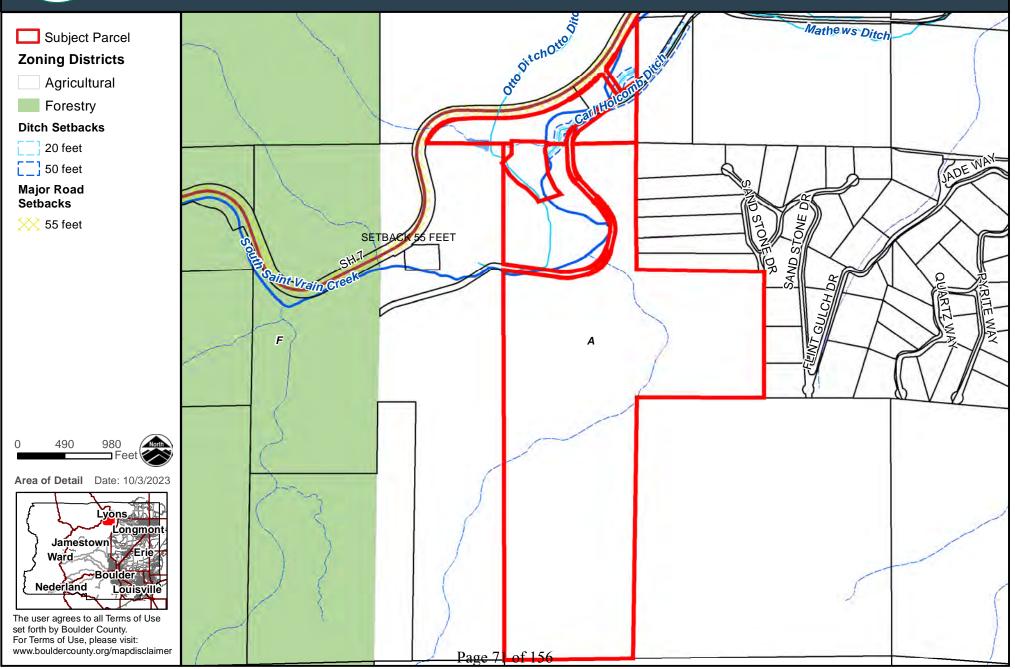
Boulder County

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Zoning

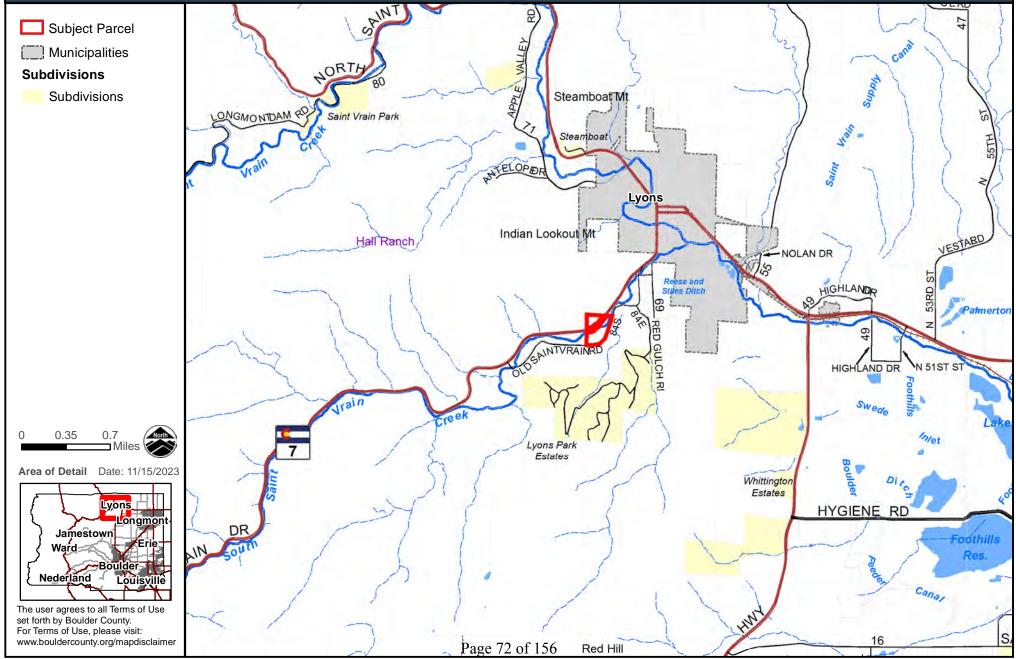
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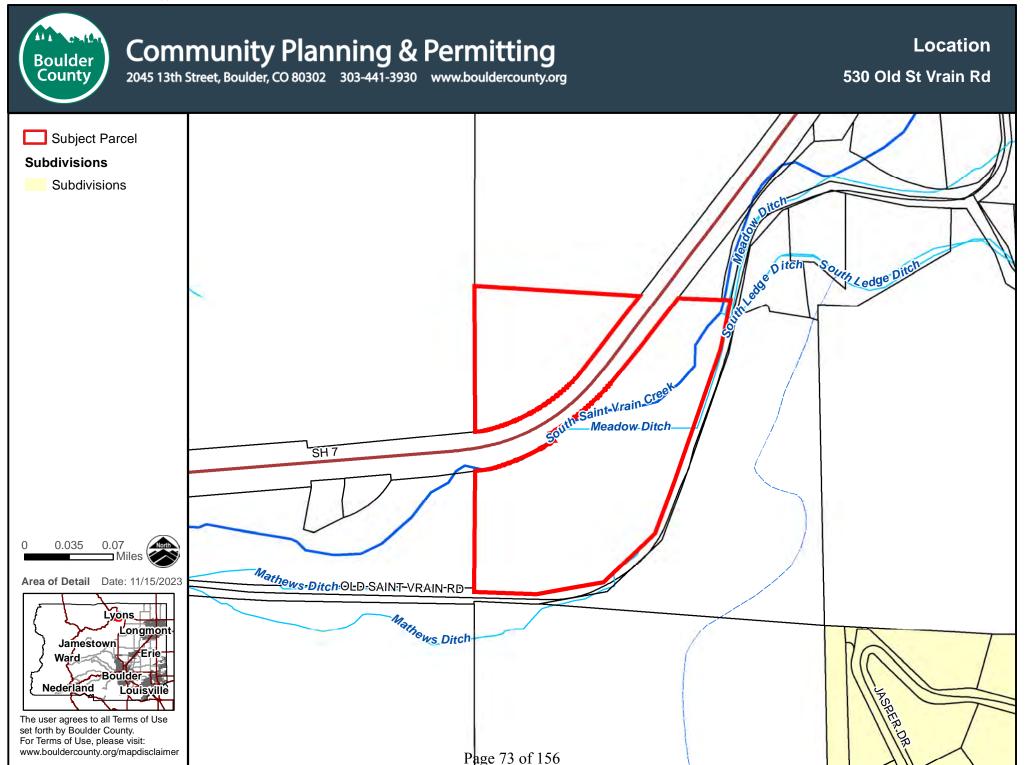


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Vicinity

530 Old St Vrain Rd





Community Planning & Permitting 2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.boulder.county.org

Aerial 530 Old St Vrain Rd





Community Planning & Permitting 2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.boulder.county.org

Aerial 530 Old St Vrain Rd



Boulder County

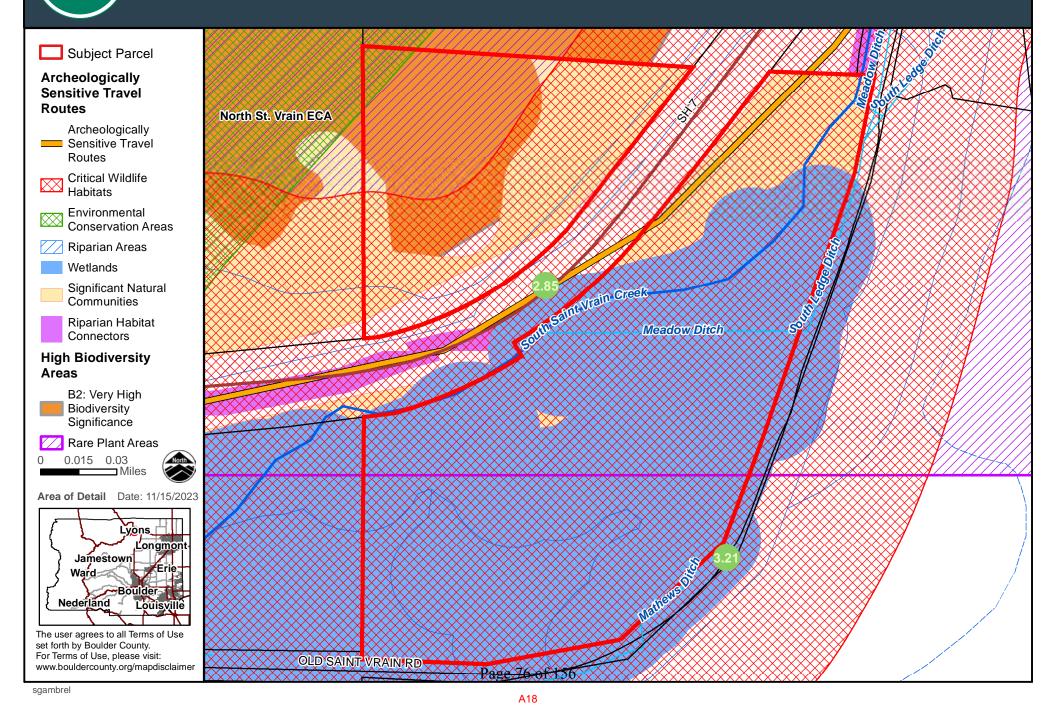
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Community Planning & Permitting

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Comprehensive Plan

530 Old St Vrain Rd



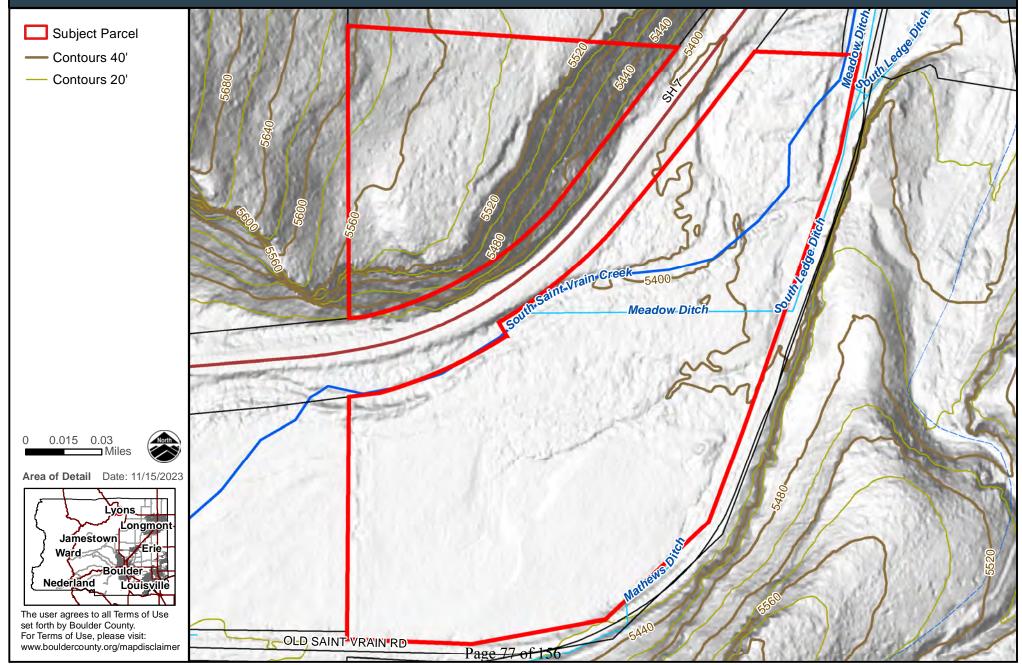


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Elevation Contours

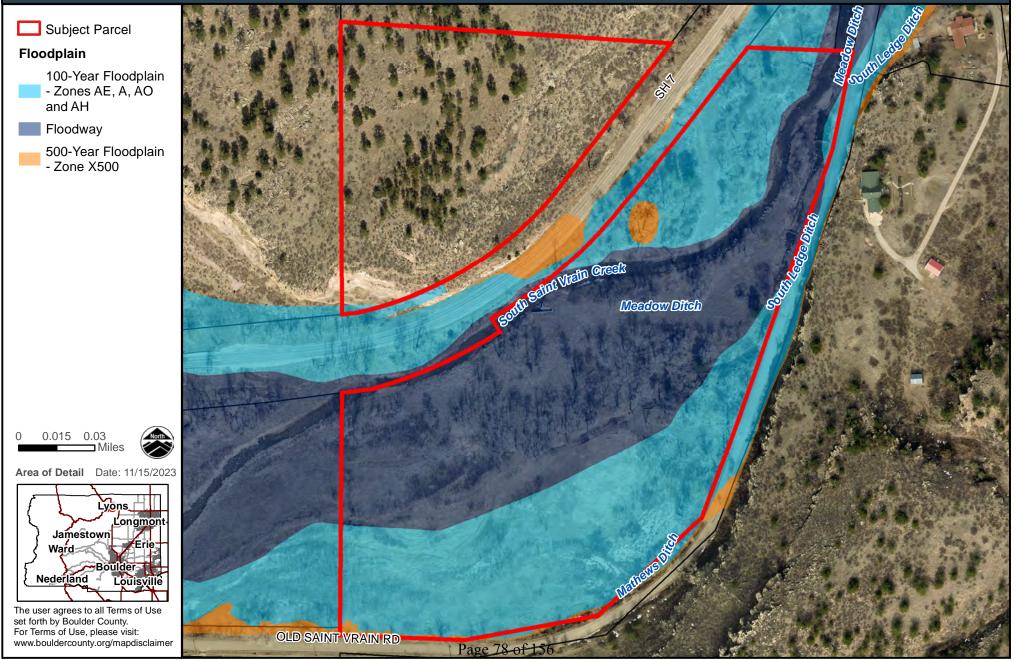
530 Old St Vrain Rd



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2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.bouldercounty.org

Floodplain 530 Old St Vrain Rd

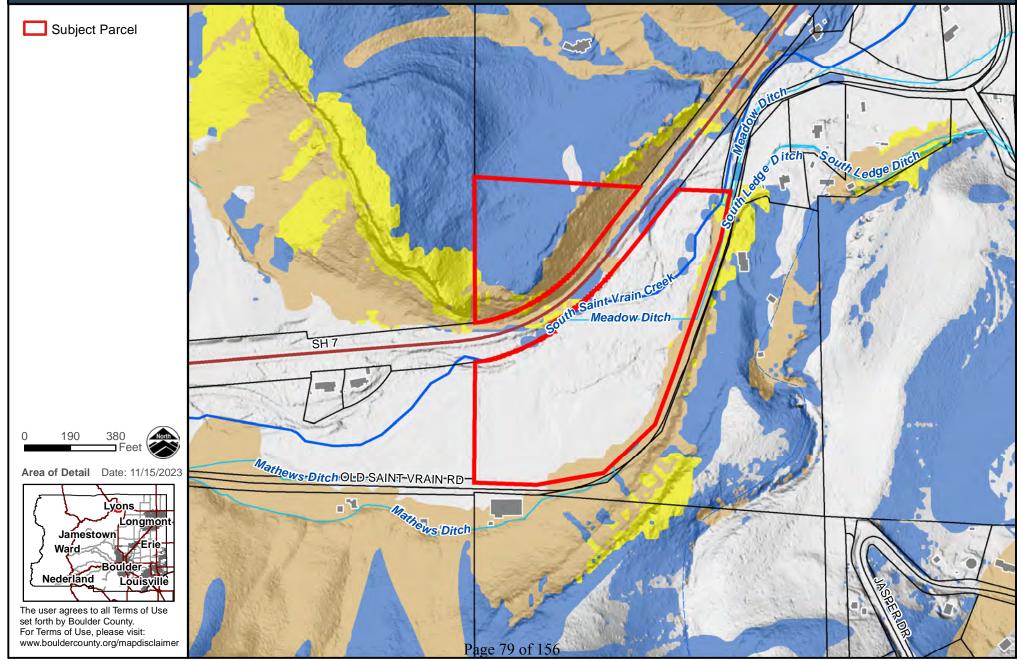


Community Planning & Permitting

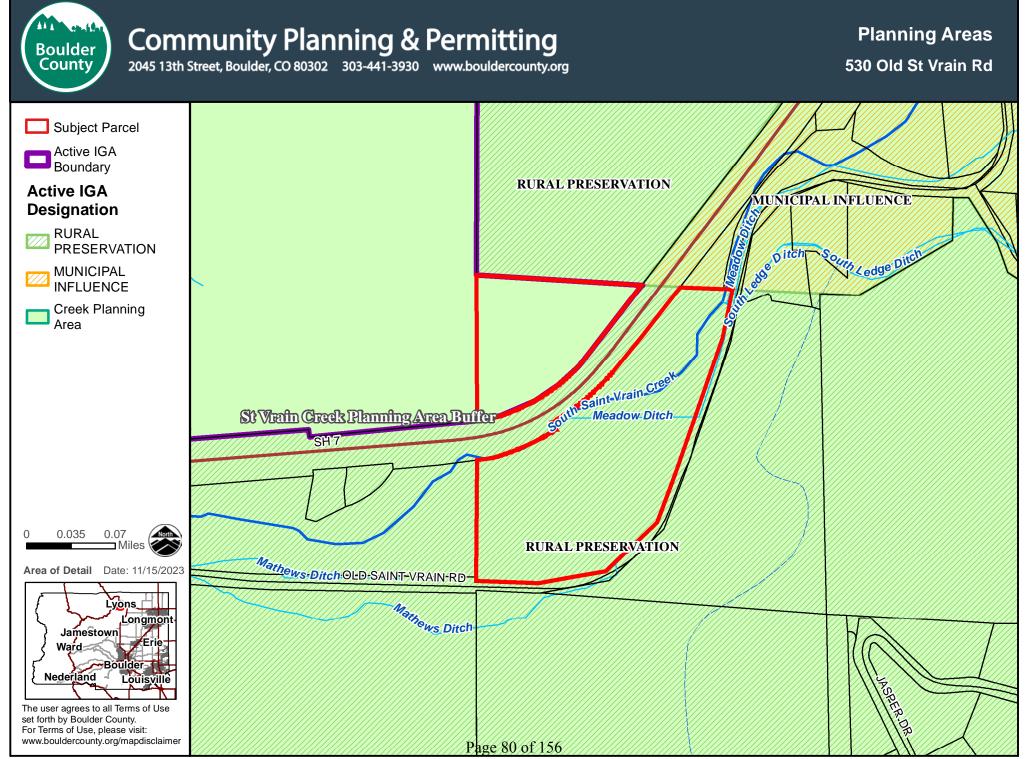
2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.bouldercounty.org

Geologic Hazards

530 Old St Vrain Rd



Attachment A - Application Materials



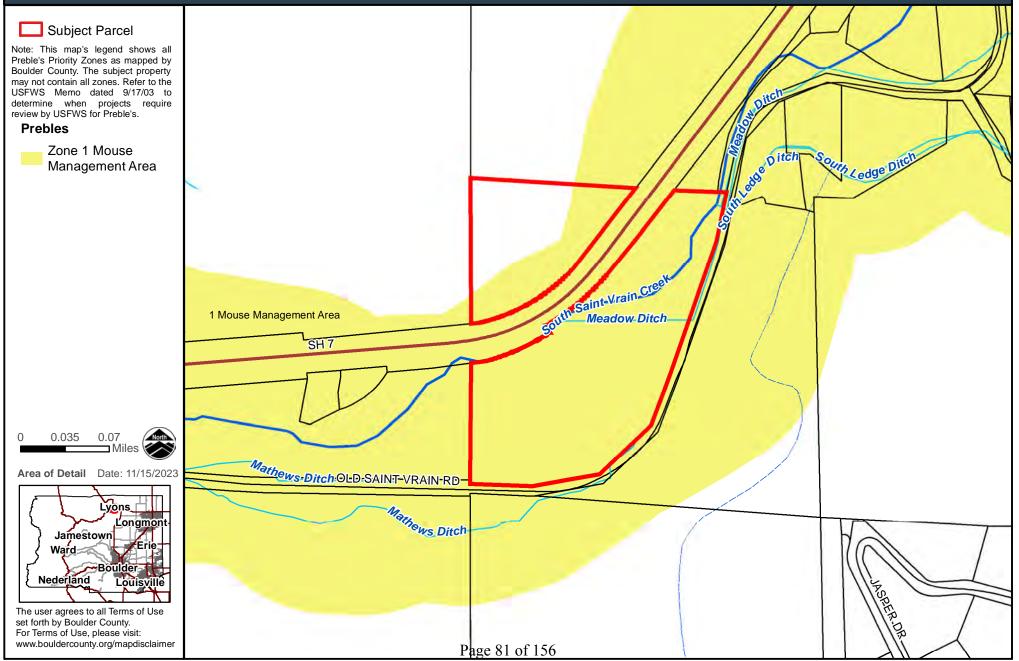
Boulder County

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2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.bouldercounty.org

Prebles

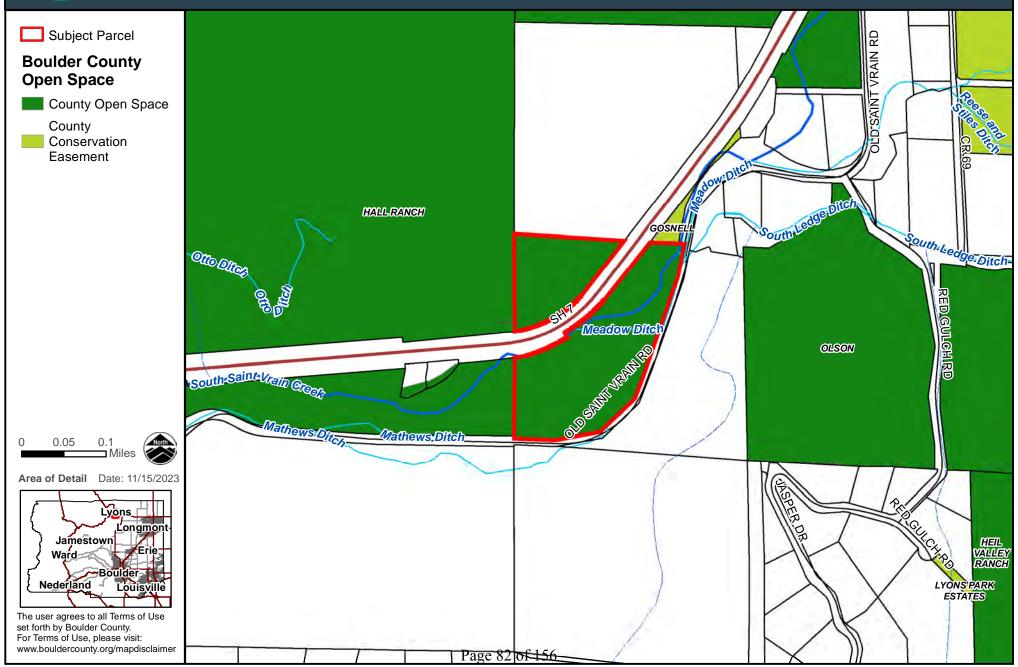
530 Old St Vrain Rd



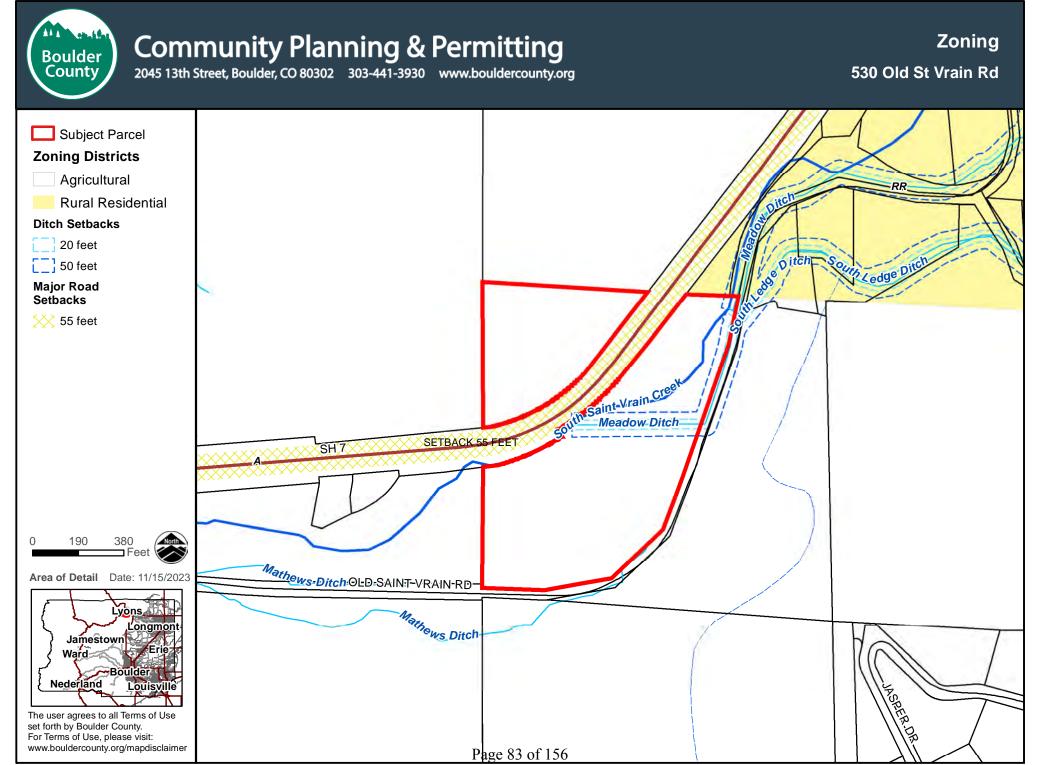
Boulder County Community Planning & Permitting 2045 13th Street, Boulder, CO 80302 303-441-3930 www.boulder.county.org

Public Lands & CEs

530 Old St Vrain Rd



Attachment A - Application Materials



Boulder County Limited Impact Special Use Application Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration Project

February 5, 2024

Prepared for:



The Watershed Center 6800 Nimbus Road Longmont, CO 80503

Prepared by:





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Boulder County Limited Impact Special Use Application Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration Project

February 5, 2024

Prepared for:



The Watershed Center 6800 Nimbus Road Longmont, CO 80503

Prepared by:





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Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration Project

Introduction

The Watershed Center is implementing a design/build ecological restoration project for the Old St. Vrain Road Reach on South St. Vrain Creek and hired Left Hand Excavating and their team, including Biohabitats, to design and construct the project. Following the September 2013 flood, multiple projects have occurred on South St. Vrain Creek to address damage and improve ecological conditions and resiliency. This project is the result of coordination between The Watershed Center (TWC) and Boulder County. While the County has focused on restoration projects upstream and downstream of the site, TWC was able to obtain grant funding to address this section of the creek through a design/build project. This project also includes minor work on one of the overflow channels that was part of the County Parks and Open Space's completed restoration project. (Throughout this document, we refer to the overflow channel work site as the downstream area.)

This project is funded by the CDPHE 319 Nonpoint Source Project Grant and CWCB Watershed Restoration Program Special Release Grant. These grants support the following activities:

- control nonpoint source pollution, including post-fire sedimentation
- achieve and maintain beneficial uses of waters such as ecological conditions for fish and wildlife and water quality
- improve watershed health in areas impacted by 2020 fires (i.e., Calwood Fire)
- reduce hazards and increase flood safety by reconnecting (lowering) the floodplain and allowing the river to move during high flow events

The overall goal of this project is to increase ecological and geomorphological resilience in an unconfined river reach to maintain beneficial uses of waters and improve watershed resilience at a site located downstream of high severity fire and upstream of communities. Resilience will be attained through a process-based design approach that focuses on overall corridor function, particularly floodplain processes. The project will remove the excessive floodplain deposition that occurred during the 2013 flood, provide multiple elevational zones that support various riparian communities and activate during different flood events, and create additional complexity for improved habitat. An additional goal is to complete the project as efficiently and cost effectively as possible within the established timeframe.

The project's interaction with Boulder County Land Use Planning started with the LISU Pre-Application conference meeting that was held on November 13, 2023. Representatives from Boulder County Land Use Department, The Watershed Center, and members of the design/build team (Left Hand Excavating and Biohabitats) were in attendance. Dana Yelton is the County Planner assigned to this project. Following the November 13 meeting, she confirmed that all fees would be waived for the Limited Use application and for the Floodplain Development Permit, including the deposit fee and review fees. More recently, on January 9, 2024, she agreed that Signed Participation Agreements were acceptable in lieu of title work; the agreements are attached to this submittal.

We submitted the PAMS form to the County Development Review Team on December 22, 2023, and the Historic Preservation Request form to the Historic Preservation Planner on February 1, 2024. In addition, we talked with Liz Northrup, Boulder County Conservation Easement Program Supervisor, who reviewed the concept drawings and provided a letter that is attached to this submittal.

At this phase of the project, The Watershed Center and the design/build team has completed field visits, held a community meeting, and coordinated with project stakeholders, including Boulder County Parks and Open Space (BCPOS). BCPOS and local landowners have reviewed both the concept drawings and draft plans and provided input and recommendations. Construction is expected to begin in October 2024 with an estimated duration of 12 weeks. Additional planting will likely occur in Spring 2025.

This packet includes the required LISU Application components including the LISU Submittal Checklist, Grading Fact Sheet, Application Form, Fee Agreement, and other applicable forms as well as this Narrative and Attachments, as listed below.

- A. LISU Pre-Application Map Set (All Pre-Application Conference [PAC] maps) and Parcel Reports
- B. Construction Drawings Including:
 - a. Cover Sheet
 - b. Sheet Index
 - c. Existing Conditions
 - d. Proposed Conditions
 - e. Details
 - f. Planting Plans
- C. Basis of Design Technical Memorandum (Engineering Report)
- D. Letter from Boulder County Conservation Easement Program Supervisor
- E. Landowner Access Agreement and MOU

Background Information

In September 2013, a prolonged, heavy rain event caused severe flooding on South St. Vrain Creek resulting in severe bank erosion and heavy deposition that degraded the geomorphic function and ecological condition of the Old St. Vrain reach project areas. Subsequently in 2020, the Calwood fire severely burned over 10,000 acres in the South St. Vrain and Left Hand Watersheds resulting in increased surface runoff, high flows, and sedimentation that further reduced geomorphic and ecological function at these reaches. Along with the impacts of recent flood and fire, the Old St. Vrain reaches are listed on the Colorado's Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters for temperature.

The project area was part of a larger reach of South St. Vrain Creek that was identified and prioritized for restoration following the 2013 flood by the Emergency Watershed Protection Program (EWP)¹. This early post-flood planning and design underwent a public engagement process and resulted in a preliminary restoration design. Other parts of this larger reach have been constructed or are in the final design phase. For this project, there are two focus areas: the upstream (US) area and the downstream (DS) area (Attachment A). The US area, which has not been restored since the 2013 flood, experienced

¹ Preliminary Basis of Design Report for South St. Vrain Creek Restoration at Hall Ranch by Matrix Design Group, 2016

heavy deposition resulting in limited geomorphic and ecological function. Through continued stakeholder collaboration, this section was identified as a priority area for river restoration that addresses impacts of recent flood and fire and improves geomorphic function and ecological conditions now and into the future. The DS area is an overflow channel that was part of the 2019 project by BCPOS under the EWP Program flood recovery efforts. Through stakeholder and landowner collaboration, this area was prioritized as an opportunity for adaptive management to improve floodplain connection and habitat.

Project Description

Impacted Parcel Information

Old St. Vrain Reach Parcels

The parcels that will be impacted by this project are listed below in Table 1. Per directive from the Boulder County Land Use Department, Ownership and Encumbrance (O&E) reports are not required and have not been included for this project. Instead, we have included landowner access agreement and MOU.

LOCATION	PARCEL ID	PHYSICAL ADDRESS	OWNER ID
US	120125000010	31074 S ST VRAIN RD	HALL, JOHN A. ET AL
US	120125000011	0 OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD	COUNTY OF BOULDER
US	120124000005	0 OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD	COUNTY OF BOULDER
DS	120319000016	530 OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD	COUNTY OF BOULDER

TABLE 1

The upstream area ("US" in table above) is where most of the work will occur. There is a neighboring parcel to the County property at the downstream area ("DS", ID 120319000006) owned by GOSNELL RONALD A & JOALEEN D. Ron Gosnell is an active stakeholder in this project. However, no impacts are planned for that property.

Project Design Description

Upstream Area

The focus of this project is to lower the excess accumulated sediment from the 2013 flood down to elevations that promote channel connectivity and natural floodplain processes. The material to be excavated is a mixture of sand, gravel, and cobble material and has a relatively sparse vegetative cover. It will be cut down to create a riparian floodplain that integrates with existing lower vegetated areas and creates additional low areas that allow for varying hydrologic regimes and habitat types. Relatively simple wood structures such as post and wattle and post-assisted structures will be placed in the lowest areas to add roughness that helps slow flows that overtop the channel bank and trap sediment. Proposed waste areas for the material are shown in the plans and described further in the Grading Discussion, below.

Additional limited and strategic grading will occur at several locations to better connect the channel with existing floodplain swales that are at a higher elevation.

To further enhance habitat, log jams will be placed in several locations along the edge of the creek. These features will add hydraulic complexity that will help promote interaction between the creek and floodplain and creation of additional pool habitat in the creek.

Downstream Area

At the entrance into Overflow Channel F, strategic grading will occur to promote access for flows above bankfull. By lowering the connection to a bankfull elevation, the overflow area will be able to better function as intended, providing additional room for flood flows to spread out and allowing more frequent interaction of the channel and floodplain and natural processes such as deposition, infiltration, and support of a riparian plant community. Excavated material will be placed along the toe of slope of State Highway 7 (S. St. Vrain Drive). Coordination with CDOT will occur soon now that this draft design has been developed.

In addition to this grading, random boulders for habitat are proposed in the nearby channel using material that is available on-site. They will be partially buried in the channel bed to provide habitat complexity that is lacking in this reach, as well as additional channel roughness. The habitat boulders will only be for habitat improvement at lower flows and will not impact flood flows.

It is intended for the work in this downstream area to take only a few days, at most, to construct. Grading quantities and transport distances are relatively low.

Revegetation Plan

We anticipate two riparian zones, upper and lower, for our revegetation planting plan. Both are native, multi-tiered communities and will have an associated native seed component to support short term soil stabilization. There are also wetland and upland seeding zones. The list of species reflects the preliminary revegetation plan, which will be further developed as the plans are finalized. See plan sheet 22 in Attachment B for a list of species to be used in the revegetation.

The planting plan will balance active seeding and planting with natural plant establishment that is anticipated in the lower parts of the graded floodplain. The planting design approach is to provide soil stability and a natural level of diversity without being overly crowded or complex. Also, we anticipate that field adjustments to the planting zones and plant placement will be necessary to best fit the restored areas.

The project team will selectively harvest and transplant willow clumps to help start establishment. We have had good results transplanting willows for other design/build restoration projects along the Front Range.

Any uplands disturbance, such as staging areas, will be seeded and mulched with appropriate upland seed mix. The Watershed Center will conduct maintenance, including weed control and monitoring of vegetation, for three years.

Erosion Control

Work will take place October through December, when creek flows are low. Sediment control BMP's will be used. Erosion control logs will be placed along the creek and at the downgradient edge of grading areas and soil stockpiles, and a vehicle tracking pad will be placed at the entrance to the site. Tracking onto the road will be monitored and cleaned if needed. Also, staging and stockpile areas will be located outside of the regulatory floodplain.

Grading Discussion

It is the project team's intention to balance the site work and minimize material transport as much as possible. The Grading Fact Sheet for the project is included in the permit application forms. Overall, the design team anticipates a total of approximately 6,000 cubic yards of cut material and 6,000 cubic yards of fill material. We will not import any fill material and will not export any cut material. (All fill material will be repurposed cut material.) We anticipate placing excess cut material in designated areas on- or near-site in a manner that blends with the existing topography. The designated spoil areas are represented by the proposed grading shown on plan sheets 8, 10, and 12 in Attachment B. They will be covered with soil and reseeded. In addition to the above earthwork, we anticipate using approximately 12 cubic yards of existing on-site boulders for the random habitat boulders. Any trees on site proposed for removal will be repurposed in the installation of wood structures.

Traffic Control, Haul Routes, Access Points & Staging Areas

The main project access and staging area will be off the private road that goes to the old quarry, accessible from Old St. Vrain Road. The downstream area will be accessed from a wide part of the shoulder off State Highway 7, near the proposed work. The access points and staging areas that are under consideration have been included on the Proposed Conditions sheets (sheets 10 and 12) in Attachment B.

As mentioned above, on December 22, 2023, we submitted a Pre-Application Methodology Statement (PAMS) to the County for review.

Permitting in Progress

The project team has initiated coordination with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for the Section 404 permitting process and is in the process of scheduling a pre-application meeting with them. We are also in the process of reaching out to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).

Closer to construction, the project team will obtain a Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment (CDPHE) stormwater permit for the project.

Grading Calculation

Cut and fill calculations are necessary to evaluate the disturbance of a project and to verify whether or not a Limited Impact Special Use Review (LISR) is required. A Limited Impact Special Use Review is required when grading for a project involves more than 500 cubic yards (minus normal cut/fill and backfill contained within the foundation footprint).

If grading totals are close to the 500 yard trigger, additional information may be required, such as a grading plan stamped by a Colorado Registered Professional Engineer.

Earth Work and Grading

This worksheet is to help you accurately determine the amount of grading for the property in accordance with the Boulder County Land Use Code. Please fill in all applicable boxes.

Note: Applicant(s) must fill in the shaded boxes even though foundation work does not contribute toward the 500 cubic yard trigger requiring Limited Impact Special Use Review. Also, all areas of earthwork must be represented on the site plan.

Earth Work and Grading Worksheet:

	Cut	Fill	Subtotal	
Driveway and Parking Areas	Not Applicable		na	
Berm(s)	Not Applicable		na	
Other Grading	6,000 CY	6,000 CY	12,000 CY	
Subtotal			12,000 CY Box 1	
* If the total in Box 1 is greater than 500 cubic yards, then a Limited Impact Special Review is required.				
	Cut	Fill	Total	
Foundation	Not Applicable		na	
Material cut from foundation excavation that will be removed from the property			na	

Excess Material will be Transported to the Following Location:

Excess Materials Transport Location:	No excess material is anticipated; all material will stay on site.	

Is Your Property Gated and Locked?

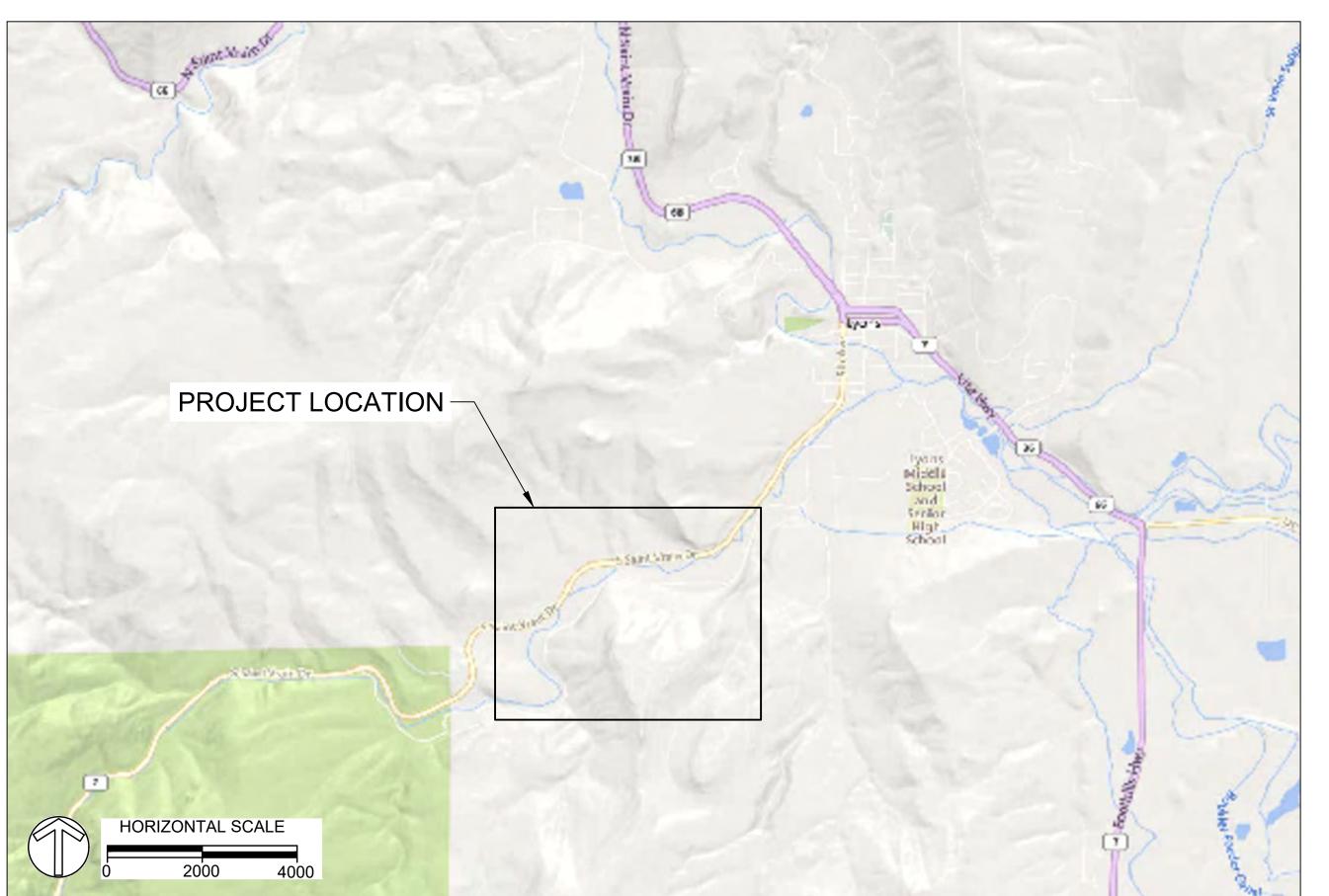
Note: If county personnel cannot access the property, it could cause delays in reviewing your application.

Certification

I certify that the information submitted is complete and correct. I agree to clearly identify the property (if not already addressed) and stake the location of the improvements on the site within four days of submitting this application. I understand that the intent of the Site Plan Review process is to address the impacts of location and type of structures, and that modifications may be required. Site work will not be done prior to issuance of a Grading or Building Permit.

Signature Michael Scott Lighthiser	Date 01/10/2024
------------------------------------	-----------------

OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD REACH RESTORATION DRAFT DESIGN / BUILD PLANS

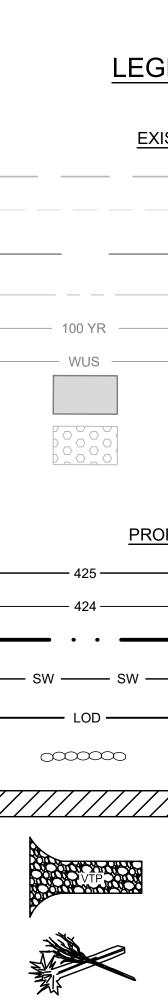


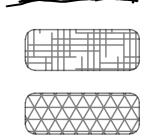
SHEET LIST TABLE

SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE
1	COVER SHEET
2	SHEET INDEX
3	EXISTING CONDITIONS
4	EXISTING CONDITIONS
5	EXISTING CONDITIONS
6	EXISTING CONDITIONS
7	EXISTING CONDITIONS
8	PROPOSED CONDITIONS
9	PROPOSED CONDITIONS
10	PROPOSED CONDITIONS
11	PROPOSED CONDITIONS
12	PROPOSED CONDITIONS
13	DETAILS
14	DETAILS
15	DETAILS
16	DETAILS
17	PLANTING PLAN
18	PLANTING PLAN
19	PLANTING PLAN
20	PLANTING PLAN
21	PLANTING PLAN
22	PLANTING DETAILS

2/5/2024 I:\Projects\23913.01 Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration\CAD\Plans\cv01osv.dwg

VICINITY MAP





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CLIENT



ISSUES / REVISIONS

FOR CONSTRUCTION

DRAFT PLANS - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

DRAFT PLANS FOR COUNTY LISU REVIEW - NOT

DATE:

01/10/2024 02/05/2024

LEGENDS

<u>EXISTING</u>

- MAJOR CONTOUR
- MINOR CONTOUR
- SURVEY CONTOUR
- BOUNDARYGIS PROPERTY LINE
- FLOODPLAIN
- WATERS OF THE US
 BUILDING
- RIP RAP

PROPOSED

- MAJOR CONTOUR
- MINOR CONTOUR
- BASELINE
 STRAW WATTLE
- (SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG)
- LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE TEMPORARY STONE CHECK DAM
- STAGING AREA

VEHICLE TRACKING PAD SITE ACCESS

LARGE WOOD

WATTLE STRUCTURE

POST ASSISTED LOG STRUCTURE

BRUSH TRENCH

<u>PLANTING</u>

- UPPER RIPARIAN ZONE
- LOWER RIPARIAN ZONE
- UPLAND SEEDING ZONE
- HERBACEOUS WETLAND ZONE



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OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD REACH RESTORATION

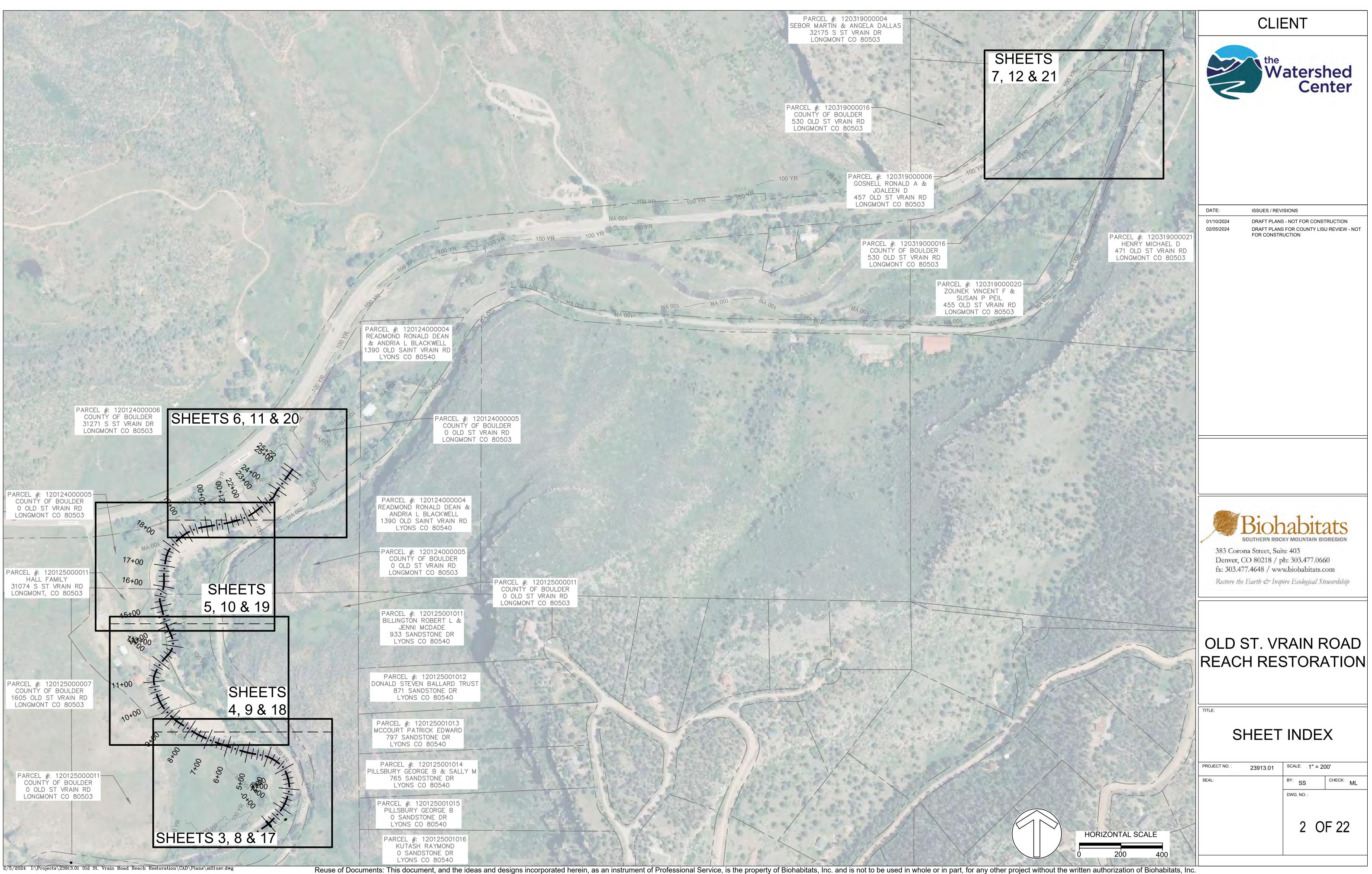
COVER SHEET

PROJECT NO.: 23913.01 SCALE: AS SHOWN

TITLE:

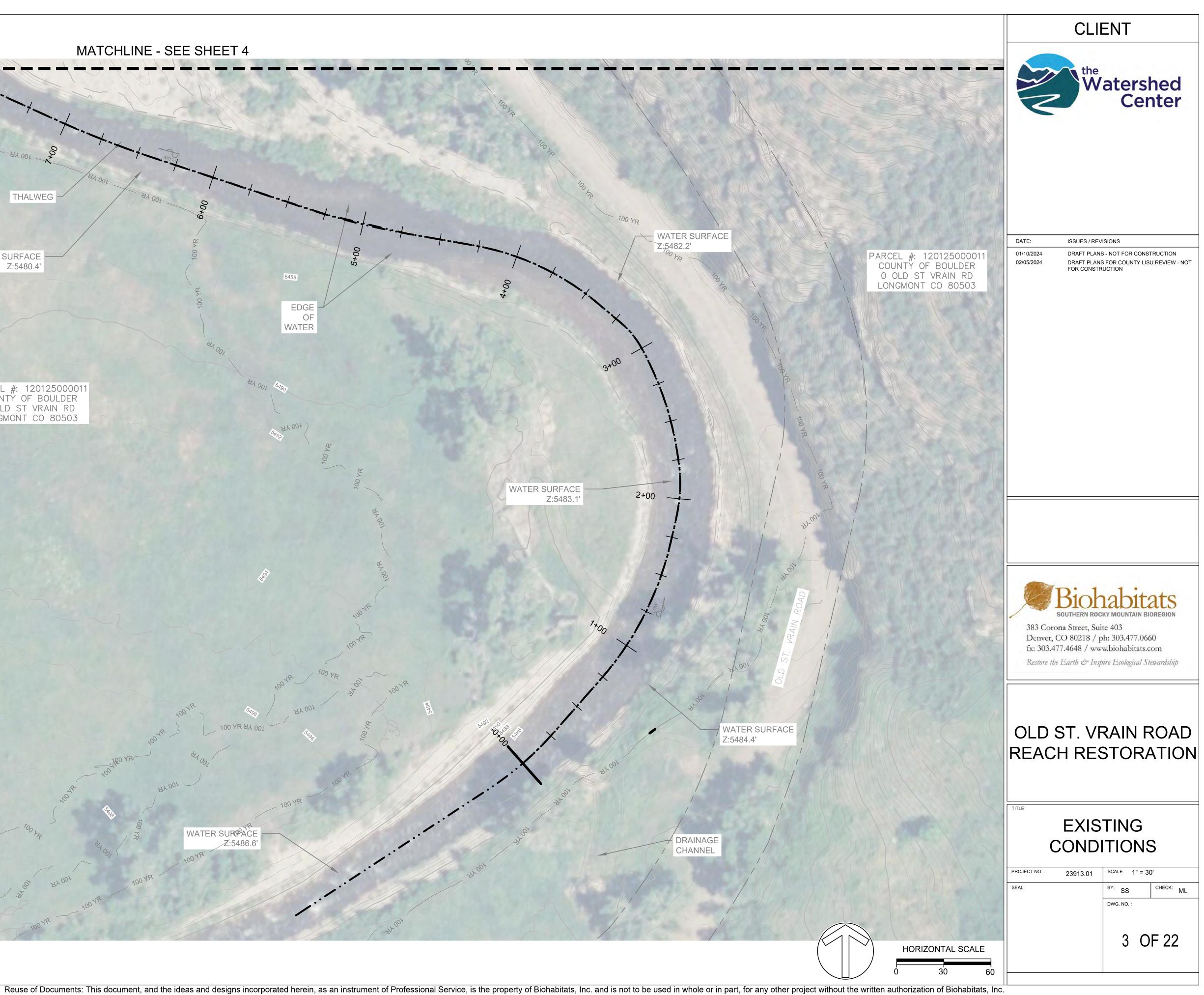
AL:	^{BY:} SS	CHECK: ML
	DWG. NO. :	
	1 0	F 22





00+2 100 XB THALWEG WATER SURFACE Z:5480.4 PARCEL #: 120125000011 COUNTY OF BOULDER 0 OLD ST VRAIN RD LONGMONT CO 80503

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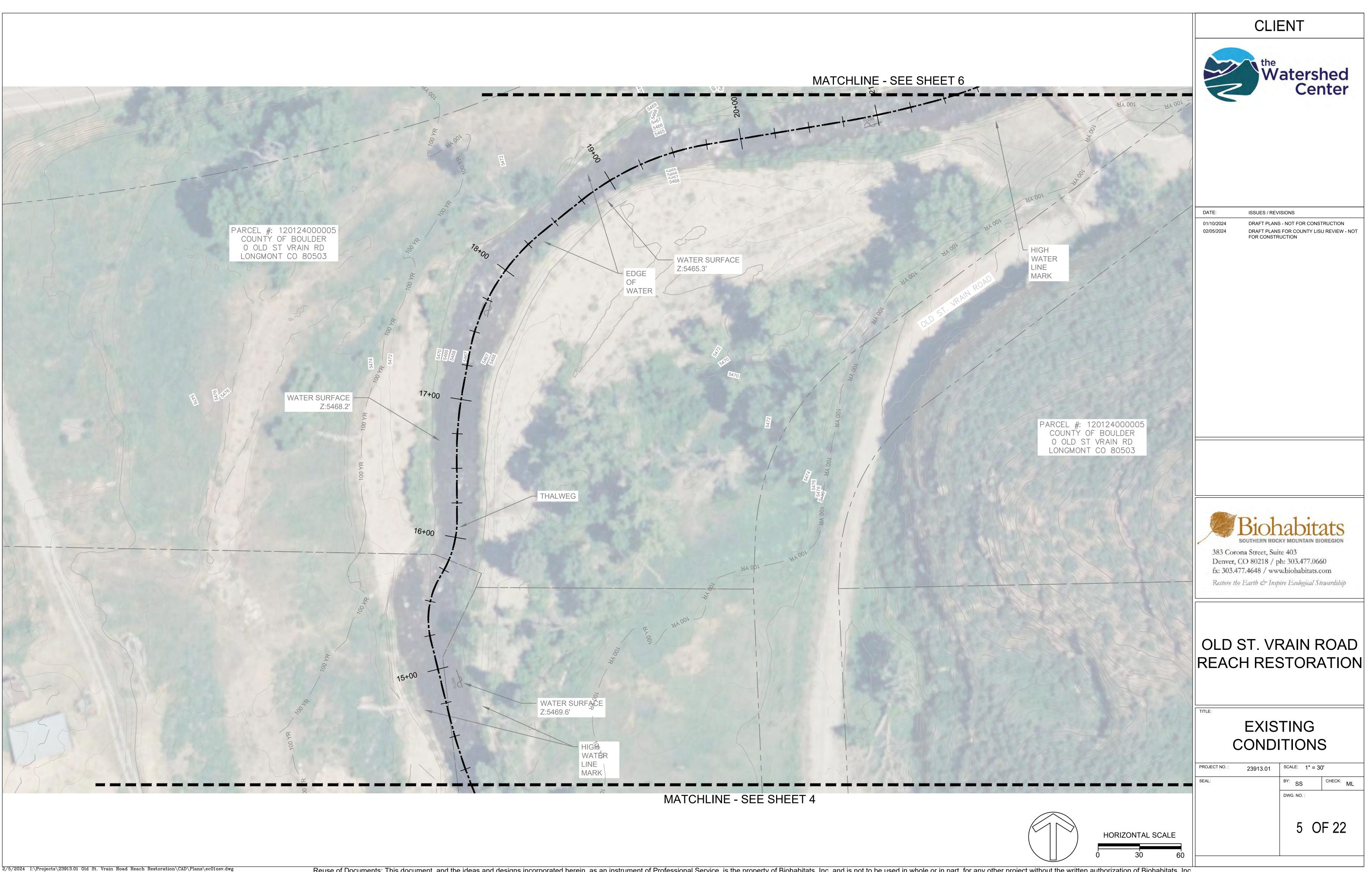


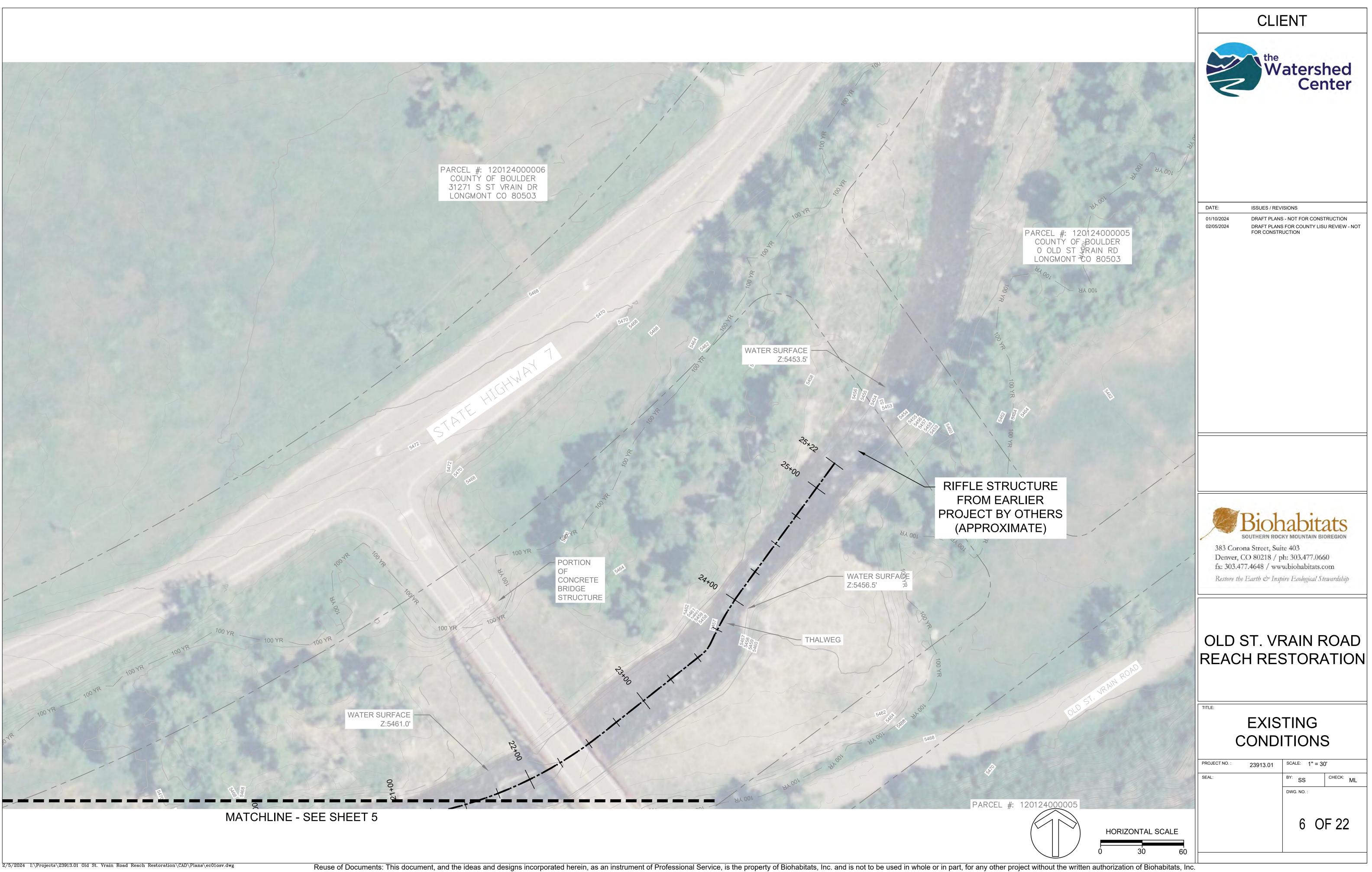


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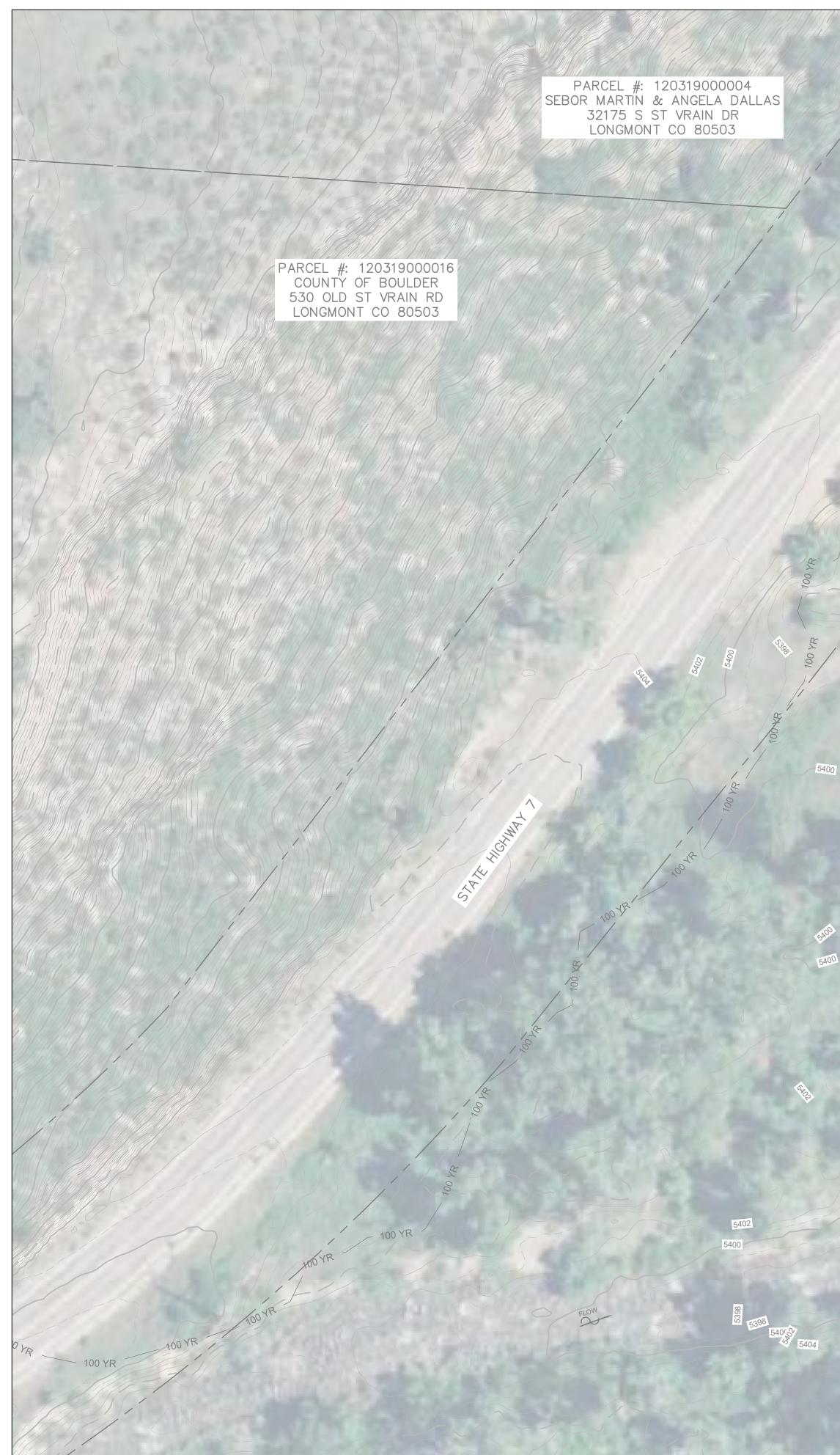








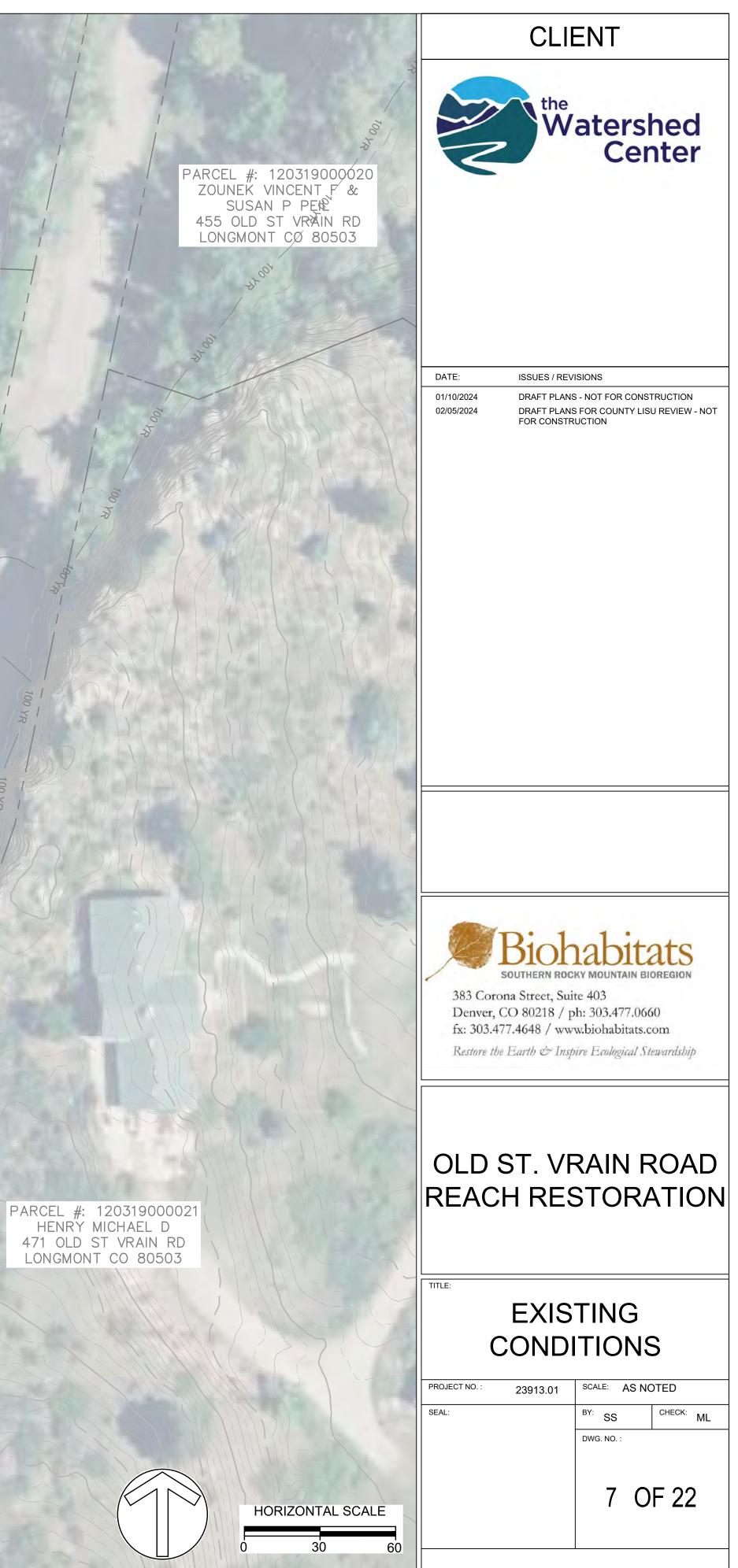




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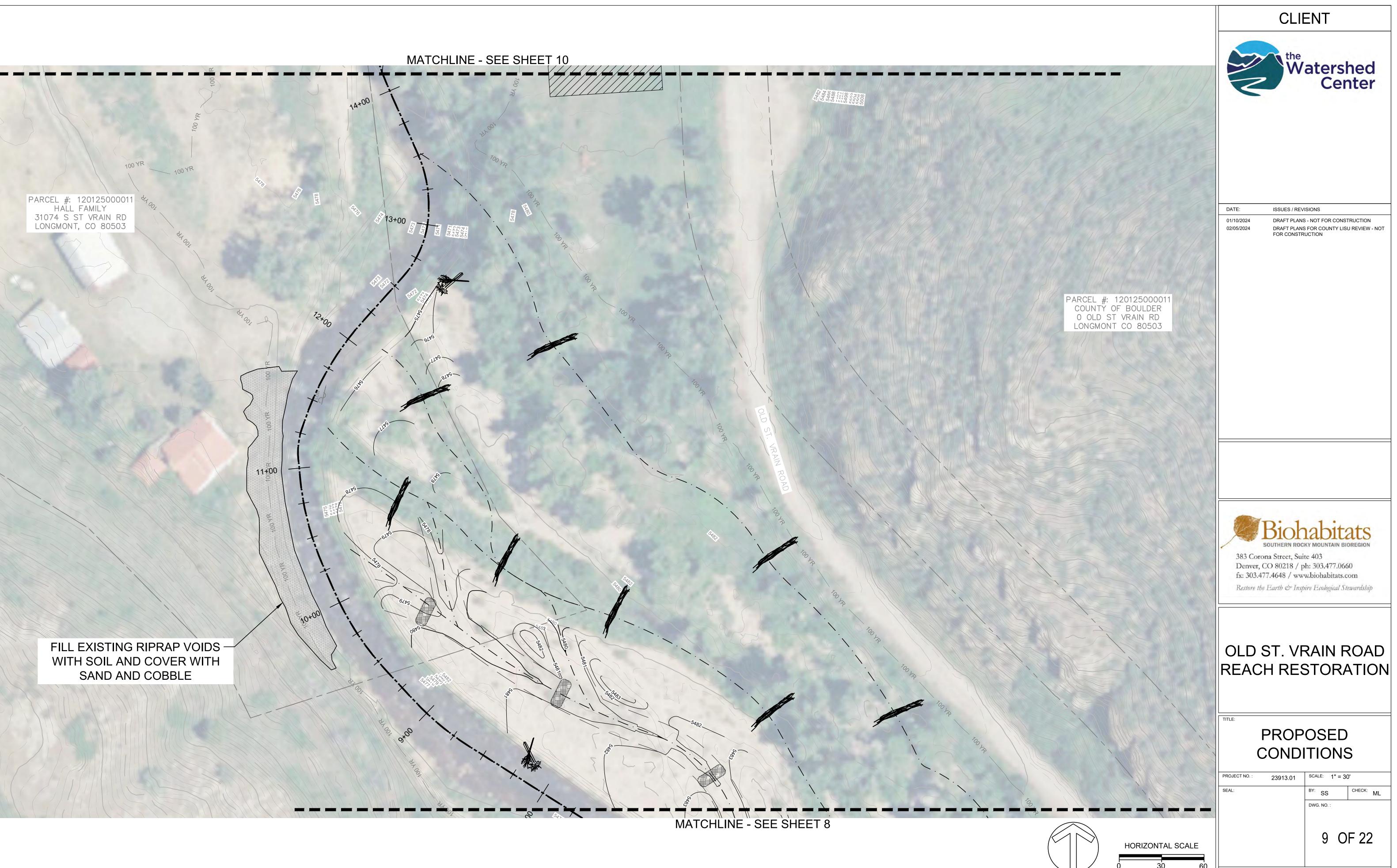
PARCEL #: 120319000006 GOSNELL RONALD A & JOALEEN D 457 OLD ST VRAIN RD LONGMONT CO 80503

PARCEL #: 120319000016 COUNTY OF BOULDER 5400 530 OLD ST VRAIN RD LONGMONT CO 80503



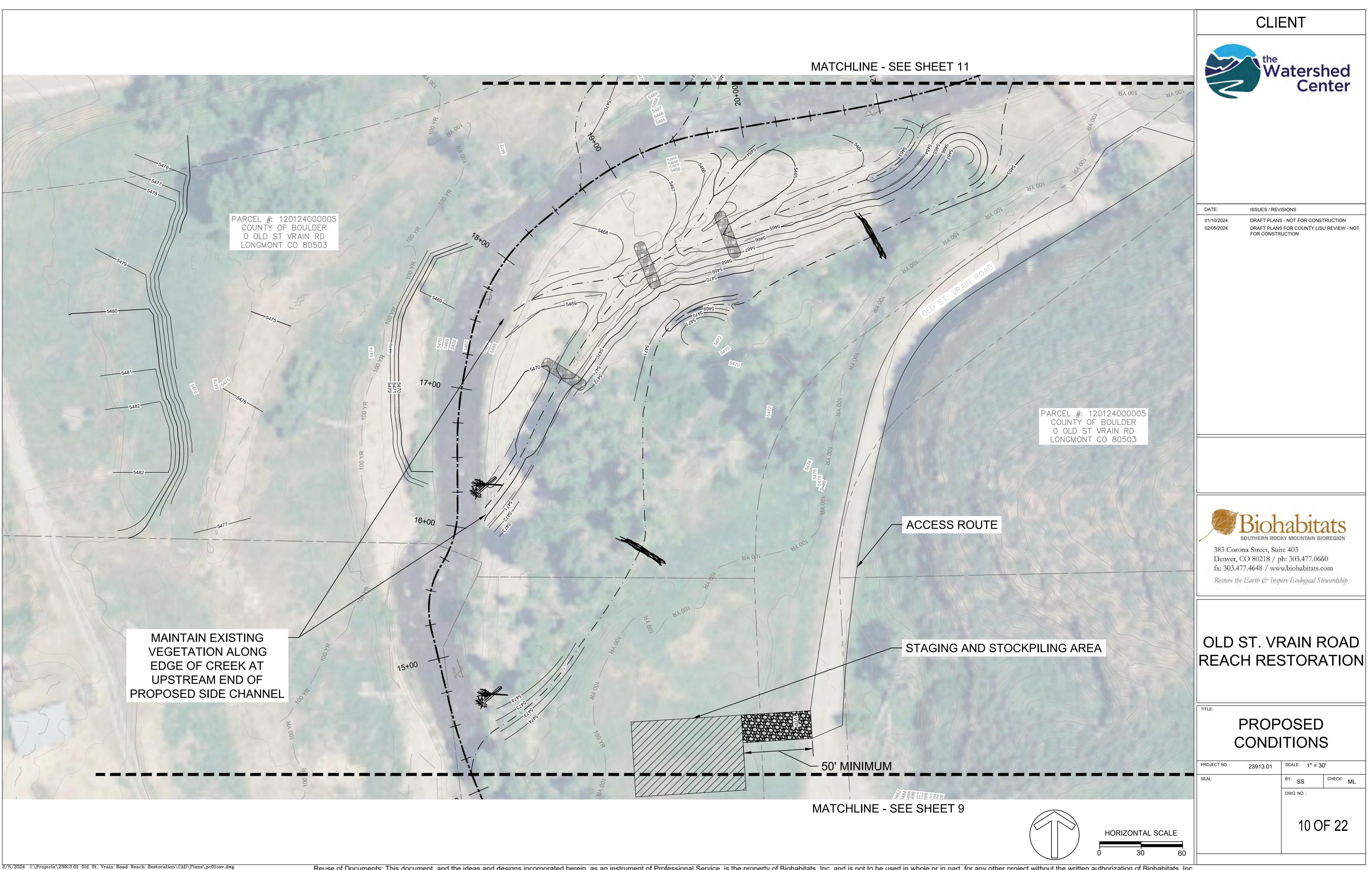


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Attachment A - Application Materials



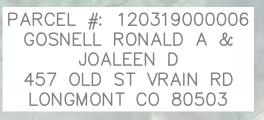






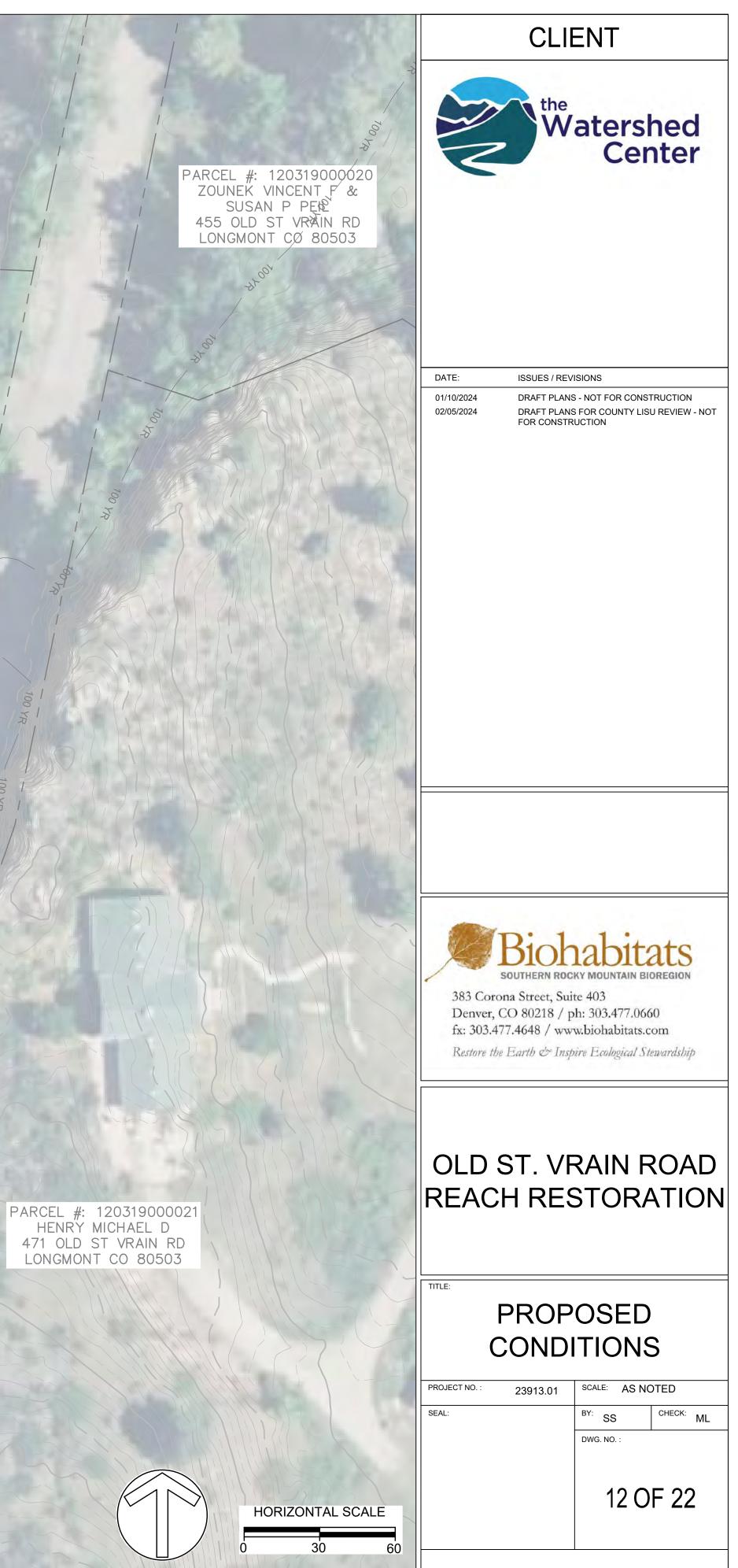


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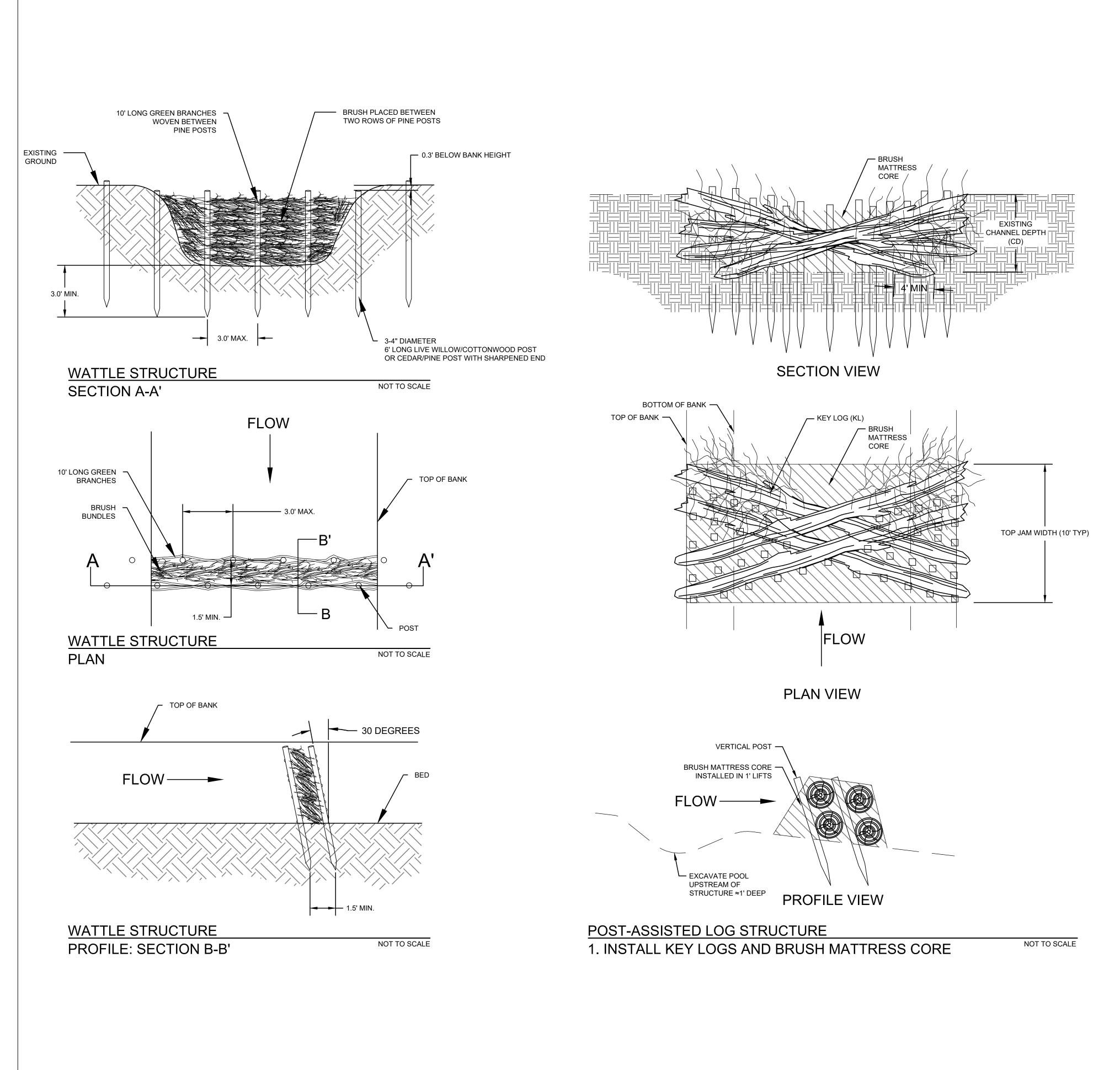


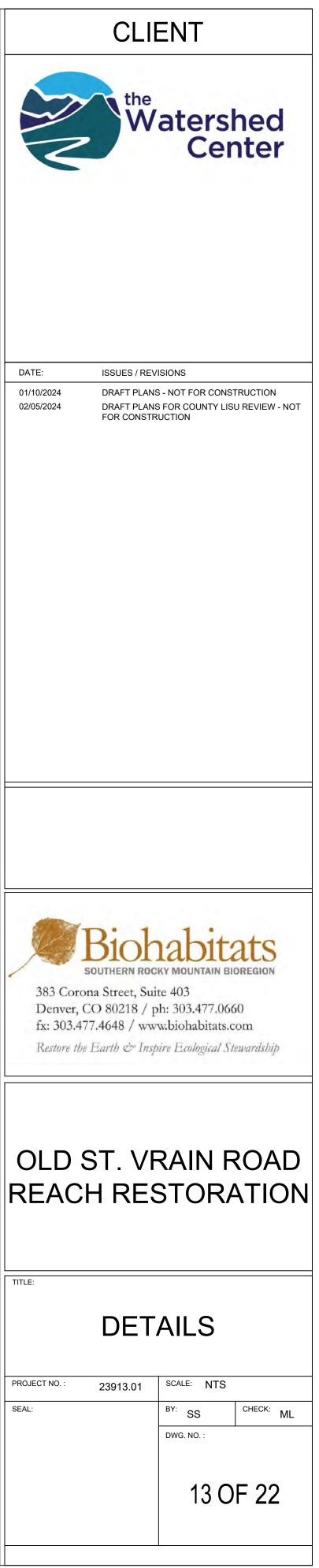
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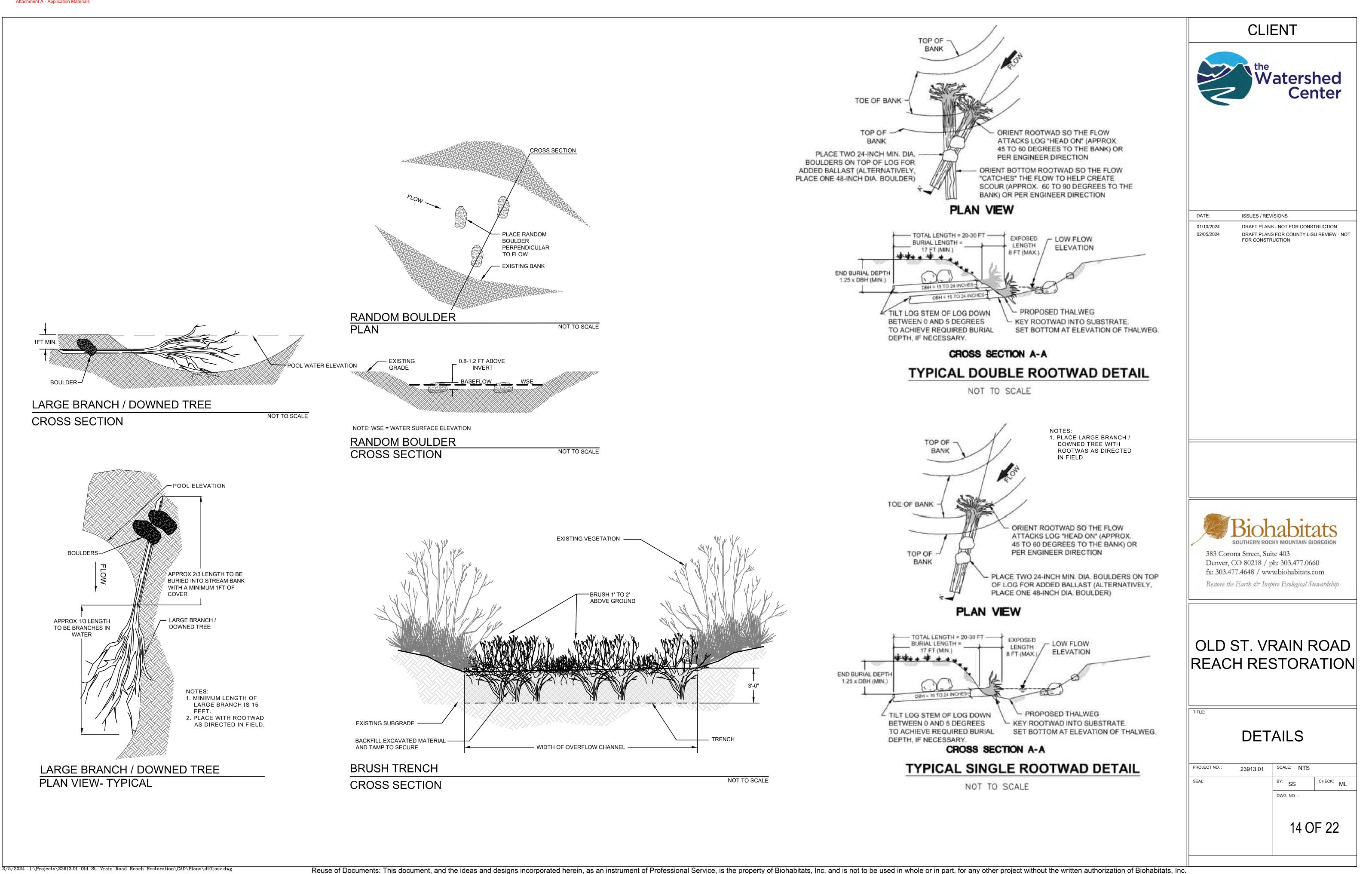
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REACHES 1 - 2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

ALL DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE VEGETATED WITH APPROPRIATE NATIVE PLANT COMMUNITIES AS SHOWN ON THE RESTORATION PLAN.

THE MAIN TYPE OF ACTIVITY THAT MAY IMPACT STORMWATER IS SOIL DISTURBANCE DUE TO FLOODPLAIN GRADING ACTIVITIES. DURING FLOODPLAIN GRADING, SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS (STRAW WATTLES) WILL BE USED TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT THAT MAY BE TRANSPORTED IN RUNOFF FROM UPGRADIENT AREAS. FOR EROSION CONTROL FOLLOWING GRADING ACTIVITIES AND DURING PLANT ESTABLISHMENT, CRIMPED STRAW WILL BE INSTALLED OVER THE SITE: AREAS DIFFICULT FOR DRILL SEEDING WILL RECEIVE HYDROSEED AND MULCH. OTHER POTENTIAL IMPACTS TO STORMWATER MAY INCLUDE FUELING AND MATERIAL DELIVERY AND STORAGE. OVERALL. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE CARRIED OUT TO MINIMIZE SITE DISTURBANCE. SOUTH ST. VRAIN CREEK.

DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND CORRESPONDING BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

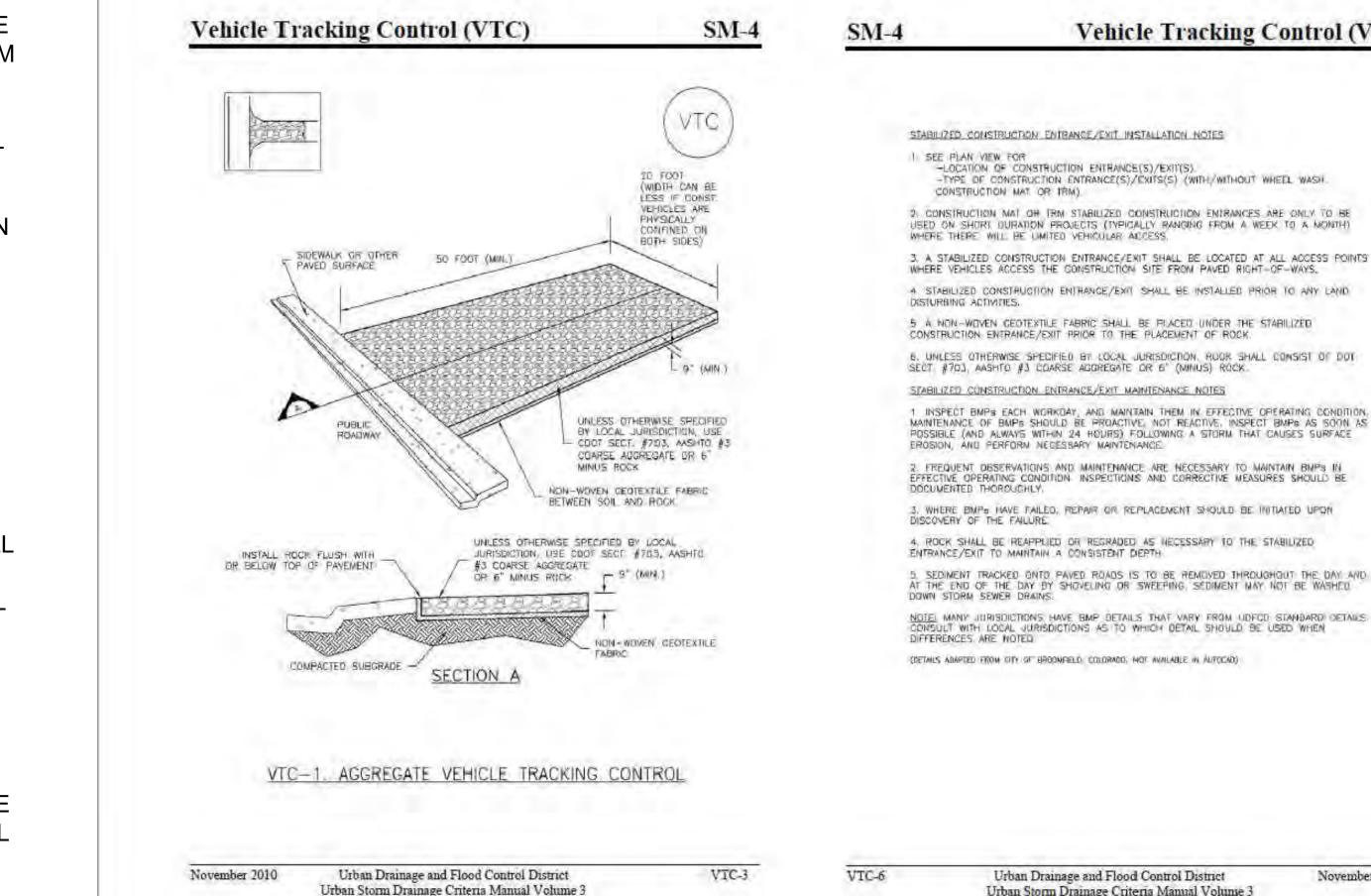
- **EXISTING VEGETATION AND EARTHWORK EXISTING VEGETATION SHALL BE PROTECTED** AND RETAINED WHEREVER POSSIBLE. THE SOIL WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE IS MAINLY ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS COMPOSED OF GRAVEL AND COBBLE. THE DENSITY OF EXISTING VEGETATION WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE IS ONLY ABOUT 20% BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY. THE LOW VEGETATION DENSITY IS DUE TO LARGE ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS FROM THE EXTREME FLOOD EVENT IN 2013. THIS PROJECT WILL REMOVE MUCH OF THE ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS PROVIDING MORE CONDUCIVE CONDITIONS FOR NATIVE WILLOWS AND COTTONWOOD. REMOVAL OR DISTURBANCE OF EXISTING VEGETATION WILL BE LIMITED TO NON-NATIVE TREES OR TO THE AREA REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH THE RESTORATION GOALS OF THE PROJECT. CONTIGUOUS AREAS OF PROTECTED EXISTING VEGETATION WILL BE MARKED WITH CAUTION TAPE.
- SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING EARTHWORK STRAW WATTLES WILL BE USED TO 2. CONTROL SEDIMENT IN RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS THAT CAN FLOW DIRECTLY INTO THE RIVER. BEFORE GRADING OCCURS, WE WILL PLACE WATTLES JUST OUTSIDE (DOWN-GRADIENT) OF THE EXTENT OF GRADING IN LOCATIONS NEAR THE RIVER. AT THE END OF THE DAY, WE WILL COMPACT NEWLY-GRADED AREAS ADJACENT TO THE STREAM USING THE BUCKET OR BY TRACKING WITH EQUIPMENT.
- WORK NEAR EDGE OF RIVER CONSTRUCTION IS PLANNED TO OCCUR DURING 3. LOW-FLOW CONDITIONS TO MINIMIZE SEDIMENT TRANSPORT DOWNSTREAM. FLOW WILL BE DIVERTED BY CREATING A BERM OUT OF EXISTING COBBLE MATERIAL
- FOLLOWING GRADING, DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE COVERED IN STRAW AND CRIMPED OR, FOR STEEPER SLOPES, HYDROSEEDED AND MULCHED. PERMANENT REVEGETATION WITH NATIVE SPECIES, BOTH LIVE PLANTING AND SEEDING, WILL OCCUR FOLLOWING **GRADING ACTIVITIES. GRADED SLOPES WILL TYPICALLY BE FLATTER THAN 3:1**
- 5. FUELING FUELING WILL OCCUR IN THE STAGING AREAS. IN CASE OF FUEL SPILL, SOIL WITH ABSORBED FUEL WILL BE EXCAVATED, PLACED IN PLASTIC BAGS, AND DISPOSED OF IN AN APPROPRIATE MANNER.
- MATERIAL STORAGE STOCKPILES AND EQUIPMENT WILL BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE 6 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- MATERIAL DELIVERY AND EQUIPMENT OPERATION ACCESS TO THE SITES WILL OCCUR FROM OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD USING EXISTING DRIVEWAYS WHERE AVAILABLE. ANY DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE SMOOTHED AND SEEDED AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY EXCESS MATERIALS, GARBAGE, AND DEBRIS FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND APPROPRIATELY DISPOSED.
- VEHICLE TRACKING MANAGEMENT VEHICLE ENTRANCE/EXIT WILL BE LIMITED AND WILL 8. MAINLY CONSIST OF PERSONAL VEHICLES AND OCCASIONAL DELIVERY TRUCKS. A VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL PAD WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE ENTRANCE/EXIT CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT WILL PARK ON-SITE OVERNIGHT. PARKING WILL OCCUR IN THE STAGING AREA DESCRIBED ABOVE. VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO FRONTAGE ROAD WILL BE MONITORED AND STREET SWEEPING INITIATED IF DEEMED NECESSARY.
- 9. MANAGEMENT OF CONTAMINATED SOIL NO CONTAMINATED SOIL IS ANTICIPATED TO BE ENCOUNTERED. IF THERE IS ANY INDICATION OF POSSIBLE CONTAMINATION, WORK WILL STOP AND THE APPROPRIATE COUNTY DEPARTMENT WILL BE CONTACTED TO VISIT THE SITE.

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- 10. SIGNIFICANT DUST OR PARTICULATE GENERATION GRADING ACTIVITIES HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO GENERATE DUST DURING HIGH WINDS. WE DO NOT ANTICIPATE GENERATING DUST DURING CONSTRUCTION AS MOST OF THE SOILS IN THE PROJECT AREAS CONSIST OF LARGE SAND, GRAVEL, AND COBBLE.
- 11. SANITARY WASTE A PORTABLE TOILET WILL BE PROVIDED ON SITE. IT WILL BE LOCATED IN A STAGING AREA ON LEVEL GROUND AWAY FROM WATERWAYS AND STORM DRAINS AND SERVICED WEEKLY.
- 12. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES NO ROUTINE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES ARE PLANNED TO OCCUR ON SITE.
- 13. CONCRETE WASHOUT THERE WILL BE NO CONCRETE USED IN THIS PROJECT
- 14. DEDICATED ASPHALT OR CONCRETE BATCH PLANT THERE WILL BE NO ASPHALT OR CONCRETE BATCH PLANT USED IN THIS PROJECT.
- 15. FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE ACHIEVED THROUGH ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION. REFER TO RESTORATION PLAN AND PLANTING SCHEDULES FOR DETAILED INFORMATION ON LONG-TERM PERMANENT VEGETATION.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- INSTALL APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION BMPS AND SAFETY FENCE, AS APPROPRIATE.
- 2. STAKE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND PROPOSED GRADES. AS NEEDED.
- 3. EXCAVATE TO ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON PLANS AND HAUL MATERIAL TO DESIGNATED FILL AREAS.
- SEED DISTURBED AREAS. INSTALL COIR MATTING ON DESIGNATED SLOPES.
- INSTALL HYDROMULCH OR CRIMPED STRAW IN APPROPRIATE AREAS.
- 6. INSTALL TREES AND SHRUBS.



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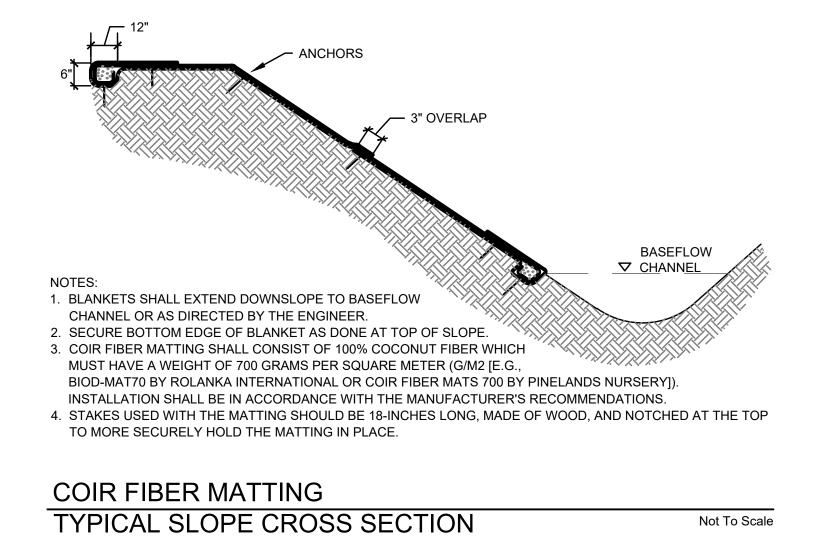
CLIENT Watershed Center DATE: **ISSUES / REVISIONS** 01/10/2024 DRAFT PLANS - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION 02/05/2024 DRAFT PLANS FOR COUNTY LISU REVIEW - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC) SOUTHERN ROCKY MOUNTAIN BIOREGION 383 Corona Street, Suite 403 Denver, CO 80218 / ph: 303.477.0660 fx: 303.477.4648 / www.biohabitats.com Restore the Earth & Inspire Ecological Stewardship OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD REACH RESTORATION TITLE DETAILS PROJECT NO. SCALE: NTS 23913.01 CHECK: ML SEAL SS DWG. NO. November 2010 Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 15 OF 22

STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- INSTALL ALL REQUIRED BMPS **PRIOR** TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY (STOCKPILING, STRIPPING, GRADING, ETC). INSTALL ALL REQUIRED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AT THE APPROPRIATE TIME IN THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE AS INDICATED IN THE APPROVED PROJECT SCHEDULE. CONSTRUCTION PLANS, AND EROSION CONTROL REPORT.
- 2. PROTECT AND RETAIN PRE-DISTURBANCE VEGETATION WHEREVER POSSIBLE. LIMIT REMOVAL OR DISTURBANCE OF EXISTING VEGETATION TO THE AREA REQUIRED FOR IMMEDIATE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS AND THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME.
- 3. KEEP IN A ROUGHENED CONDITION ALL SOILS EXPOSED DURING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY (STRIPPING, GRADING, UTILITY INSTALLATIONS, STOCKPILING, FILLING, ETC.) BY RIPPING OR DISKING ALONG LAND CONTOURS UNTIL MULCH, VEGETATION, OR OTHER PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL IS INSTALLED. DO NOT LEAVE EXPOSED ANY SOILS IN AREAS OUTSIDE PROJECT STREET RIGHTS OF WAY BY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY FOR MORE THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS BEFORE INSTALLING REQUIRED TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL (E.G. SEED/MULCH, LANDSCAPING, ETC.), UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE STORMWATER DEPARTMENT.
- WATER AND MAINTAIN THE PROPERTY **AT ALL TIMES** DURING CONSTRUCTION 4. ACTIVITIES SO AS TO PREVENT WIND-CAUSED EROSION. IMMEDIATELY DISCONTINUE ALL LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES WHEN FUGITIVE DUST IMPACTS ADJACENT PROPERTIES
- 5. INSPECT, REPAIR, AND/OR RECONSTRUCT ALL TEMPORARY (STRUCTURAL) EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS NECESSARY AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND EVERY 14 DAYS IN ORDER TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION. REMOVE AND DISPOSE ALL RETAINED SEDIMENTS. PARTICULARLY THOSE ON PAVED ROADWAY SURFACES, IN A MANNER AND LOCATION SO AS NOT TO CAUSE THEIR RELEASE INTO ANY DRAINAGEWAY.
- 6. DO NOT EXCEED SOIL STOCKPILE HEIGHT OF TEN (10) FEET. PROTECT ALL SOIL STOCKPILES FROM SEDIMENT TRANSPORT BY SURFACE ROUGHENING. WATERING, AND PERIMETER SILT FENCING. SEED AND MULCH ANY SOIL STOCKPILE REMAINING AFTER 30 DAYS.
- 7. IMMEDIATELY CLEAN ANY INADVERTENTLY DEPOSITED MATERIAL FROM ROADWAYS.

CRIMPED STRAW

- AFTER SEEDING HAS BEEN COMPLETED, UNIFORMLY APPLY MULCH AT A RATE OF 1.5 TONS/ACRE (3,000 LBS/ACRE).
- 2. MECHANICALLY CRIMP MULCH TO A DEPTH OF 2 INCHES USING A CRIMPER. CRIMP ALL MULCH SUCH THAT THE INDIVIDUAL PIECES OF STRAW OR HAY FORM EXAGGERATED V-SHAPES PROTRUDING OUT OF THE GROUND SEVERAL INCHES.
- DO NOT ACCEPT STRAW OR HAY IN A STAGE OF DECOMPOSITION (DISCOLORED, 3. BRITTLE, ROTTEN, OR MOLDY) OR OLD, DRY MULCH WHICH BREAKS DURING THE APPLICATION OR CRIMPING PROCESS.

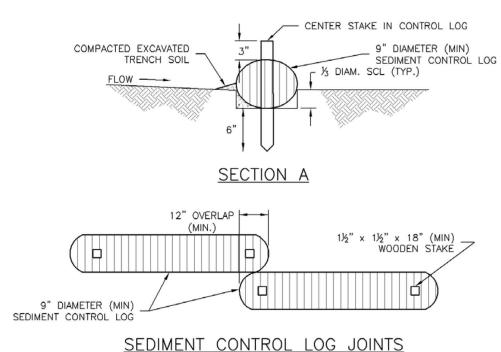


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Sediment Control Log (SCL)

SCL 1½" x 1½" x 18" (MIN) WOODEN STAKE 9" DIAMETER (MIN) SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG CENTER (TYP. NOTE: LARGER DIAMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY NEED TO BE EMBEDDED DEEPER.

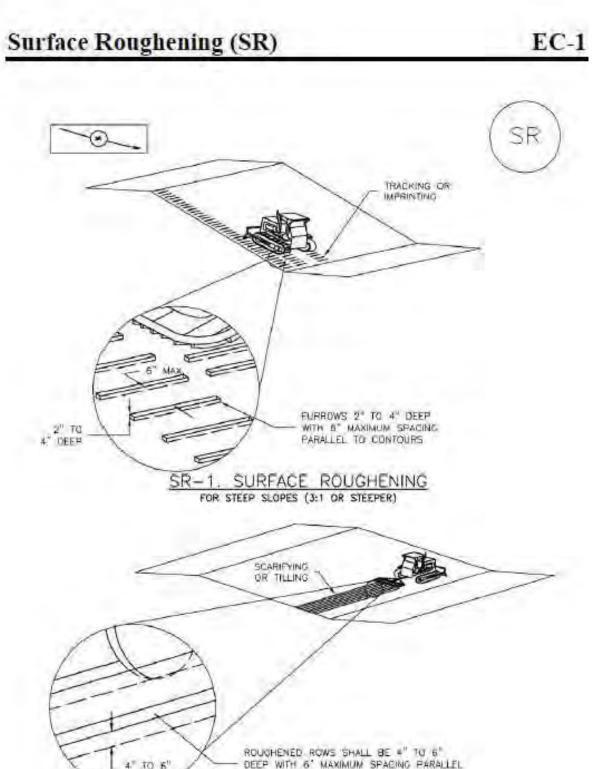
SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG



SCL-1. SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

November 2010



TO CONTOURS

SURFACE ROUGHENING

FOR LOW SLOPES (LESS THAN 3:1)

Sediment Control Log (SCL)

SC-2

SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG INSTALLATION NOTES

OF A RIGHT TRIANGLE USING A SHOVEL OR WEIGHTED LAWN ROLLER

SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG MAINTENANCE NOTES

EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

JURISDICTION AND CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED

November 2010

EC-1

SCL-3

SURFACE ROUGHENING INSTALLATION NOTES 1. SEE FLAN VIEW FOR.

-LOCATION(S) OF SURFACE RELIGHENING. FORECASTED HAIN EVENT.

5. A FARMING DISK SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SURFACE ROUGHENING SURFACE ROUGHENING MAINTENANCE NOTES

EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE

DOCUMENTED THORESIGHTY

DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District SR-3 SR-4 November 2010 Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

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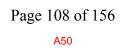


DEEP



CLIENT







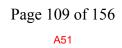
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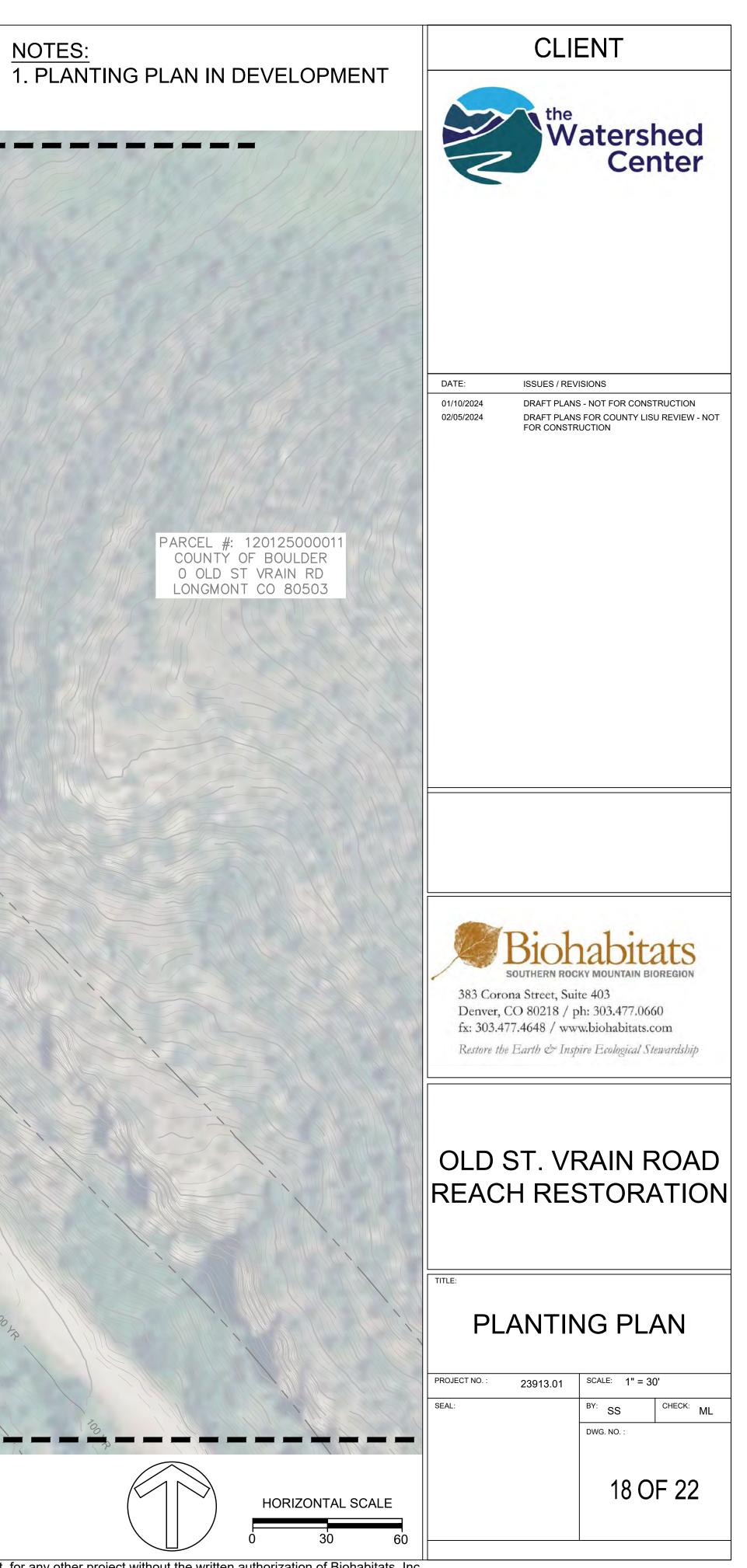
NOTES:

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MATCHLINE - SEE SHEET 17

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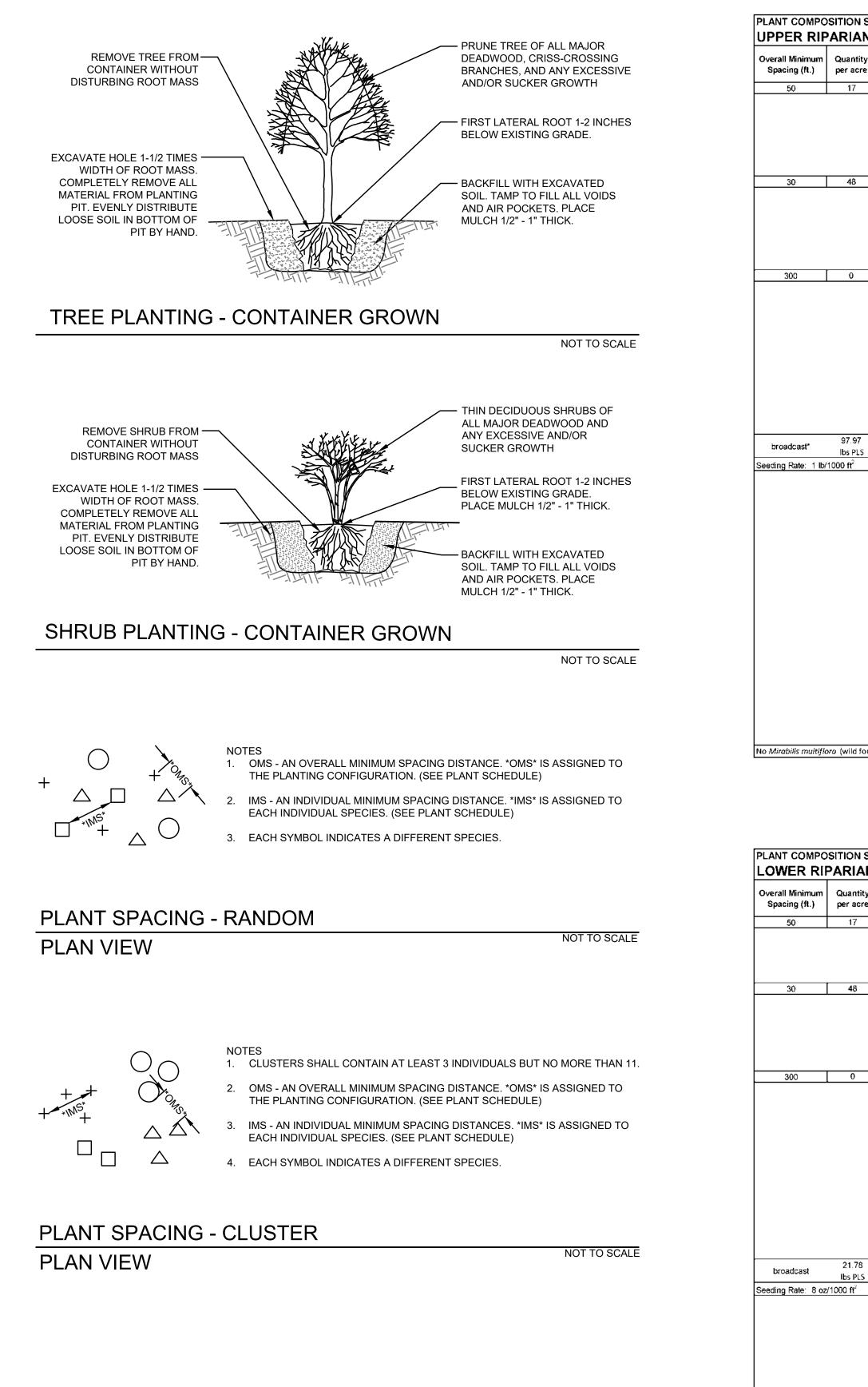








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RIAN							Size (acres):	1.00
uantity er acre	Frequency (%)	Species Quantity	Species Name	Common Name	Unit	Spacing Type	Size	Individual Minimum Spacing (ft.
17	Trees		•					
	25	4	Acer glabrum	Rocky Mountain maple	container	random	5 gal	10 1
	25	4	Acer negundo	Box elder	container	random	5 gal	10 1
	0	0	Populus angustifolia	Narrowleaf cottonwood	container	random	5 gal	na
	0	0	Populus deltoides	Plains cottonwood	container	random	5 gal	na
	25	4	Prunus americana	American plum	container	random	5 gal	101
	25	4	Prunus virginiano	Chokecherry	container	random	5 gal	101
	100	17	= total					
48	Shrubs		T		1		,	
	17	8	Potentilla fruticosa	Shrubby cinquefoil	container	random	60 ci or 14" root	73
	16	8	Rhus trilobata	Threeleaf sumac	container	random	60 ci ar 14" raot	75
	17	8	Ribes aureum	Golden currant	container	random	60 ci or 14" root	73
	17	8	Ribes cereum	Wax currant	container	random	60 ci or 14" root	73
	17	8	Rosa woodsii or R. acicularis	Rose	container	random	60 ci or 14" root	73
	16	8	Symphoricarpos occidentalis or S. albus	Snowberry	container	random	60 ci or 14" root	75
	100	48	= total					
0	Herbaceous La					t		
	8	0	Artemisio frigida	Fringed sagewort	container	random	plug	na
	8		Carex inops ssp. heliophila	Sun sedge	container	random	plug	na
	9 8	0	Corex proegracilis	Clustered field sedge	container	random	plug	na
	8	0	Elymus lanceolatus Evigeren flagellaric	Thickspike wheatgrass	container	random	plug	na
	9	0	Erigeron flagellaris Hesperostipa neomexicana	Trailing fleabane New Mexico needlegrass	container container	random random	plug	na
	8	0	Juncus orcticus	Arctic rush	container	random	plug plug	na na
	8	0 0	Liatris punctata	Dotted gayfeather	container	random	plug	na
	9	0	Muhlenbergia montana	Mountain muhly	container	random	plug	na
	8	o o	Poscopyrum smithii	Western wheatgrass	container	random	plug	na
	8	0	Rudbeckia hirta	Blackeyed Susan	container	random	plug	na
	9	ŏ	Solidago velutina	Velvety goldenrod	container	random	plug	na
	100	0	= total		CONTRAILLE	Tandoni	piug	Па
97.97		* High Plain:	s Foothills Meadow Mix, Western Native	Seed, Coaldale, CO), Seedi	ing area inclu	udes fill areas.		
bs PLS	21.1		Bouteloua curtipendula	Side Oats Grama	1			
) ft ²	14.1		Pascopyrum smithii	Western Wheatgrass				
	7.1		Elymus trachycaulus	Slender Wheatgrass				
	3.6		Elymus elymoides	Bottlebrush Squirreltail				
	3.6		Bouteloua gracilis	Blue Grama				
	3.6	Grasses	Achnatherum hymenoides	Indian Ricegrass				
	3.6		Andropogon gerardii	Big Bluestern				
	3.6		Nassella viridula	Green Needlegrass				
	3.6		Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Bluestern				
	3.6		Sorghastrum nutans	Yellow Indiangrass				
	3.6		Sporobolus cryptandrus	Sand Dropseed				
	1		Penstemon virgatus	Tall beard-tongue				
	27							
	3.7		Ratibida columnifera	Prairie Coneriower				
	3.7		Ratibida columnifera Dalea candida	Prairie Coneflower White Prairie Clover				
	3.7 3.3		Dalea candida	White Prairie Clover				
	3.7 3.3 3.3		Dalea candida Dalea purpurea	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3		Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.6	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea Rudbeckia hirta	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed Blackeyed Susan				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.6 1.0	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea Rudbeckia hirta Penstemon secundiflorus	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed Blackeyed Susan Orchid Beardtongue				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.6 1.0 0.7	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea Rudbeckia hirta Penstemon secundiflorus Hedysarum boreale	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed Blackeyed Susan Orchid Beardtongue Northern Sweet Vetch				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.6 1.0 0.7 0.6	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea Rudbeckia hirta Penstemon secundiflorus Hedysarum boreale Macheranthera bigelovii	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed Blackeyed Susan Orchid Beardtongue Northern Sweet Vetch Purple Aster				
	3.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.6 1.0 0.7	Forbs	Dalea candida Dalea purpurea Helianthus annuus Liatris punctata Oxytropis sericea Rudbeckia hirta Penstemon secundiflorus Hedysarum boreale	White Prairie Clover Purple Prairie Clover Annual Sunflower Dotted Gayfeather Silky Locoweed Blackeyed Susan Orchid Beardtongue Northern Sweet Vetch				

UPLAND		NG - DR	AFT	Size (acres):): 1.00	
	-	Frequency		Species Name	Common Name	
	per acre	(%)		· ·		
broadcast*	43.56			04 - 4 - 14 - 4 - 4	* f	
	lbs PLS	2.5		Rhus trilobata	Threeleaf sumac	
Seeding Rate:	1 lb/1000 ft ⁻	2.5		Ribes aureum	Golden currant	
		2.5	Shrubs	Ribes cereum	Wax currant	
		2.5		Rosa woodsii or R. acicularis	Rose	
		2.5		Symphoricarpos occidentalis or S. albus	Snowberry	
		18.1		Bouteloua curtipendula	Side Oats Grama	
		12.1		Pascopyrum smithii	Western Wheatgrass	
		6.1		Elymus trachycaulus	Slender Wheatgrass	
		3.1		Elymus elymoides	Bottlebrush Squirreltail	
		3.1		Bouteloua gracilis	Blue Grama	
		3.1	Grasses	Achnatherum hymenoides	Indian Ricegrass	
		3.1		Andropogon gerardii	Big Bluestem	
		3.1		Nassella viridula	Green Needlegrass	
		3.1		Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Bluestem	
		3.1		Sorghastrum nutans	Yellow Indiangrass	
		3.1		Sporobolus cryptandrus	Sand Dropseed	
		3.3		Penstemon virgatus	Tall beard-tongue	
		3.3		Ratibida columnifera	Prairie Coneflower	
		3.0		Dalea candida	White Prairie Clover	
		3.0		Dalea purpurea	Purple Prairie Clover	
		3.0		Helianthus annuus	Annual Sunflower	
		3.0		Liatris punctata	Dotted Gayfeather	
		3.0	Forbs	Oxytropis sericea	Silky Locoweed	
		1.4		Rudbeckia hirta	Blackeyed Susan	
		0.9		Penstemon secundiflorus	Orchid Beardtongue	
		0.6		Hedysarum boreale	Northern Sweet Vetch	
		0.5		Macheranthera bigelovii	Purple Aster	
		0.5		Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	
		0.5		Aster laevis	Smooth Blue Aster	
		100				

WEILAN	ND SEEL	DING - DR	AFI Size (a	cres): 1.00
	Quantity per acre	Frequency (%)	Species Name	Common Name
broadcast	21.78	Seed (High Pla	ins/Foothills Wet Meadow Seed Mix, Wes	tern Native Seed)
proadcast	lbs PLS	15	Bolboschoenus maritimus	Alkali Bulrush
Seeding Rate:	8 oz/1000 ft ²	15	Elymus canadensis	Canada Wildrye
		15	Panicum virgatum	Switchgrass
		12	Sorghastrum nutans	Indian Grass "Scout"
		7	Sportina pectinata	Prairie Cordgrass
		6	Carex nebrascencis	Nebraska Sedge
		6	Eleocharis palustris	Spikerush
		6	Schoenoplectus acutus	Hard Stem Bulrush
		6	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontan	i Soft Stem Bulrush
		6	Schoenoplectus americanus	Olney's Three-Square Bulrush
		4	Juncus balticus	Baltic Rush
		2	Corex pellita	Woolly Sedge
		100		

Quantity per acreFrequency (%)Species QuantitySpecies NameCommon NameUnitSpacing TypeSizeMinin' Spacing17Trees254Alrus incanaThinleaf aldercontainerrandom5 gal10°254Betula occidentalisWater birchcontainerrandom5 gal10°254Corrus sericeaRed osler dogwoodcontainerrandom5 gal10°254Salix amygdaloidesPeachleaf willowcontainerrandom5 gal10°254Salix individualsPeachleaf willowcontainerrandom5 gal10°10017= total individualsEbb's willowcontainerrandom60 ci or 14" root10°2512Salix bebbianaBebb's willowcontainerrandom60 ci or 14" root10°2512Salix inrorataBebb's willowcontainerrandom60 ci or 14" root10°2512Salix inrorataBluestem willowcontainerrandom60 ci or 14" root10°2512Salix inrorataBluestem willowcontainerrandomstakes60°2512Salix inrorataBluestem willowcontainerrandom60° ci or 14" root10°2512Salix inrorataBluestem willowcontainerrandomstakes60°2512Salix inrorataBluestem willowcontaine	RIAN	- DRAFT	•					Size (acres):	1.00
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25 4 Corrus services Red osler degradod container random 5 gal 10 48 Shrubs							random	_	101
25 4 Safax amygdiscides Peachleaf willow container random 5 gal 10 48 Shrubs - static static individuals - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td>101</td>								· ·	101
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CLIENT



ISSUES / REVISIONS

01/10/2024 02/05/2024

DATE:

DRAFT PLANS - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION DRAFT PLANS FOR COUNTY LISU REVIEW - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



383 Corona Street, Suite 403 Denver, CO 80218 / ph: 303.477.0660 fx: 303.477.4648 / www.biohabitats.com Restore the Earth & Inspire Ecological Stewardship

OLD ST. VRAIN ROAD **REACH RESTORATION**

PLANTING DETAILS

PROJE

SEAL

ECT NO. :	23913.01	SCALE: NTS	
		^{BY:} SS	CHECK: ML
		DWG. NO. :	
		22 O	F 22

Attachment A - Application Materials



Restore the Earth & Inspire Ecological Stewardship

DATE: February 5, 2024

TO: Deb Hummel, The Watershed Center

FROM: Michael Lighthiser, Biohabitats

SUBJECT: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration Project: Draft Basis of Design Technical Memorandum

This memorandum provides a summary of the draft restoration design for the Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration Project lead by a project team consisting of The Watershed Center, Left Hand Excavating, Biohabitats, OTAK, Wright Water Engineer, and GEI. It is a technical supplement to the project narrative developed for the Boulder County Limited Impact Special Use (LISU) permit application¹. Refer to that narrative for general project information and to the plan set for the draft design.

SITE OVERVIEW AND RELATED PAST PROJECTS

The project consists of two areas, referred to as the upstream and downstream areas (Map 1). Most of the restoration work is in the upstream area. It consists of South St. Vrain Creek and floodplain extending approximately 1,900 feet upstream to 250 feet downstream from the bridge crossing for the connector road joining State Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain Road. The downstream area consists of the upstream end of an overflow channel from an earlier restoration project that was called "Overflow Channel F" and the adjacent creek.

Numerous projects have occurred in this general area following the 2013 flood:

- Riprap placement on the Hall property along the left bank (within the upstream area).
- Construction of a new diversion structure for South Ledge and Meadows Ditches.
- Rebuild of the road bend and associated creek channel just upstream of this project along the quarry access road.
- Creek assessment and 30% restoration design encompassing the entire reach from approximately the canyon mouth downstream to Lyons.
- Final restoration design and construction of the creek from approximately the connector road bridge crossing (connecting Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain Road) downstream to Old St. Vrain Road, which included Overflow Channel F.
- Construction of the connector road bridge and the creek below the bridge.



Associated with these post-flood projects, numerous assessments, analyses, and other related information exist that are relevant and useful for this project and that the project team has incorporated into the restoration design process.

For a good overview of watershed, geomorphic, hydrologic, and vegetative characteristics for this reach of South St. Vrain Creek, refer to the Preliminary Basis of Design Report for South St. Vrain Creek Restoration at Hall Ranch².

WORK SUMMARY

Various members of the project team visited the site from October to December 2023 to complete the following work:

- General field walks to discuss project.
- Wetland delineation and vegetation assessment.
- Pebble counts.
- Aquatic habitat and fisheries observations.
- Ordinary High Water flagging.
- Land survey of creek channel.

The project team developed a conceptual design, and The Watershed Center coordinated outreach activities, including a community meeting and concept review meetings with landowners to discuss the project and receive input. As part of the outreach, the project team has monthly meetings with Boulder County Parks and Open Space (BCPOS) staff.

Biohabitats used the results of these activities and the available information from previous projects to evaluate water surface elevations, their associated frequencies, and the resulting floodplain interaction for existing conditions. Based on this evaluation, Biohabitats designed modifications to floodplain elevations that would improve connectivity between the channel and floodplain and promote natural creek/floodplain processes. Further discussion of key items for the development of this draft restoration design is provided below.

HYDROLOGIC EVALUATION

SOUTH ST. VRAIN CREEK PEAK FLOWS

There has been a lot of hydrologic analysis completed for South St. Vrain Creek. Based on this work, the following flows are applicable to the project site:

Table 1. Site Discharges			
Frequency	Discharge (cfs)		
Qbase	24		
Q1	222		
Q1.5	450		
Q2	653		
Q5	1019		
Q10	1554		
Q25	3085		
Q50	4789		
Q100	7036		

Biohabitats also reviewed discharges generated from StreamStats³, which resulted in significantly lower flows, particularly for the higher flood events (Q10 and higher). Considering that StreamStats is based on empirical data that pre-dates the 2013 flood, it would be expected to underestimate peak flows. The values in the table above come from well-established studies specific to this watershed and are the most appropriate to use. The focus of design is on the lower, more frequent events and their interaction with the floodplain.

FLOWS AND WATER LEVELS AT SITE

Biohabitats observed water levels at the site and estimated corresponding discharge. The first observation point was during the pre-proposal field meeting during the middle of the day on June 14, which was the highest flow that the project team was able to observe in 2023. During that visit, the water level appeared to almost reach the higher limit of the band of willows that are present along parts of the channel edge. This level is slightly below where we eventually identified Ordinary High Water. While there is no stream gage on South St. Vrain Creek near the site, there are upstream and downstream gages that can be used to estimate a possible range of flow for any given time. Using this information, Biohabitats estimates that the discharge during that visit was approximately 250 cfs, slightly above a 1-year event, which seems reasonable. The second observation point was low-flow conditions from December 5 to December 8 during the site survey. The survey included the water edge that we estimate corresponds to a flow of approximately 4 cfs.

This exercise associating more frequent flows to water level, while somewhat approximate, provides real-world observations that are very helpful in ground truthing the hydraulic model, which is further discussed below.

HYDRAULIC MODELING

Biohabitats developed a draft two-dimensional (2D) model of the upstream area existing conditions using HEC-RAS (v6.3). HEC-RAS software was developed by the United States Army Corp of Engineers (UASCE) to estimate channel hydraulic variables such as velocity, shear stress, and water surface elevations within the riverine environment. We used the 2D capabilities of HEC-RAS since they provide more detailed and accurate modeling of the floodplain and associated features. Using the survey results combined with USGS light detection and ranging (lidar) data⁴, Biohabitats created a digital elevation model (DEM) of the upstream area in AutoCAD Civil 3D 2023 and imported this surface into the 2D model.

For roughness, we initially used the values that were documented in the Preliminary Basis of Design Report mentioned above². These values were applied to the vegetation mapping that was completed by the project team. We made slight increases to roughness for some of the vegetated areas to account for the increase in plant growth that has occurred since the earlier modeling effort.

For draft design of the **upstream** area, the model provided estimates of water surface elevations for different discharges that we double checked using the observed levels described previously. Modeling results that pertain to the design include the following items:

- Surface flow into the existing side channel that was the pre-flood location of the main channel happens around a 2-year event. The project team has not directly observed flows this high, which corresponds to the fact that we have not seen surface water flowing into that side channel. There is typically water in the channel, but it seeps in from subsurface flow.
- The line of existing vegetation that grows along the channel edge appears to be at or below the water elevation from an approximately 1.5-year flow event. We used this elevation for the average height of the proposed floodplain surface.
- There are existing back channels further from the main creek channel that are at a higher elevation. The draft design includes minor excavation to better connect these higher channels to the creek. While they vary, the elevations of the connections tend to correspond to approximately a 5-year event.

For the **downstream** area, which involves minor grading to better connect the overflow channel to the main channel, Biohabitats made use of the post-construction HEC-RAS model developed for the previous restoration project LOMR, which analyzed down to a 10-year flow event. We added lower flows and slightly increased bed roughness to account for the lower depths. The results indicate that the control elevation of the existing overflow channel (5398.4 feet) would not be overtopped until approximately a 10-year event. The design uses the water surface from

a 1.5-year event for the proposed control elevation, which the model estimates to be 5396.5 feet.

DESIGN FEATURES

Using the information gathered from past project review, site observations, and modeling results, Biohabitats determined proposed floodplain and side channel elevations for excavation, other minor excavation areas to further improve connectivity, and additional features to increase habitat complexity. These items are described below.

FLOODPLAIN EXCAVATION

There are two main floodplain excavation areas in the **upstream** area where significant sediment deposition occurred during the 2013 flood. The proposed average elevation for these areas is at an approximately 1.5-year flow event. During construction, the proposed floodplain surface will be graded with topographic variability consisting of slightly higher and lower elevations to provide complexity and microhabitat.

There are also smaller excavation areas near the creek edge to better connect existing higher flow paths to the main channel. The proposed elevation for these connections depends on the existing feature and varies but tends to be approximately at a 5-year event.

At the **downstream** area, the proposed elevation to better connect the overflow channel to the creek is at a 1.5-year event as well, like the proposed floodplain for the upstream area. Similarly, the proposed floodplain surface is not uniform but instead will be graded with topographic variability consisting of slightly higher and lower elevations to provide complexity and microhabitat.

SIDE CHANNELS

Within the floodplain excavation areas of the **upstream** area, side channels will be created that mimic remnant meander scrolls and oxbows that were likely present prior to the agriculture and settlement that occurred over the last century and a half. The remnant pre-flood channel location serves as a reference. The thalweg of the proposed channels is 1 foot below the average floodplain elevation, which puts it close to a 1-year flow event. The upstream end of the thalweg will be adjusted to work around existing vegetation along the edge of the creek. The side channels have an average width of 20 feet. They will be graded with some irregularity for additional microhabitat.

At the very downstream end of the **upstream** area, just below the bridge on the right side, there is a floodplain area that was created as part of the bridge construction. However, the elevation of this area is high for a floodplain; based on the draft modeling, a 5-year event does

not fully inundate this area. Due to the past work and planting that has already occurred, we do not want to grade the entire area. Instead, we are proposing a modified side channel that limits disturbance. Accordingly, the channel is narrower (15 feet) and does not go as low as the other side channels. In addition, BCPOS has requested that the right bank of the creek be cut back to make the channel wider to better match the upstream and downstream cross sections.

There are no proposed side channels for the **downstream** area of the project.

WATTLE STRUCTURE/POST ASSISTED LOG STRUCTURE/BRUSH TRENCH

The design (for both **upstream** and **downstream** areas) proposes wood structures in the floodplain (mainly the side channels in the upstream area) to promote process-based restoration, provide roughness, help slow flow, promote sediment deposition, and add habitat features. There are three types of floodplain wood structures: Brush Trenches, Wattle structures, and Post-Assisted Log structures (PALS). The Brush Trench is the simplest of the structures and is proposed for only the **downstream** area to minimize obstruction to flows through the overflow channel while also providing habitat and promoting sediment deposition. For the **upstream** area, the Wattle structure is also relatively simple and is mainly proposed for existing vegetated side channels due to the limited disturbance required to build them. The PALS are more robust and are proposed for the new side channels, where excavation will already be occurring. Some Wattle structures are also proposed for the new side channels to supplement the PALS. The exact types and location of these structures will be refined for the final design.

LARGE WOOD

Large Wood structures are proposed for the edge of the main channel in the **upstream** area. They improve aquatic habitat by creating local hydraulic conditions that form and maintain pools and are placed to help promote activation of the side channels. They will consist of large branches and rootwads.

There are no proposed large wood structures in the **downstream** area of the project.

EXISTING RIPRAP TOP DRESSING

We plan to place excavated material on the existing riprap, filling the large voids with soil and covering with sand and gravel to provide a surface that can support plant growth. The area will be seeded. This item applies only to the **upstream** area.

RANDOM BOULDERS

On the bank across the creek from the **downstream** area overflow channel, there are large rocks that were quarried nearby and used to stabilize the ditch diversion that was located here

before the 2013 flood. To improve aquatic habitat, the project proposes placement of this rock as random habitat boulders in the section of creek near the overflow channel. They would be partially buried in the channel bed to provide habitat complexity that is lacking in this reach, as well as additional channel roughness. The habitat boulders will only be for habitat improvement at lower flows and will not impact flood flows.

Random boulders are not proposed for the **upstream** area but may be considered during construction if good boulders are uncovered during floodplain excavation.

REVEGETATION

The planting plan is still under development and will be developed for the final design. The draft plans show preliminary species lists on a per acre basis for the expected vegetation zones. As part of the process-based design, the floodplain grading will maximize connectivity and create areas that we expect to re-vegetate naturally. The Watershed Center and project team prefer to allow this natural revegetation in these specific areas to occur without spending a high amount of cost and effort on plant material and installation. We will be leveraging the list of existing native plant species so that we can bolster those populations through planting and natural establishment and supplement them with other native species to create more site diversity.

GRADING CUT/FILL

The draft design for the entire project results in 6,000 cubic yards of material being excavated. We used the ground surface data to estimate the volume of material that can be placed in designated spoil areas, and the areas shown on the draft plans can accommodate this volume of material. For volume of material transported. we use a swell factor of 25% to account for the decrease in density that occurs when in-situ material is excavated, which approximately corresponds with published values for gravel⁵ and, in our experience, has provided good results for other floodplain excavation projects along the Front Range.

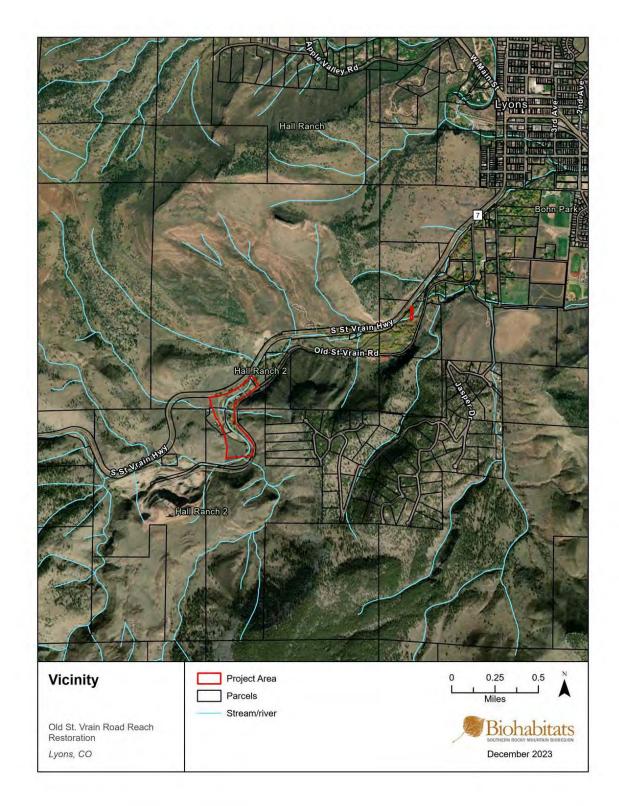
WORK REMAINING FOR FINAL DESIGN

The design is being reviewed and discussed by the project team, The Watershed Center, BCPOS, other landowners, and interested stakeholders. The comments that have been received will be incorporated into the final design. In addition, there are items that need to be worked through and finalized in the final design, such as the following:

- Further analysis of shear stress by overbank flows and incorporation of methods to protect against excessive floodplain erosion
- Further refinement of floodplain and spoil area grading
- Further refinement of access and determination of disturbance limits

• Development of planting plan

In addition, this technical memorandum will be updated to reflect refinements to the design.



Map 1. Project Location Map Showing Upstream (Larger) and Downstream (Smaller) Areas.

REFERENCES

- 1. Boulder County LISU Permit Application for OSV Project.
- 2. Matrix Design Group. Preliminary Basis of Design Report for South St. Vrain Creek Restoration at Hall Ranch. (*website link to be added*) (2016).
- 3. StreamStats. https://www.usgs.gov/streamstats.
- 4. United States Geological Survey. https://www.usgs.gov/programs/national-geospatial-program/national-map.
- 5. Office of Federal Lands Highway. https://highways.dot.gov/federal-lands/pddm/dpg/earthwork-design (March 2022).



Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 • Tel: 303.441.3930 • Fax: 303.441.4856 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 • www.bouldercounty.gov

Building Safety & Inspection Services Team

<u>M E M O</u>

TO: FROM:	
DATE:	February 26, 2024
RE:	Referral Response, LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration. Limited Impact Special Review request for approximately 12,000 cubic yards of earthwork/grading related to ecological restoration of the Old St.
	Location: 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road, located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1 mile south and west of the intersection of State Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain Road, in Section 24 and 25, Township 3N, Range 71W, and Section 19, Township 3N, Range 70W
Thank	you for the referral. We have the following comments for the applicants:
1.	Building Permit. A grading permit, plan review, and inspection approvals are required for the grading. The construction documents must be Stamped, signed and sealed by the Colorado design.
	Please refer to the county's <u>adopted 2015 editions of the International Codes and</u> <u>code amendments</u> , which can be found via the internet under the link:
	2015 Building Code Adoption & Amendments , at the following URL: <u>https://assets.bouldercounty.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/building-code-</u> <u>2015.pdf</u>
2.	Grading Permit. A separate grading permit and plan review and inspections approvals are required for the proposed non-foundational grading. Please refer to the county's <u>adopted 2015 editions of the International Codes and code</u> <u>amendments</u> , including IBC Appendix Chapter J for grading.
3.	Observation Reports. The design professional responsible for the design or a similarly qualified Colorado-licensed design professional is to observe the grading and submit a stamped report to Building Safety & Inspection Services for review and

and submit a stamped report to Building Safety & Inspection Services for review and approval. The final report is to state that the work has been completed in substantial conformance with the approved engineered plans.

4. **Plan Review.** The items listed above are a general summary of some of the county's building code requirements. A much more detailed plan review will be performed at the time of grading permit application.

If the applicants should have questions or need additional information, we'd be happy to work with them toward solutions that meet minimum building code requirements. Please call (720) 564-2640 or contact us via e-mail at <u>building@bouldercounty.org</u>



Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 303-441-3930 • www.BoulderCounty.gov

February 20, 2024

To: Pete L'Orange, Planner II From: Sarah Heller, Floodplain Program Planner

Subject:	Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration
Request:	Limited Impact Special review request for approximately 12,000 cubic
	yards of earthwork/grading related to ecological restoration of the Old St.
	Vrain Road Reach at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, and 0 and 31074 S St. Vrain
	road.
Location:	530 Old St. Vrain road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain
	Road, located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1 mile south and west
	of the intersection of State Highway 7 and Old St. Vrain road, in Section
	24 and 25, Township 3N, Range 71W, and Section 19, Township 3N,
	Range 70W.

The Community Planning & Permitting Department – Floodplain Management Program has reviewed the above referenced docket and has the following comments:

- 1. The proposed earthwork and grading related to the ecological restoration is located in the Floodplain Overlay (FO) District. A Floodplain Development Permit (FDP) is required.
- 2. *Prior to Building/Grading Permit application submittal*, the applicant's engineer must contact <u>FloodplainAdmin@bouldercounty.gov</u> to obtain the effective model for South Saint Vrain Creek. The FDP application will require one of the following, which must be supported by a hydraulic model and report certified by a Colorado licensed Professional Engineer (P.E.) in accordance with Article 4-404.2.E of the Boulder county Land Use Code:
 - a. A letter certified by a Colorado registered Professional Engineer stating that the project will not cause any rise in regulatory 100-year water surface elevations;
 - b. An approved Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) from FEMA; or
 - c. An approved Boulder County Floodway Review.
- 3. *At the time of Building/Grading Permit application submittal*, the applicant must email a Floodplain Development Permit (FDP) application to <u>FloodplainAdmin@bouldercounty.gov</u>. The FDP application must contain the following:
 - a. A Signed FDP application form;
 - b. A Site Plan showing the proposed building and all staging/storage areas in relation to regulatory floodplain and property boundaries;
 - c. Construction design, stamped, signed, and dated by a Colorado-licensed Professional Engineer (P.E.)

- d. A hydraulic model and P.E.-stamped report demonstrating floodplain impacts, as described above.
- 4. The applicant must demonstrate coverage under a USACE Nationwide or Individual 404 permit is required prior to FDP issuance.
- 5. The applicant must obtain a Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Dewatering Permit, if required.
- 6. Construction staging and/or stockpiling areas must be reviewed and approved by the Community Planning & Permitting Department – Floodplain Management Program. All staging and stockpiling areas must avoid the regulatory floodplain unless it is demonstrated that doing so is unavoidable. Construction staging and/or stockpiling in the regulatory floodway will not be permitted without an alternatives evaluation and an emergency evacuation plan approved by the Community Planning & Permitting Department – Floodplain Management Program.
- 7. The proposed development is within a known fluvial hazard zone, which is the area a stream has occupied in recent history, could occupy, or could physically influence as it stores and transports water, sediment and debris. Parts of the property that are outside the regulatory FO District are still within the fluvial hazard zone and may be subject to excessive erosion, sedimentation, and/or wholesale changes in the location of the stream channel. The Floodplain Management Program strongly encourages the applicant to consider flood protection measures above and beyond the minimum requirements of the Land Use Code.

Please contact Sarah Heller, Floodplain Program Planner, at <u>sheller@bouldercounty.gov</u> to discuss this referral.

This concludes our comments at this time.



Parks & Open Space

5201 St. Vrain Road • Longmont, Colorado 80503 303.678.6200 • Fax: 303.678.6177 • www.BoulderCountyOpenSpace.org

TO:	Pete L'Orange, Community Planning & Permitting Department
FROM:	Ron West, Natural Resource Planner
DATE:	March 8, 2024
SUBJECT:	Docket LU-24-0002, Watershed Center, South St. Vrain

Site Conditions

I have reviewed the submitted materials, and have visited the area many times in the past. The project area totals about 2200 linear feet along South St. Vrain Creek. The 2013 flood heavily disturbed this reach, as well as impacts from runoff from the 2020 Calwood Fire, as described in the application.

County Comprehensive Plan Designations

The parcels have the following designations in the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan, and from other resource inventories.

- Prebles Meadow Jumping Mouse Habitat Zones 1 and 3
- Riparian Areas
- Critical Wildlife Habitats St. Vrain Corridor, and Hall II
- Riparian Habitat Connector
- Wetlands
- Natural Area Red Hill
- Significant Natural Communities
- Rare Plant Areas
- View Protection Corridor associated with State Highway 7
- Archeologically Sensitive Area, and Travel Route
- Floodplain

Discussion

This project would restore a heavily flood-impacted stream section. None of the above-listed resources should be significantly impacted, and many would be improved in the long-term.

The following discussion is organized by: 1) general comments relevant to all stream projects; with 2) each general comment followed immediately with comments specific to the subject proposal. Comments are also divided into: A) planning and construction concerns; and B) revegetation. Finally, drawing-specific questions and comments are offered.

Planning and Construction

Areas of existing vegetation that are to be protected shall be delineated in the field so that heavy machinery is prevented from entering the areas and disturbance is avoided. This is often accomplished with orange construction fencing, rather than silt fencing. The former is less expensive, easier to install, and reusable. If on-the-ground delineation is too extensive, a suitable alternative could be proposed. If individual mature trees are to be protected, the field technique to be used shall be included in the construction notes shown on the final plans. Young cottonwood seedlings that have naturally sprouted since the flood should be avoided; if not possible, transplanting such seedlings back into the site is highly encouraged.

This application: Page 7 of the Draft Basis of Design Technical Memorandum states that, "Further refinements of access and determination of disturbance limits" still `needs to be completed. The contours shown on Drawings 9, 10, and 11 are confusing. These are proposed conditions, but it is unclear if all contours shown are to be newly graded, or not. Specific machinery access corridors, **within** the project site, need to be delineated if all areas are not to be graded. Note 1 of Drawing 15 states that, "Existing vegetation shall be protected and retained wherever possible." The same Drawing notes to "stake limits of disturbance."

The source of any wood used as tree/root wads for toe protection, or for log vanes, must be reviewed, along with drawing details.

This application: The source of wood/brush for structures is not defined. There are three for floodplain areas: Brush Trenches, Wattle structures, and Post-Assisted Log structures; and Large Wood structures for channel edges. How would "harvested" materials be determined and is there enough on-site? The channel boulders would be harvested on-site.

Soil riprap (instead of rock-only riprap) shall be used in all cases; this is also called voidfilled riprap. Fines need to be included within the riprap to allow for natural germination and establishment of plant roots in the long term. Some fines near the water line would unavoidably be washed away in high water events, but without fines, riprap would remain barren for decades. Existing, previously-placed riprap could be mitigated by adding fines. The source of structure rock, if imported, must be reviewed.

This application: No new riprap is proposed, and some existing riprap is to be covered by fines, improving its long-term habitat value.

As called for in the county's 2016 Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, biodegradable hydraulic fluids must be used in equipment and machinery used in the water.

This application: Not addressed; this should be a condition of approval.

Prior to transporting equipment to the site, all machinery must be cleaned to remove aquatic nuisance species (ANS) and weed seeds in accordance with State of Colorado ANS regulations. This involves either steam (heat) or chemical cleaning, not just power washing.

This application: Not addressed; this should be a condition of approval.

A "spill kit" for emergency pollutant isolation, and written clean-up procedures, must be onsite at all times during construction activity. The use of floating downstream booms during construction is strongly recommended.

This application: Not addressed; a spill kit should be a condition of approval.

If already on-site, some large downed woody material should remain, particularly if embedded in stream deposits. Such material plays a critically important ecological role in the riparian community. Additionally, some standing dead trees (snags) should remain on-site, and not all removed simply because they are dead. Any trees removed should be done so between September 1 and March 31, the non-nesting season for migratory birds, based on the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

This application: It is unclear if downed woody material and dead trees are on-site. The narrative does state that, "Any trees on site proposed for removal will be repurposed in the installation of wood structures." Some of these would be used, but some should also remain

Staging areas and stream-access corridors must be shown on the final plans and approved by the county prior to initiation of construction. Fueling areas must be located in upland sites, as far away from the stream edge as possible, and preferably in areas without porous stream deposits such as sand or cobble. Such areas should be at least 50 feet from the creek, and preferably 100 feet. County road ROWs can be used if approved by the county Transportation Department. Appropriate BMPs for fueling areas must be utilized.

This application: The proposed staging area is over 100 feet from the channel, and is out of the 100-year floodplain. Fueling is also proposed here, but staff suggests fueling at the road "turn-out" in the same area, on the **east** side of the road instead. It is likely that the proposed fueling/staging site is composed of porous stream deposits.

Final US Fish & Wildlife Service clearance needs to be obtained prior to initiation of construction; the USFWS letter shall be submitted for Community Planning and Permitting files.

This application: The applicants are "...in the process of reaching out to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service...." This needs to be finalized.

Revegetation

A complete list of graminoids, forbs, shrubs and trees must be approved by the county before permitting. All species must include scientific names of plants. The use of plantings – containers and/or cuttings – is strongly encouraged, rather than simply grasses.

This application: Although the Revegetation Plan is "preliminary," the species list is adequate. See additional comments below.

Tree/shrub cuttings and container plantings should be monitored for three years. Who is responsible for monitoring, and what is the protocol if plantings die? Will temporary irrigation be used?

This application: The narrative states that, "The Watershed Center will conduct maintenance, including weed control and monitoring of vegetation, for three years." What is the protocol for plantings that die? Will irrigation be used?

If willow or cottonwood cuttings are proposed, who will gather them and from what location – public or private?

This application: The narrative states that, "The project team will selectively harvest and transplant willow clumps to help start establishment." Staff assumes this is only on/from the project site.

Staff encourages beaver protection for tree plantings, and vole/small mammal protection for shrub plantings. This is often accomplished using mesh collars. Alternatively, a replacement plan for planting mortalities could be included.

This application: This needs to be addressed.

Weed management needs to be incorporated into the project, both pre- and post-construction. Pre-construction, dense stands can be sprayed or mowed. Post-construction, weed control should continue for the three-year monitoring period. Weed species targeted could be either: 1) those listed on the county's noxious weed list (a sub-set of the state list); or 2) all species on the state's noxious weed Lists (A, B, and C).

This application: See above, on weed management.

If straw mulch or straw bale barriers are used, all straw must be certified weed-free. Hay cannot be used as it contains aggressive pasture grass seed.

This application: Straw is mentioned for both wattles and crimping, but certified weed-free is not delineated. Drawing 16, Note 2 (Crimped Straw) states, "straw or **hay**." Hay cannot be used, and certified weed-free straw must be a condition of approval.

Would topsoil be imported, or would seeding occur on existing fines? If topsoil is to be imported, where will it come from and how will the introduction of weed seeds be prevented? If used, how deep is the topsoil layer?

This application: No material is to be imported. Revegetation will occur on existing fines.

Hydroseeding should not be used; it is often unsuccessful in our climate. Grass seeds can be either broadcast or drilled, but rates doubled if broadcast. Hydromulching, after seeding, is encouraged.

This application: Broadcast seeding and hydromulching is proposed.

Further Comments Specific to the Proposal and Drawings

The Technical Memo states that "aquatic habitat and fisheries observations" were conducted from October to December 2022. What type of data was collected?

Drawing 9, 10, and 11: The icons for the channel bank structures show one root wad and one large branch, combined. Yet there is no corresponding detail drawing for such a structure; they are composed of either root wad(s) **or** a large branch. This needs to be clarified. There also is no icon legend/key for the drawings.

Drawing 9: A Note states, "Fill existing riprap voids with soil and cover with sand and cobble." Yet page 6 of the Technical Memo states, fill riprap "...with soil and covering with sand and gravel." Staff's understanding is that there is no "soil" in the areas to be graded, rather sand, gravel, cobble, and boulders. Is it gravel or cobble covering?

Drawing 12: Why is the area to receive random boulders so short? It's only about 60 feet of the channel?

Drawing 13: Wattle structure detail – Where would the "long green branches and brush" be sourced? The posts are to be "willow/cottonwood or cedar[juniper?]/pine. Which is it? The first pair would sprout, while the second pair would be purely structural.

Drawing 14: Large branch/downed tree detail – Wouldn't this design be dangerous for kayakers and tubers, essentially creating "sweepers?" Double and single rootwad details – why is the thalweg in a different location for these two? For the double it is "under" the lower rootwad, while for the single it is in the channel away from the rootwad.

Drawing 15, Stormwater Management Plan: Note 2 states that, "At the end of the day, we will compact newly-graded areas adjacent to the stream using the bucket or by tracking with equipment." However, Drawing 16, Note 3 states to "Keep in a roughened condition all soils exposed during land disturbing activity." Note 10 states that, "We do not anticipate generating dust during construction as most of the soils in the project areas consist of a large sand, gravel, and cobble." However, Drawing 16, Note 4 states, "Water and maintain the property **at all times** during construction activities so as to prevent wind-caused erosion."

Drawings 17 to 20 - the Planting Plan -- currently show no information.

Recommendations

- All items discussed above should be responded to, and questions resolved.
- Who is responsible for seeing that the conditions of approval, and commitments of record, are incorporated into the construction specifications for the project?

Boulder <u>Coun</u>ty

Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 • Tel: 303-441-3930 • www.BoulderCounty.gov

March 6, 2024

TO:	Pete L'Orange, Planner II; Community Planning & Permitting, Development Review Team - Zoning
FROM:	Anita Riley, Principal Planner; Community Planning & Permitting, Development Review Team – Access & Engineering
SUBJECT:	Docket # LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration – 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S. St. Vrain Road

The Development Review Team – Access & Engineering has reviewed the above referenced docket and has the following comments:

- 1. The subject properties are accessed by Old St. Vrain Road, a paved Boulder County owned and maintained right-of-way (ROW) with a Functional Classification of Local. Legal access has been demonstrated via adjacency to this ROW.
- 2. Access points on Old St. Vrain Road that will be used during construction have not been identified on the submitted plans. Please include them on plans submitted for building permit review. New accesses for construction will require temporary access permits and must be restored upon project completion, unless approved as a permanent access by the County Engineer.

An access from SH 7 is indicated on the plans. An access permit, or other authorization from CDOT, must be provided for all accesses occurring at the highway.

At building permit, submit revised plans that indicate the location of all construction accesses.

At building permit, submit proof of authorization for all accesses at SH 7.

3. As the proposal involves more than one acre of site disturbance, as well as work within a watercourse, it triggers the requirement for a Boulder Count Stormwater Quality Permit (SWQP). A Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) will be required as part of the SWMP application. The SWMP will include, but will not be limited to, erosion and sediment control measures, stockpile and staging management practices, and general pollution prevention practices.

Additionally, construction in watercourses require a high standard of care and must comply with Section 1302.1 of the Boulder County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual.

Prior to building permit, obtain a Stormwater Quality Permit (SMQP). Please visit the county's stormwater website <u>https://bouldercounty.gov/transportation/permits/stormwater-guality-permit/</u> or contact <u>tdstormwater@bouldercounty.org</u> for more information.

At building permit, demonstrate that plans comply with Section 1302.1 of the Boulder County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual.

- 4. During construction, all materials, machinery, dumpsters, and other items shall be staged on the subject property; no items shall be stored or staged on Old St. Vrain Road.
- 5. During construction (i.e. during the day while work is being performed), all vehicles shall be parked on site or to one side of Old St. Vrain Road so as to not impede the travel way.

This concludes our comments at this time.



Community Planning & Permitting

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MEMO TO:	Agencies and Adjacent Property Owners
FROM:	Pete L'Orange, Planner II
DATE:	February 16, 2024
RE:	Docket LU-24-0002

Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration

Request:	Limited Impact Special Review request for approximately
-	12,000 cubic yards of earthwork/grading related to ecological
	restoration of the Old St. Vrain Road Reach at 530 Old St. Vrain
	Road, and 0 and 31074 S St. Vrain Road.
Location:	530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St.
	Vrain Road, located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1
	mile south and west of the intersection of State Highway 7 and
	Old St. Vrain Road, in Section 24 and 25, Township 3N, Range
	71W, and Section 19, Township 3N, Range 70W.
Zoning:	Agricultural (A) Zoning District
Applicant:	The Watershed Center, c/o Yana Sorokin
Applicant:	Biohabitats, c/o Mike Lighthiser

Limited Impact Special Review is required of proposed uses that may have greater impacts on services, neighborhoods, or the environment than those allowed by right under the Boulder County Land Use Code. This process will review conformance of the proposed use with the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan and the Land Use Code.

This process includes a public hearing before the Board of County Commissioners. Adjacent property owners and holders of liens, mortgages, easements or other rights in the subject property are notified of this hearing.

The Community Planning & Permitting staff and County Commissioners value comments from individuals and referral agencies. Please check the appropriate response below or send a letter to the Community Planning & Permitting Department at P.O. Box 471, Boulder, Colorado 80306 or via email to planner@bouldercounty.gov. All comments will be made part of the public record and given to the applicant. Only a portion of the submitted documents may have been enclosed; you are welcome to call the Community Planning & Permitting Department at 303-441-3930 or email planner@bouldercounty.gov to request more information. If you have any questions regarding this application, please contact me at 303-441-1418 or plorange@bouldercounty.gov.

Please return responses by March 4, 2024.

____ We have reviewed the proposal and have no conflicts.

<u>x</u> Letter is enclosed.

. .

Signed_	Latothrup	PRINTED Name_	Liz Northrup
U –	Orthorep		1

Agency or Address <u>Conservation Easement Program at Boulder County Parks & Open Space</u>

Date <u>March 4, 2024</u>

Claire Levy County Commissioner Marta Loachamin County Commissioner Ashley Stolzmann County Commissioner



Parks & Open Space

5201 St. Vrain Road • Longmont, CO 80503 303-678-6200 • POSinfo@bouldercounty.gov www.BoulderCountyOpenSpace.gov

March 4, 2024

Delivery by email Pete L'Orange, Planner II 2045 13th St. Boulder, CO 80302 plorange@bouldercounty.gov

RE: LU-24-0002 Proposed Stream Restoration Work involving the Hall Ranch 2-House Lot Conservation Easement Property at 31074 S. St. Vrain Road

Dear Pete,

The property described above is encumbered by a conservation easement recorded on 3/31/2011 at Reception # 3141211 in the Real Estate Records of Boulder County, Colorado.

The Watershed Center proposes a variety work that is designed to enhance ecological resilience along the stretch of the South St. Vrain Creek where it traverses through the property and neighboring parcels. The restoration work involves excavating excess sediment accumulated in the 2013 flood down to elevations that promote channel connectivity. All material excavated from the site is proposed to remain within the restoration area and will be repurposed. The proposal also includes a comprehensive revegetation plan consisting of native vegetation.

Lastly, another conservation easement property owned by Ron and Joaleen Gosnell is located directly adjacent to the downstream area. Although there is no work planned on this parcel, it will benefit from the adjacent work by seeing increased flows in an overflow channel, enhancing the riparian features of this additional conservation easement property.

The Conservation Easement Program supports the work outlined in this plan as it will greatly increase the ecological resilience of the creek. Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this docket.

Sincerely,

LyNorthup

Liz Northrup Conservation Easement Program Supervisor 303-678-6253 <u>enorthrup@bouldercounty.gov</u>



Community Planning & Permitting

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MEMO TO:	Agencies and Adjacent Property Owners
FROM:	Pete L'Orange, Planner II
DATE:	February 16, 2024
RE:	Docket <u>LU-24-0002</u>

Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration

Request:	Limited Impact Special Review request for approximately
-	12,000 cubic yards of earthwork/grading related to ecological
	restoration of the Old St. Vrain Road Reach at 530 Old St. Vrain
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Location:	530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St.
	Vrain Road, located on Old St. Vrain Road, approximately 1
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Zoning:	Agricultural (A) Zoning District
Applicant:	The Watershed Center, c/o Yana Sorokin
Applicant:	Biohabitats, c/o Mike Lighthiser

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Please return responses by March 4, 2024.

X We have reviewed the proposal and have no conflicts.

_____ Letter is enclosed.

Signe	d Semt	PRINTED Name_	Jessica Fasick
Agend	cy or Address _	CP&P Historic Review	
Date _	2/28/24		

Claire Levy County Commissioner Marta Loachamin County Commissioner Ashley Stolzmann County Commissioner



Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 303-441-3930 • www.BoulderCounty.gov

	MEMO TO:	Agencies and Adjacent Property Owners
	FROM:	Pete L'Orange, Planner II
	DATE:	February 16, 2024
	RE:	Docket LU-24-0002
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Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration

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Please return responses by March 4, 2024. On the Watershed Center, e.o. Yana Sorokin

We have reviewed the proposal and have no conflicts.

Signed DE PRINTED Name Stevesul Rischke Agency or Address Lyons Fire

This postimetries a post of the Board of County Commissioners. Adjacen

are nounce of mis hearing

Claire, Levy *County Commissioner* **Marta Loachamin** *County Commissioner* **Ashley Stolzmann** *County Commissioner* The Community Planning & Permitting staff and County Commissioners value comments, from individuals and referral agencies. Please check the appropriate response below or send a letter to ze the Community Planning & Permitting Department at P.O. Box 471, Boulder, Colorado 80306 or via email to planner a boulder many goy. All comments will be made part of the public record and set of the pu



Right of Way & Permits

1123 West 3rd Avenue Denver, Colorado 80223 Telephone: **303.571.3306** Facsimile: 303.571.3284 Donna.L.George@xcelenergy.com

February 28, 2024

Boulder County Community Planning and Permitting PO Box 471 Boulder, CO 80306

Attn: Pete L'Orange

Re: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration, Case # LU-24-0002

Public Service Company of Colorado's (PSCo) Right of Way & Permits Referral Desk has reviewed the limited impact special use for **Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration** and has **no apparent conflict**.

As a safety precaution, PSCo would like to remind the developer to call the Utility Notification Center by dialing 811 for utility locates prior to construction.

Donna George Right of Way and Permits Public Service Company of Colorado dba Xcel Energy Office: 303-571-3306 – Email: donna.l.george@xcelenergy.com

From:	Morgan, Heather
То:	L"Orange, Pete
Subject:	FW: LYNSCOMA - Under Review: Referral Packet for Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road
Date:	Wednesday, March 20, 2024 2:31:40 PM
Attachments:	image004.png Utility Map 1.pdf Utility Map 2.pdf

Hi Pete, please see below/attached.

From: Boyden, Holden <Holden.Boyden@lumen.com>

Sent: Wednesday, March 20, 2024 2:11 PM

To: Morgan, Heather <hmorgan@bouldercounty.gov>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] LYNSCOMA - Under Review: Referral Packet for Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road

Date: 03/11/2024

Attn: Heather Morgan

Thank you for your project notification. LUMEN has reviewed your utility notice regarding P-535497 CO | LU-24-0002 - Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road ("Project"). In response to your inquiry please find the enclosed drawings indicating the approximate location of the project limits.

X LUMEN has facilities within your proposed construction area. The plans submitted are under review by our LUMEN Field Engineer(s). Currently, the estimated completion date of review is 04/03/2024.

- LUMEN has facilities within your proposed construction area. Please find the enclosed drawings indicating the location of the LUMEN facilities. Once you have completed your review, please respond back if LUMEN facilities appear to be in conflict. A LUMEN engineer will be assigned when engineering plans are ready for review.
- LUMEN does not have facilities within your proposed construction area.
- LUMEN has facilities within your proposed construction zone, but it has been determined that no relocation will be necessary. However, due to the proximity of your project to our facilities, a LUMEN representative will be required on-site when construction begins.
- The information provided in your initial request is insufficient to determine if the location of your proposed construction will conflict with LUMEN facilities. Please provide additional detailed location maps, drawings (PDF preferred), and description for further conflict review.

Please contact your <u>State One Call</u> prior to construction.

Any changes or additions to the project plans or parameters should be submitted to <u>relocations@lumen.com</u>. Note: the location(s) of facilities shown on drawings you receive from us, are only approximate. LUMEN hereby disclaims any responsibility for the accuracy of this information. Please contact <u>relocations@lumen.com</u> regarding the above-mentioned project if you should have any questions. Please reference the file number P-535497 CO with any future communications.

Important Notice - For the States listed below, please add <u>relocations@brightspeed.com</u> to your distribution list for inquiries and updates regarding local facilities. (AL, AR, GA, IL, IN, KS, LA, MI, MO, MS, NC, NJ, OH, OK, PA, SC, TN, TX, VA, WI)

Thank you for your cooperation!

Holden Boyden (He/Him) Business Analyst Relocations Department Holden.Boyden@lumen.com

**We have combined!! To better serve everyone, there is now a single email inbox for LUMEN. One team is monitoring both national and local network relocations & road moves. Please add relocations@lumen.com to your contacts list for inquiries, updates, and use it for all future notifications.*

From: Hester, Renee <<u>Renee.Hester@lumen.com</u>>

Sent: Monday, March 11, 2024 10:33 AM

To: Morgan, Heather <<u>hmorgan@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Atherton-Wood, Justin <<u>jatherton-</u> <u>wood@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Moline, Jeffrey <<u>jmoline@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; !LongRange

<<u>longrange@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Historic <<u>historic@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Floodplain Admin <<u>floodplainadmin@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; #WildfireMitigation

<u>WildfireMitigation@bouldercounty.org</u>; Transportation Development Review

<TransDevReview@bouldercounty.gov>; #AssessorReferral <AssessorReferral@bouldercounty.org>; #CAreferral <<u>CAreferral@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; #CEreferral <<u>CEreferral@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Oehlkers, Jason <<u>joehlkers@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Allshouse, Alycia <<u>aallshouse@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Kelly, Allison <<u>akelly@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Stadele, Lee <<u>leestadele@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Stadele, Lee <<u>leestadele@flagstaffsurveying.com</u>>; jstruble@northernwater.org; bflockhart@northernwater.org; office@svlhwcd.org; scott.griebling@svlhwcd.org; morgan@pvrea.coop; BDRCO@xcelenergy.com; Donna.L.George@xcelenergy.com; relocations <<u>relocations@centurylink.com</u>>; Beck, Darren <<u>dbeck@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; ggorman22@gmail.com; vzounek@msn.com; cdryden@bouldercolorado.gov; communitydevelopment@townoflyons.com; Vanessa McCracken <<u>bldrvalleyandlongmontcds@gmail.com</u>>; hc_filesearch@state.co.us; cdphe_localreferral@state.co.us; coloradoes@fws.gov; DenverRegulatoryMailbox@usace.army.mil; spischke@lyonsfire.org; plans@lyonsfire.org; Flax, Ron <<u>rflax@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Frederick, Summer <<u>sfrederick@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; HealthWaterQuality-EnvironmentalBP LU <<u>HealthWQ-</u>

EnvironBPLU@bouldercounty.gov>; Huebner, Michelle <mhuebner@bouldercounty.gov>; Milner,

Anna <<u>amilner@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Sanchez, Kimberly <<u>ksanchez@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Skufca, Erika <<u>eskufca@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; West, Ron <<u>rowest@bouldercounty.gov</u>>

Cc: L'Orange, Pete <<u>plorange@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Bowers, James <<u>jbowers@bouldercounty.gov</u>> **Subject:** RE: Referral Packet for Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road

+relocations

Thanks... **Renee Hester** Network Implementation Engineer 5325 Zuni St. Denver, CO 80221 Tel: 720-738-2778 renee.hester@lumen.com

From: Morgan, Heather <<u>hmorgan@bouldercounty.gov</u>>

Sent: Friday, February 16, 2024 10:24 AM

To: Atherton-Wood, Justin <<u>iatherton-wood@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Moline, Jeffrey <<u>imoline@bouldercounty.gov>;</u>!LongRange<<u>longrange@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Historic <historic@bouldercounty.gov>; #WildfireMitigation <WildfireMitigation@bouldercounty.org>; Floodplain Admin <<u>floodplainadmin@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Transportation Development Review <TransDevReview@bouldercounty.gov>; #AssessorReferral <AssessorReferral@bouldercounty.org>; #CAreferral <<u>CAreferral@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; #CEreferral <<u>CEreferral@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Oehlkers, Jason <<u>ioehlkers@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Allshouse, Alycia <<u>aallshouse@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; Kelly, Allison <akeliv@bouldercountv.gov>; Stadele, Lee <leestadele@bouldercountv.gov>; Stadele, Lee <leestadele@flagstaffsurveying.com>; jstruble@northernwater.org; bflockhart@northernwater.org; office@svlhwcd.org; scott.griebling@svlhwcd.org; morgan@pvrea.coop; BDRCO@xcelenergy.com; Donna.L.George@xcelenergy.com; Hester, Renee <<u>Renee.Hester@lumen.com</u>>; Beck, Darren <<u>dbeck@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; ggorman22@gmail.com; vzounek@msn.com; cdryden@bouldercolorado.gov; communitydevelopment@townoflyons.com; Vanessa McCracken <<u>bldrvalleyandlongmontcds@gmail.com>; hc_filesearch@state.co.us;</u> cdphe_localreferral@state.co.us; coloradoes@fws.gov; DenverRegulatorvMailbox@usace.armv.mil; spischke@lyonsfire.org; plans@lyonsfire.org; Flax, Ron <rflax@bouldercounty.gov>; Frederick, Summer <<u>sfrederick@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; HealthWaterQuality-EnvironmentalBP LU <<u>HealthWQ-</u> EnvironBPLU@bouldercounty.gov>; Huebner, Michelle <mhuebner@bouldercounty.gov>; Milner, Anna <amilner@bouldercounty.gov>; Sanchez, Kimberly <ksanchez@bouldercounty.gov>; Skufca, Erika <<u>eskufca@bouldercounty.gov</u>>; West, Ron <<u>rowest@bouldercounty.gov</u>> **Cc:** L'Orange, Pete cplorange@bouldercounty.gov>; Bowers, James <jbowers@bouldercounty.gov> Subject: Referral Packet for Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road

CAUTION: This email originated outside of Lumen Technologies. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please see the attached public notice and <u>click here</u> for the referral packet for Docket LU-24-0002: Old St. Vrain Road Reach Restoration at 530 Old St. Vrain Road, 0 Old St. Vrain Road, and 31074 S St. Vrain Road.

Please return responses and direct any questions to <u>Pete L'Orange</u> by March 4, 2024. (Boulder County internal departments and agencies: Please attach the referral comments in Accela.)

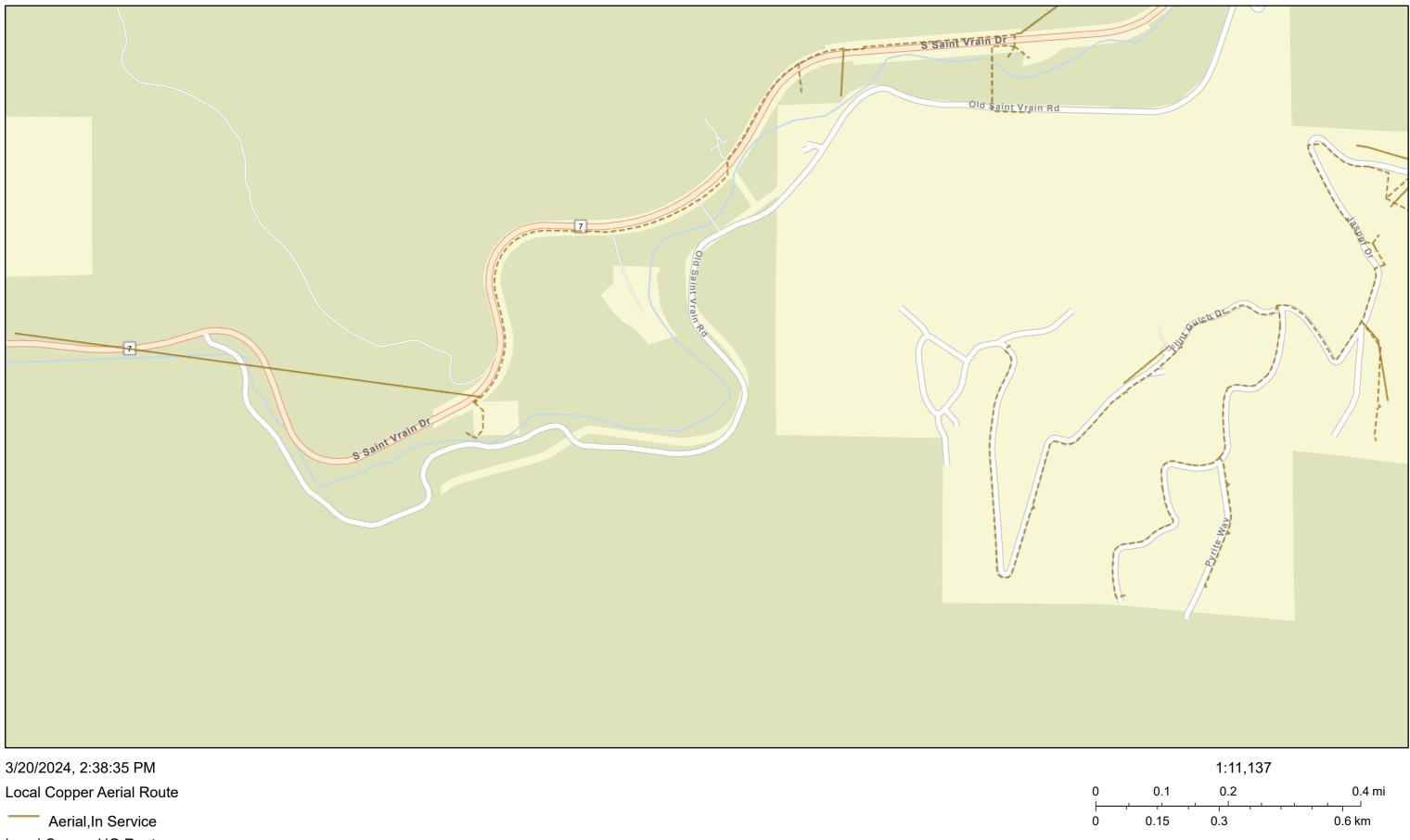
Heather Morgan | Lead Administrative Technician Planning Division | Boulder County Community Planning & Permitting

P.O. Box 471, Boulder, CO 80306 | Courthouse Annex—2045 13th St., Boulder, CO 80302 hmorgan@bouldercounty.gov | (720) 864-6510 | www.boco.org/cpp My usual working hours are Monday-Friday, 7:30 a.m.-4:00 p.m.

Boulder County has migrated all email to the .gov domain. Please update your contact lists to reflect the change from <u>hmorgan@bouldercounty.org</u> to <u>hmorgan@bouldercounty.gov</u>. **Emails sent to both .org and .gov addresses will continue to work.** This work is part of the migration to the .gov domain that began in July 2022 when the Boulder County website moved to <u>www.bouldercounty.gov</u>. This move to the .gov domain provides a higher level of cybersecurity protection.

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Lumen Facility Map



Local Copper UG Route

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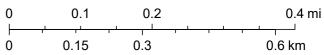
Lumen Facility Map



3/20/2024, 2:38:45 PM

Local Copper UG Route

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Community Planning & Permitting

Courthouse Annex • 2045 13th Street • Boulder, Colorado 80302 • Tel: 303.441.3930 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 471 • Boulder, Colorado 80306 • www.bouldercounty.org

BOULDER COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PUBLIC HEARING

1:30 PM March 28, 2024

All Commissioners' public hearings and meetings will be offered in a hybrid format where attendees can join **through Zoom** or **in person** at the Boulder County Courthouse, 3rd Floor, 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder.

PUBLIC HEARING with PUBLIC TESTIMONY

STAFF: Hannah Hippely, AICP

Docket IGA-24-0002 City of Longmont - Boulder County Comprehensive Development Plan Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA)

Adoption of a comprehensive development plan intergovernmental agreement to plan for and regulate land uses, in order to minimize the negative impacts on the surrounding areas and protect the environment, and to cooperate and contract with each other for the purposes of planning and regulating the development of land by means of a "comprehensive development plan".

Action Requested by <u>Board of County Commissioners</u>: Approval and signature.

PACKET CONTENTS

Item	Pages
Staff Recommendation	1-2
City of Longmont Executed IGA	

PURPOSE AND BACKGROUND

In 1997, the County and the City of Longmont entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement ("IGA") pursuant to C.R.S. 29-20-101 et seq. This IGA provided the City and County with a tool to plan for and regulate land uses, minimize negative impacts of development, protect the environment, and identify areas of mutual cooperation and concern. The IGA was subsequently amended four times with the last amendment extending the term of the IGA to October 16, 2023. The purpose of the agreement is to reinstate an intergovernmental agreement with the City and continue the collaborative planning efforts of the community.

IGA OVERVIEW

The proposed IGA is a general land use agreement covering the City of Longmont and its perimeter area within Boulder County. This boundary is derived from the City of Longmont's comprehensive plan, Envision Longmont. The IGA establishes the area within Boulder County where the City may

annex lands and conversely establishes the area to remain in the County's jurisdiction over the term of the agreement. These areas are identified on a map (Exhibit A of the IGA). Areas within the identified Longmont Annexation Boundary but currently outside of the municipal boundary (Potential Annexation Area) may be annexed. Areas outside the Longmont Annexation Boundary (Rural Preservation Area) are to remain rural, unincorporated Boulder County. In addition to this, the County agrees that it will not make any open space acquisitions within the Longmont Annexation Boundary, the Potential Annexation Area or the Coordinated Planning Area.

Additionally, the IGA includes special provisions providing direction on a number of topics including: annexation of lands where the County holds a conservation easement, referral, the use of IGAs in lieu of the County 1041 process, continued partnership on affordable housing and participation in the Regional Housing Partnership, support for the redevelopment of the sugar factory site, reconsideration of county zoning with in the Longmont Annexation Boundary, and agreement that County enclaves should be brought into the City.

The IGA becomes effective upon the signature of all parties and remains in effect for 20 years (unless terminated as described in the IGA). The IGA is automatically extended by 10 years unless one of the Parties acts to avoid automatic extension.

CITY OF LONGMONT ACTION

The City of Longmont considered the IGA during the first reading of the adoption ordinance on February 13, 2024, and formally adopted this Intergovernmental Agreement at the second reading of the ordinance on February 27, 2024. The City executed agreement is included in this packet.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends the Board of County Commissioners approve IGA-23-0002 and sign the agreement.

LONGMONT PLANNING AREA COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT PLAN INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

This Intergovernmental Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into by the City of Longmont, a Colorado home rule municipal corporation ("Longmont" or "City"), and Boulder County, a body politic and corporate of the State of Colorado (the "County") (individually a "Party" and collectively, the "Parties") as of the date of the latest signature below.

RECITALS

- A. The Parties are authorized by §§ 29-20-101 et seq., C.R.S., and encouraged by Colorado Constitution, article XIV, section 18(2), to enter into intergovernmental agreements to plan for and regulate land uses, in order to minimize the negative impacts on the surrounding areas and protect the environment, and to cooperate and contract with each other for the purposes of planning and regulating the development of land by means of a "comprehensive development plan;" and
- B. The Parties agree that an intergovernmental agreement providing a comprehensive development plan that recognizes the urbanization potential of certain lands in the County near Longmont and the rural character of adjacent lands in the County, along with restrictions on development or purchase of open space lands in those areas as defined in this Agreement, is in the best interests of the citizens of each of the Parties for the preservation of the character and potential of those areas; and
- C. The Parties agree that designating portions of Boulder County to remain in Boulder County's jurisdiction and in a rural character as defined in this Agreement is in the economic and civic interests of their citizens and meets the goals of the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan and the Longmont Comprehensive Plan, known as Envision Longmont; and
- D. Consistent with municipal annexation, utility service, and land use laws of the State of Colorado, this Agreement is intended to (i) encourage the natural and well-ordered development of Longmont and the County; (ii) promote planned and orderly growth in the affected areas; and (iii) promote the economic viability of the Parties; and
- E. The Parties have each held duly noticed public hearings for consideration of this Agreement and the comprehensive development plan terms it contains for the subject lands as defined in the Agreement and depicted on the map attached as Exhibit A; and

- F. The Parties are authorized to perform the functions described in this Agreement by article 20 of title 29, part 1 of article 28 of title 30, part 1 of article 12 of title 31, and parts 2 and 3 of article 23 of title 31, C.R.S.; and
- G. The Parties desire to enter into this Agreement to plan for land uses in a mutually binding and enforceable comprehensive development plan.

DEFINITIONS

The City. The area within the current municipal boundaries of the City of Longmont, as depicted on Exhibit A.

Longmont Annexation Boundary or LAB. The LAB, depicted on Exhibit A, is based on the Longmont Planning Area established, Envision Longmont. The County agrees not to purchase lands for open space preservation within the LAB, subject to the terms of this agreement.

Potential Annexation Area or PAA. The PAA includes those areas within the LAB, as depicted on Exhibit A, that are currently not in the City. Within the PAA, Longmont may annex parcels and the County agrees not to purchase lands for open space preservation, subject to the terms of this Agreement.

Rural Preservation Area or RPA. The lands outside the Longmont Annexation Boundary in unincorporated Boulder County, are considered the Rural Preservation Area (RPA). The City may not annex lands within the RPA. The City or the County may purchase lands for open space preservation, subject to the terms of this Agreement.

Coordinated Planning Area or CPA. The CPA, as depicted on Exhibit B is Longmont's urban growth area in Weld County that is subject to the City's Comprehensive Planning Intergovernmental Agreement with Weld County.

AGREEMENT

1. Longmont Planning Area Comprehensive Development Plan

This Agreement, including Exhibit A, is adopted to set forth the Longmont Planning Area ("LPA") Comprehensive Development Plan as that term is used in § 29-20-105(2)(a), C.R.S. The LPA constitutes the City, LAB, PAA and the RPA. The Agreement also governs the Parties' use of lands and procedures within the LPA.

2. Potential Annexation Area (PAA).

(a) The PAA is in the County's regulatory jurisdiction but may be annexed to Longmont in the future. With its approval and adoption of this Agreement, the Board of County

Commissioners for Boulder County determines that a community of interest exists between lands in the PAA and Longmont.

- (b) In Boulder County, Longmont agrees that it may annex only lands within the PAA and Longmont agrees that it will not annex lands outside the PAA.
- (c) The County agrees that it will not make any acquisitions for open space inside the PAA, LAB or CPA, except for lands subject to existing or prior approval for such acquisitions from Longmont.
- (d) Longmont agrees that the PAA cannot expand within Boulder County except by disconnection, which is the movement of property out of the municipal jurisdiction returning it to county jurisdiction.
- (e) Longmont will make prompt written referral to the County of any application for annexation or development of any parcel in the PAA and of any amendment to the Longmont Comprehensive Plan affecting such parcels. The County will submit responses to referrals as soon as feasible.
- (f) Changes to the PAA may be made by mutual agreement of the parties pursuant to Section6.

3. Rural Preservation Area (RPA).

- (a) Land outside the Longmont Annexation Boundary, as depicted on Exhibit A, is defined as the Rural Preservation Area (RPA).
- (b) The Parties agree that lands outside the Longmont Annexation Boundary will remain in the County's regulatory jurisdiction for the term of this Agreement, unless changed by mutual agreement of the parties.
- (c) Lands in the Rural Preservation Area within Boulder County may be acquired by either Party for open space preservation.
- (d) With its approval and adoption of this Agreement, Longmont determines that there is no community of interest between the RPA and Longmont during the term of this Agreement, and Longmont will not annex lands in the RPA.
- (e) Longmont certifies that it is not currently pursuing annexations within the RPA.

(f) Changes to the RPA may be made by mutual agreement of the parties pursuant to Section 6.

4. Special Provisions.

- (a) The Parties intend this Agreement be the sole jointly adopted comprehensive development plan related to County conservation easement lands in the PAA. Longmont agrees that it will only annex lands in the PAA over which the County owns a conservation easement if:
 - Permitted by the Conservation Easement and the owner of the property that is subject to a county-held Conservation Easement wishes to annex solely for providing utilities and services to the subject property; or
 - (2) The Conservation Easement includes terms for the release of the easement and the County agrees to release the conservation easement, unless the easement automatically terminates upon annexation by its terms.
- (b) The County will refer any discretionary development applications in the PAA, and any amendment to the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan affecting such parcels, to the City.
- (c) The County and the City agree to utilize an intergovernmental agreement, when such an agreement can be reached, in lieu of the County 1041 review process when such process would be applicable to City utility and infrastructure projects, such as the expansion of the Nelson-Flanders Water Treatment Facility.
- (d) The City and the County recognize that addressing housing affordability is a regional concern and agree to continue to participate in the Regional Housing Partnership and work collaboratively along with other jurisdictions to address this issue.
- (e) Annexation and subsequent redevelopment of the nonoperational sugar factory site, located in the PAA at the northwest corner of Ken Pratt Boulevard and 119th Street, is a priority for the City of Longmont and Boulder County. If remediation of the existing environmental hazards at the site must occur prior to annexation, the County agrees to use its best efforts to expedite any required approvals or permits, which may include grading and demolition permits.
- (f) County zoning of unincorporated areas within the PAA are in need of reconsideration given the changes that have occurred in the years since it was adopted. The County agrees to reevaluate and consider rezoning of these areas to ensure the zoning is consistent with existing development patterns and the goals of the City of Longmont and the Boulder County Comprehensive Plan.

(g) The City agrees that County enclaves within the PAA should be brought into the City to ensure adequate facilities and services are provided and to ensure that any future development is consistent with the goals and policies of the City.

5. Implementation Procedures

The Parties agree to take all necessary steps to adopt procedures, plans, policies, and ordinances or conduct other proceedings necessary to implement and enforce this Agreement. In doing so, each Party will give the other sufficient advance notice to enable the other Party to comment on the planned action if so desired.

6. Amendments

This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the Parties. Any annexation, property acquisition, or land use or development that does not comply with this Agreement is prohibited without an amendment to the Agreement agreed to by the Parties. Amendment of the Agreement requires approval by resolution or ordinance and adoption by the governing body of both Parties after notice and hearing as required by law. No action inconsistent with this Agreement may be taken by any Party before this Agreement is amended as required in this Section.

7. Non-severability

If any portion of this Agreement is held by a court in a final, non-appealable decision to be per se invalid or unenforceable as to any Party, the entire Agreement shall be terminated, the Parties understanding and intending that every portion of the Agreement is essential to and not severable from the remainder.

8. Beneficiaries

The Parties, in their corporate and representative governmental capacities are the beneficiaries of this Agreement.

9. Enforcement

Any one or more of the Parties may enforce this Agreement by any legal or equitable means, including specific performance, declaratory and injunctive relief. No other person or entity will have the right to enforce the provisions of this Agreement.

10. Indemnification

Each Party agrees to be responsible for its own actions or omissions, and those of its officers, agents and employees in the performance or failure to perform work under this IGA. By agreeing to this provision, neither Party waives or intends to waive, as to any person not a

party to the IGA, the limitations on liability that are provided to the Parties under the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, C.R.S. § 24-10-101, et seq.

11. Governing Law and Venue

This Agreement will be governed by Colorado law, and venue for any dispute involving the Agreement will be exclusively in Boulder County.

12. Term and Effective Date

This Agreement will become effective when signed by authorized representatives of the governing bodies of each of the Parties. Unless otherwise stated in this Agreement, the Agreement shall remain in effect for a period of 20 years from the effective date unless terminated earlier by written agreement of the Parties pursuant to terms of this Agreement or extended as provided below.

At 10 years after the current effective date, the effective date of the Agreement will automatically update to that date 10 years after the previous effective date. In order to avoid automatic extension, a Party must hold a duly noticed public hearing at least 90 days before the date 10 years after the current effective date and make such determination. The current effective date will then remain in place. Notices of the hearing and subsequent Party action must be provided to the other Party.

13. Party Representatives

Referrals and notices required by this Agreement will be made to the following:

For Boulder County:

Director, Community Planning & Permitting Department PO Box 471 Boulder, CO 80306

For Longmont:

Director of Planning and Development Services Development Services Center 385 Kimbark St. Longmont, CO 80501

Changes of name or address for Party representatives will be made in writing, mailed as stated in this Section 13.

THIS AGREEMENT made and entered into as of the latest date set forth below.

CITY OF LONGMONT

By: Joan ful Mayor

Attest:

DocuSigned by: hard and in O

City Clerk

Approved as to form:

DocuSigned by: Tzuell

Assistant City Attorney

Approved as to form and substance:

DocuSigned by:

Gen Van Mmwegen 783ABE4F848D45A...

Originating Department

BOULDER COUNTY BY ITS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

By: ____

Chair

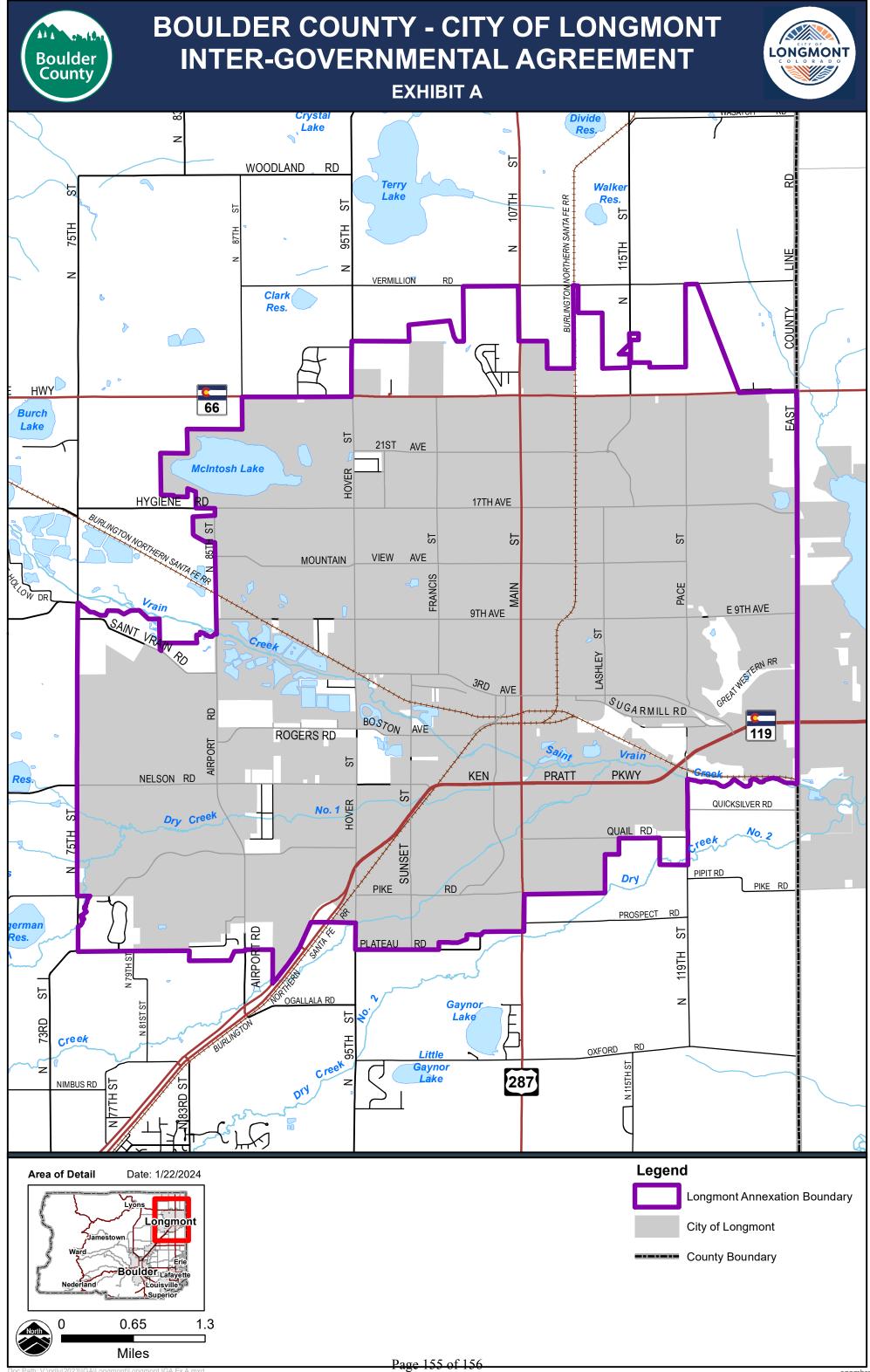
Attest:

Approved as to form:

Clerk to the Board

County Attorney

DocuSign Envelope ID: E18023B2-9182-4FC6-9FE3-2124492A2453



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